

# Natural Gas Pinch Points and Why They Matter

**Berlin Gas Lift**



**TIGER 21 DEN 03 Meeting**

December 11, 2023

- The goal of fertilizing grains is to increase the yield



65-70% of the world caloric food intake is related to 4 grains:

- Wheat
- Rice
- Corn
- Soybeans



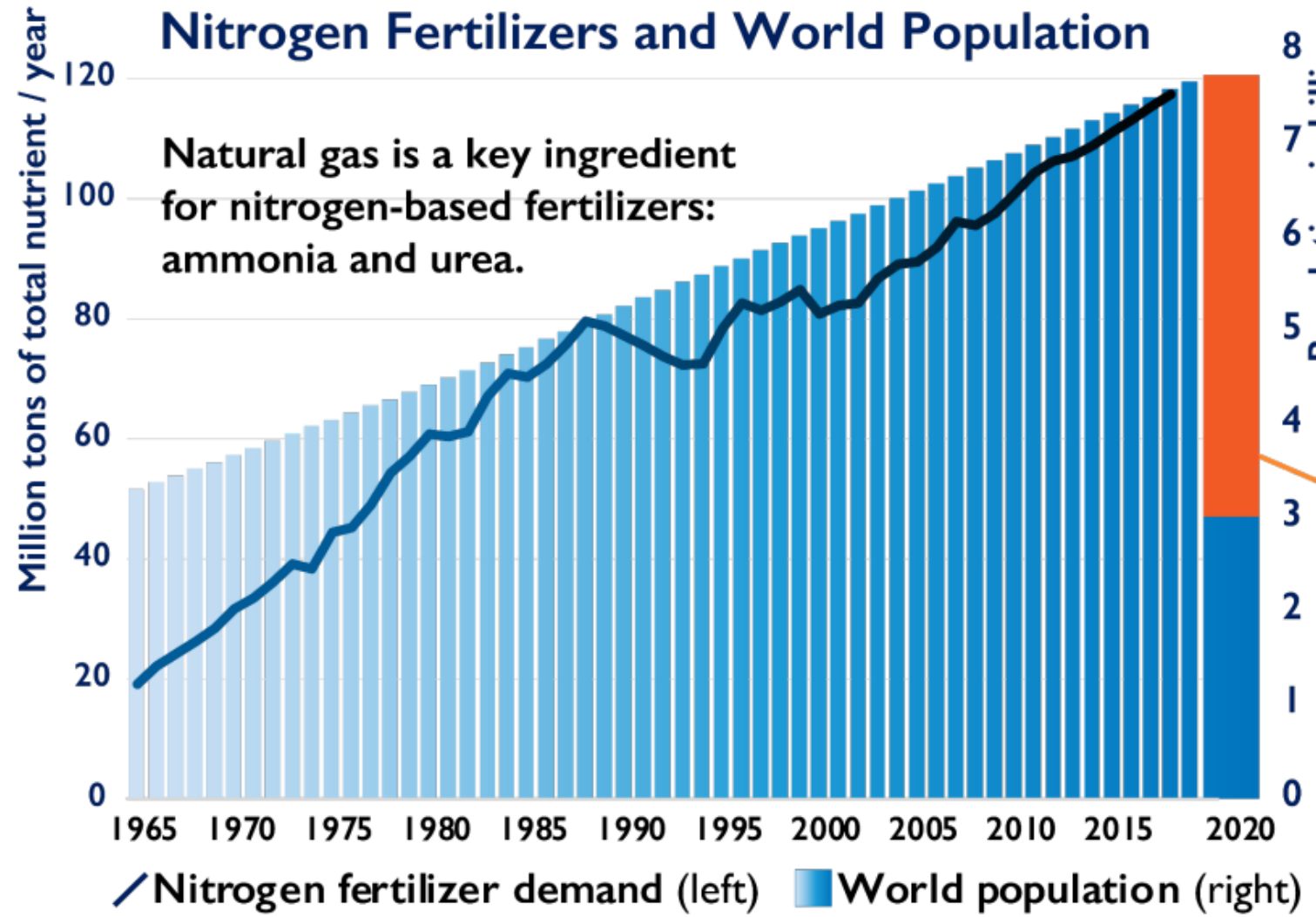
All require intense use of nitrogen fertilizers

# There are only three types of fertilizers:

- Potash (K) mined
- Phosphate (P) mined
- Nitrogen (N) man-made



# Food for Thought: Natural Gas is Critical for Global Food Production



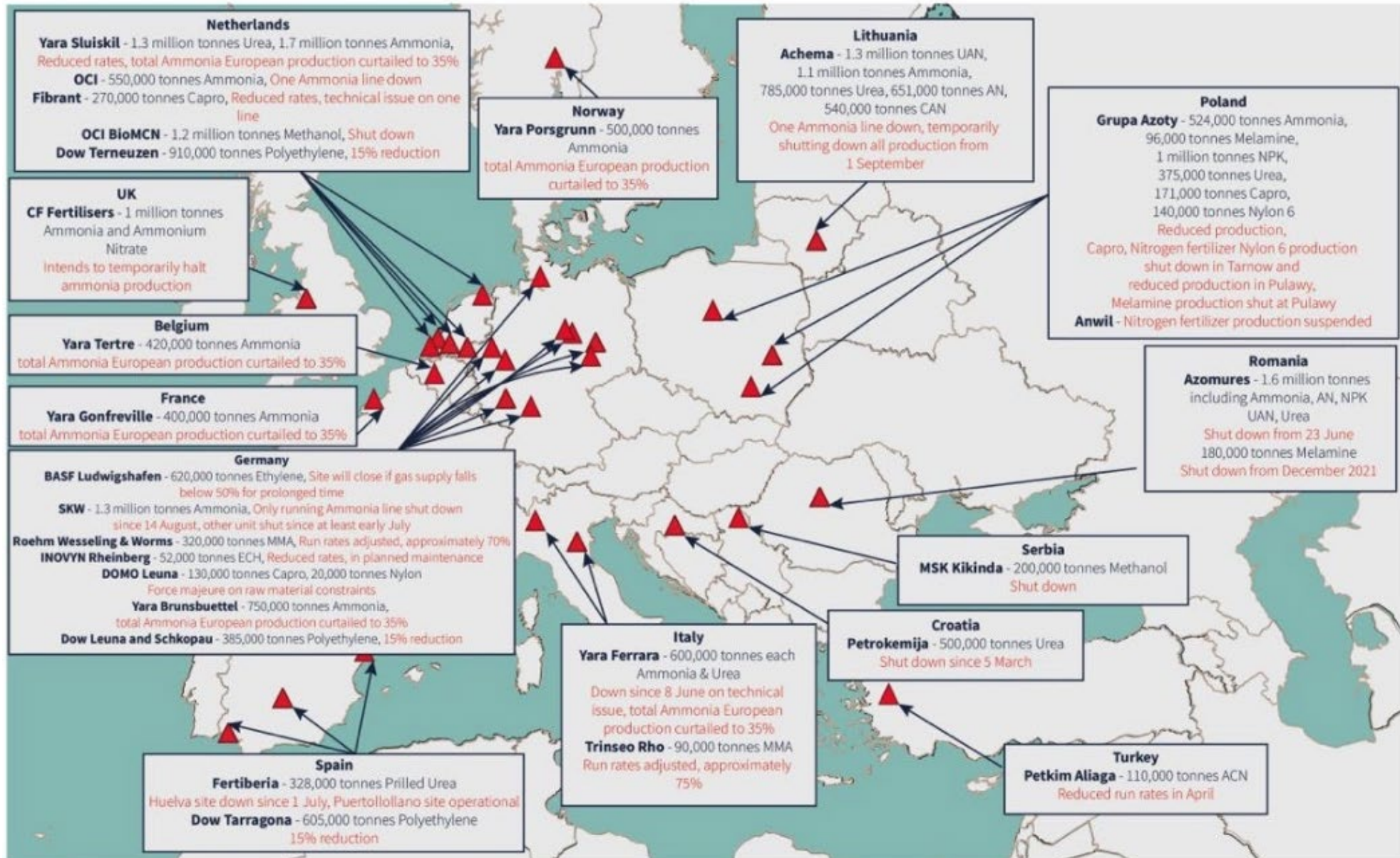
Without fossil fuel-based fertilizers, agriculture can support, at most, 3 billion people on plant-based diets, vs. today's 8 billion on mixed diets.

Sources: Vaclav Smil, FAO, World Bank, Statista,

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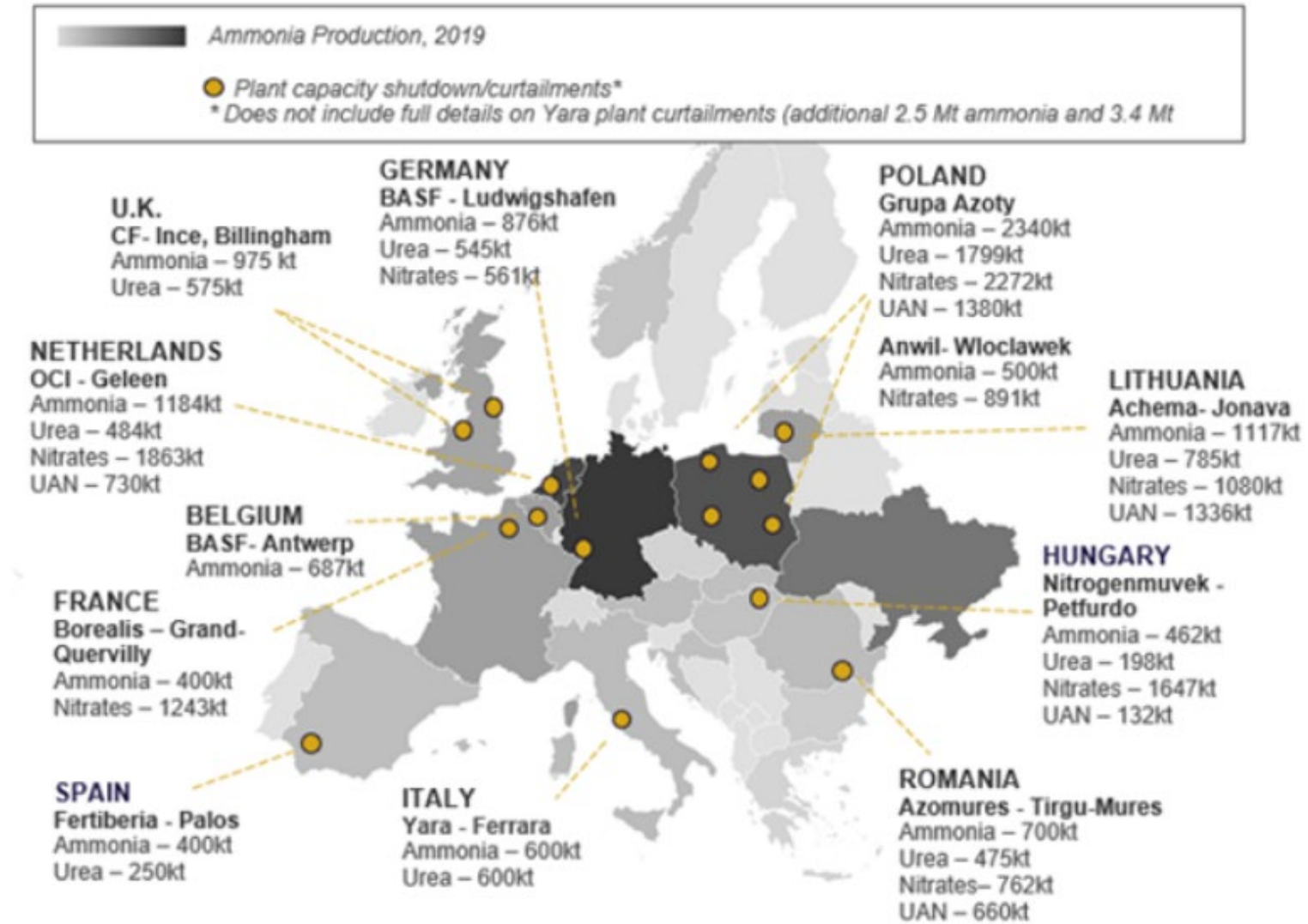
If you aggregate the world's daily demand for natural gas (**11 Bcf/day**) that is converted into fertilizer (through the Haber Bosch process) into one country, that country would rank 10<sup>th</sup> in the world for daily natural gas demand

# Soaring gas prices hit Europe fertilizers, chemicals



# 70% of Europe's nitrogen fertilizer plants closed during 2022

Figure 1: European nitrogen production shutdowns and curtailments



DATA: CRU, IFA



# Raise your right hand if you have heard of this ship





Finnish police leading the pipeline investigation have named the Hong Kong-flagged container carrier NewNew Polar Bear as the prime suspect in damaging the Balticconnector Finland-Estonia gas pipeline early on Oct. 8.

# Attack on NATO's Critical Energy Infrastructure?

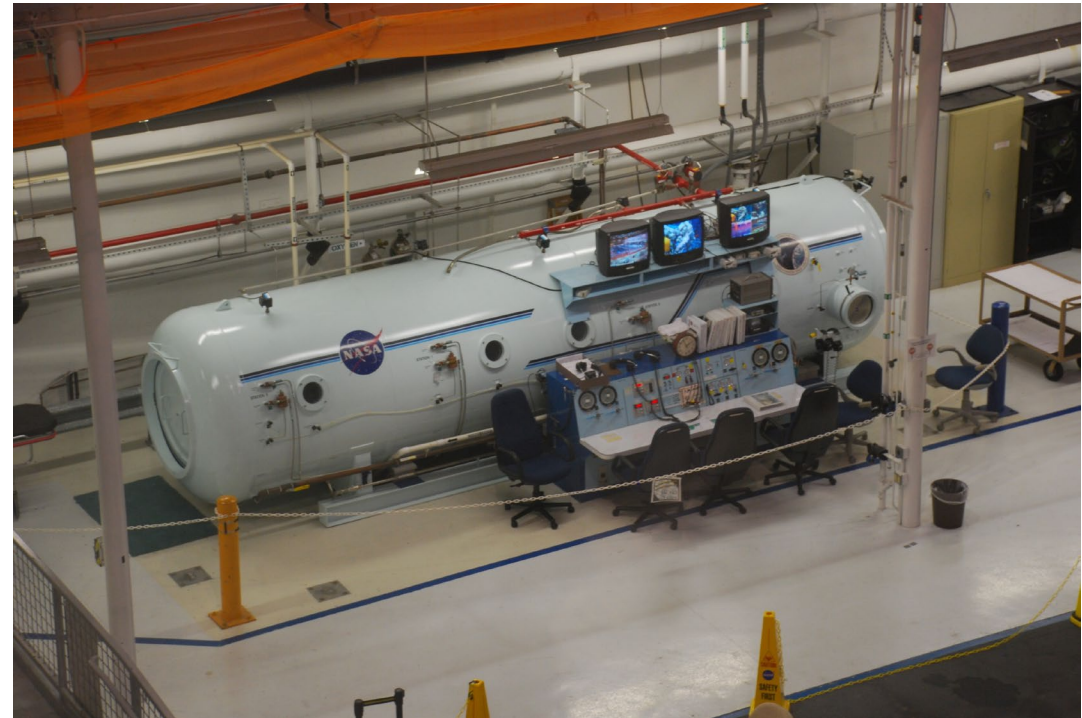


A 6-ton, 12,000 lb. anchor



Do you recall a year ago?

- Washington Post from a week ago blames a Ukrainian Colonel who “rented a yacht” and placed the explosives
- That theory has been completely debunked due to diving physics
- At least a 45-minute dive at a depth of 120 feet
- Requires significant recompression
- How do you fit a recompression chamber (not a small device) on a yacht?



“Danish Armed Forces confirmed to **Reuters** that a patrol vessel had taken 26 photos of a Russian submarine rescue vessel named SS-750 near the Nord Stream blast site on Sept. 22 last year, just days before the explosions happened.”

“SS-750 was among six Russian Navy ships operating in the area according to Defence Command... these ships had their transmitters turned off”

## Russian Ship SS-750



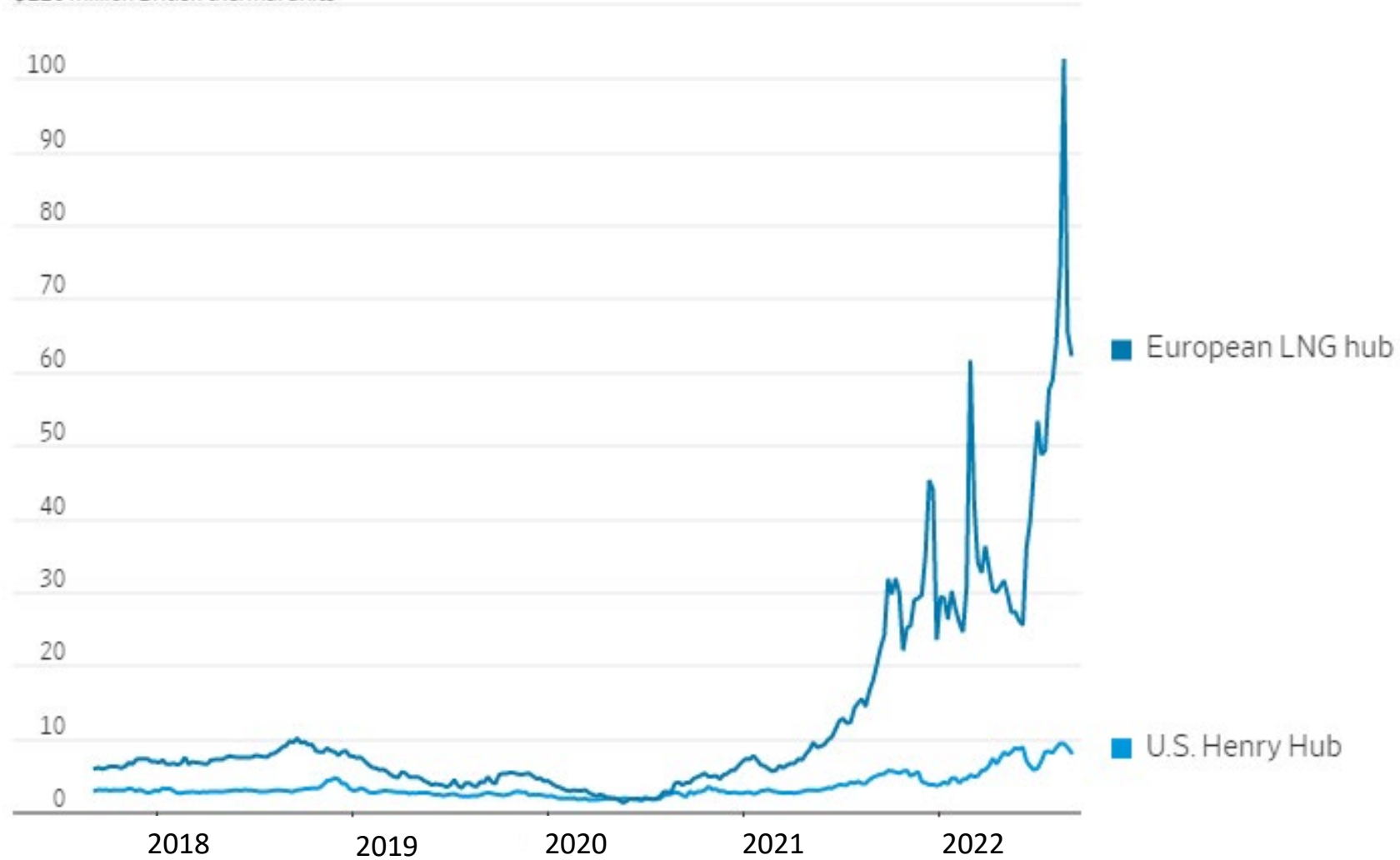


# TTF 2-Year Historical Price/U.S. Dollars



## Natural gas price

\$110 million British thermal units



Source: FactSet

## One-Year Forward Strip / \$ per MMBtu

NYMEX Henry Hub	\$ 7.725
LNG Delivered Price to Europe	\$97.993

## One-Year Forward Strip

NYMEX Henry Hub	\$ 3.22
LNG Delivered Price to Asia	\$15.88
LNG Delivered Price to Europe	\$14.99

## Three-Year Forward Strip

NYMEX Henry Hub	\$ 4.16
LNG Delivered Price to Asia	\$14.43
LNG Delivered Price to Europe	\$13.87

\* Comparative Forward Natural Gas Price Strips, Settled price as of November 10, 2023, prices in \$/MMBtu

# European LNG infrastructure – Do you remember my concern?



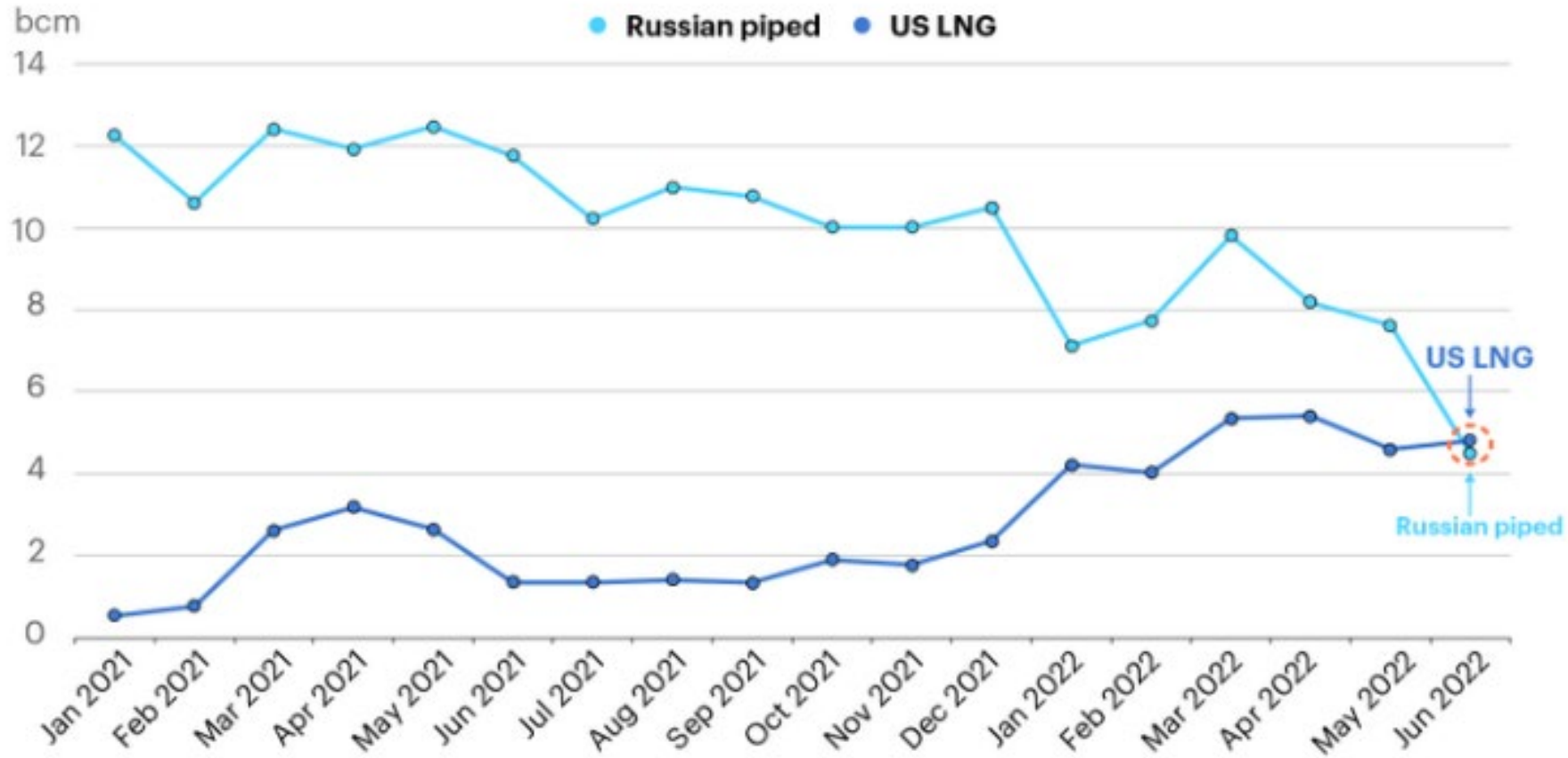
Source: European Commission 2022, Clean Energy Wire

“The deliberate targeting of subsea cables and gas pipelines during peacetime is a tactic that falls in the grey zone – actions that are coercive, effective, and aggressive, yet fall below the threshold of armed conflict – even if it can be proved.”



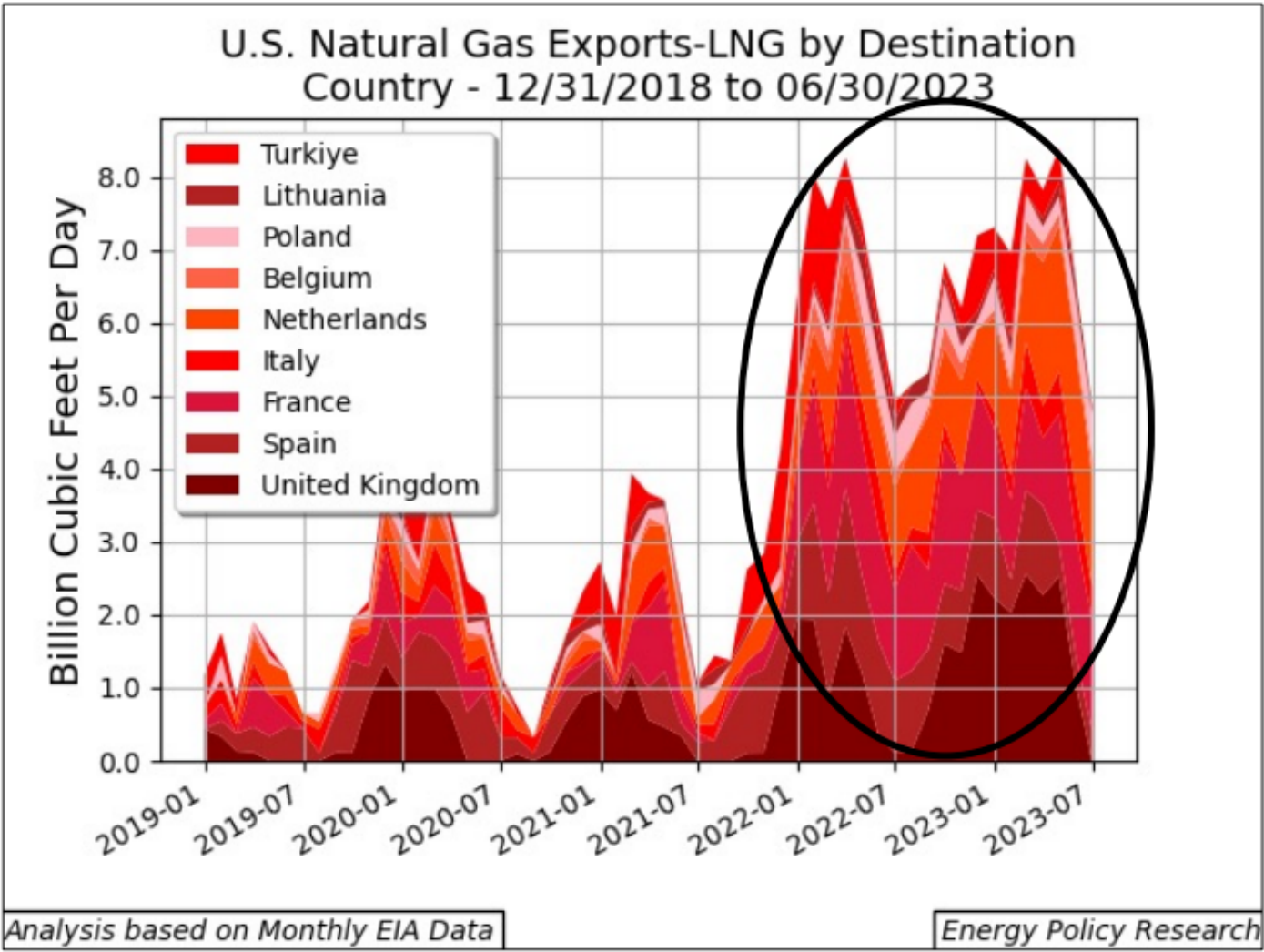
## US liquefied natural gas (LNG) overtakes Russian piped gas in EU gas imports in June 2022

IEA analysis



International Energy Agency

# European Receipts of U.S. LNG Exports by Destination - Revisited



	Jan 2022- Jun 2023 Avg BCF/d
Turkiye	0.5
Lithuania	0.2
Poland	0.4
Belgium	0.2
Netherlands	1.3
Italy	0.4
France	1.5
Spain	1.0
United Kingdom	1.4

**With the winter 2021-2022 shortfall in natural gas supplies from Russia, Europe increased and maintained its purchases of U.S. LNG at the rate of 8 BCF/d through June 2023.**

**(includes Turkiye)**

Analysis based on Monthly EIA Data

Energy Policy Research



Are there lessons to be learned by what happened in Germany/Europe?

“Germany’s reliance on Russian gas surged to **55 percent** before Russia’s attack on Ukraine began in February, from 39 percent in 2011, amounting to 200 million euros, or about **\$220 million, in energy payments every day to Russia.**”



## Russian Energy Figures

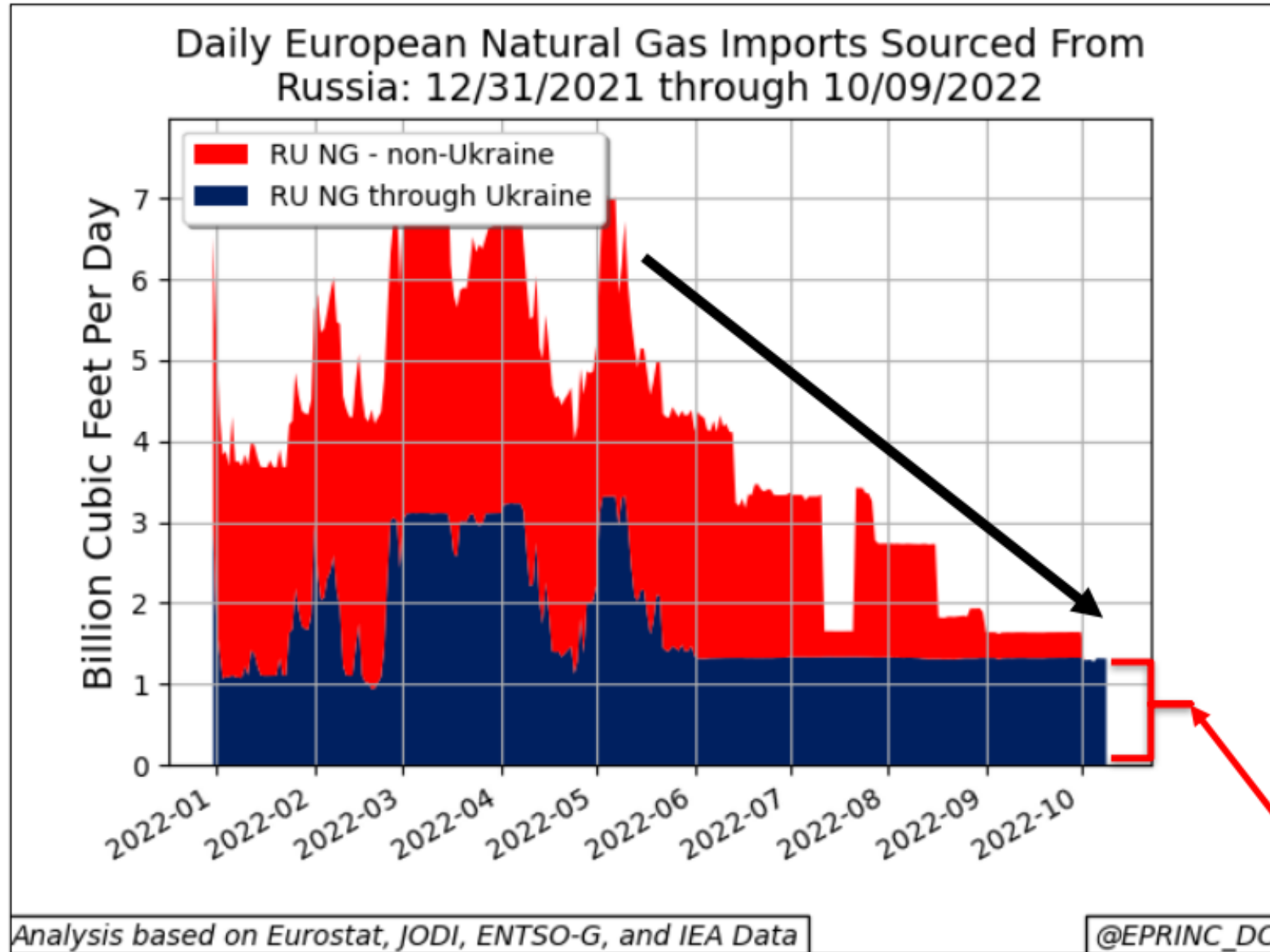
- Natural gas production: 70 Bcf/d (2<sup>nd</sup> largest)
- Natural gas pipe exports: 19 Bcf/d (1<sup>st</sup> largest)
- Oil production: 10.6 MMBpd (3<sup>rd</sup> largest)
- Oil exports: 7.5 MMBpd (2<sup>nd</sup> largest)

## Europe's Reliance on Russian Energy

- ~40% of EU's gas demand met by Russia
- ~45% of EU's coal imports from Russia
- ~30% of EU's oil imports met by Russia



# Europe – Daily Natural Gas Receipts During 2022



European supply diversification away from Russia  
takes **17 BCF/d** out of **50 BCF/d** market



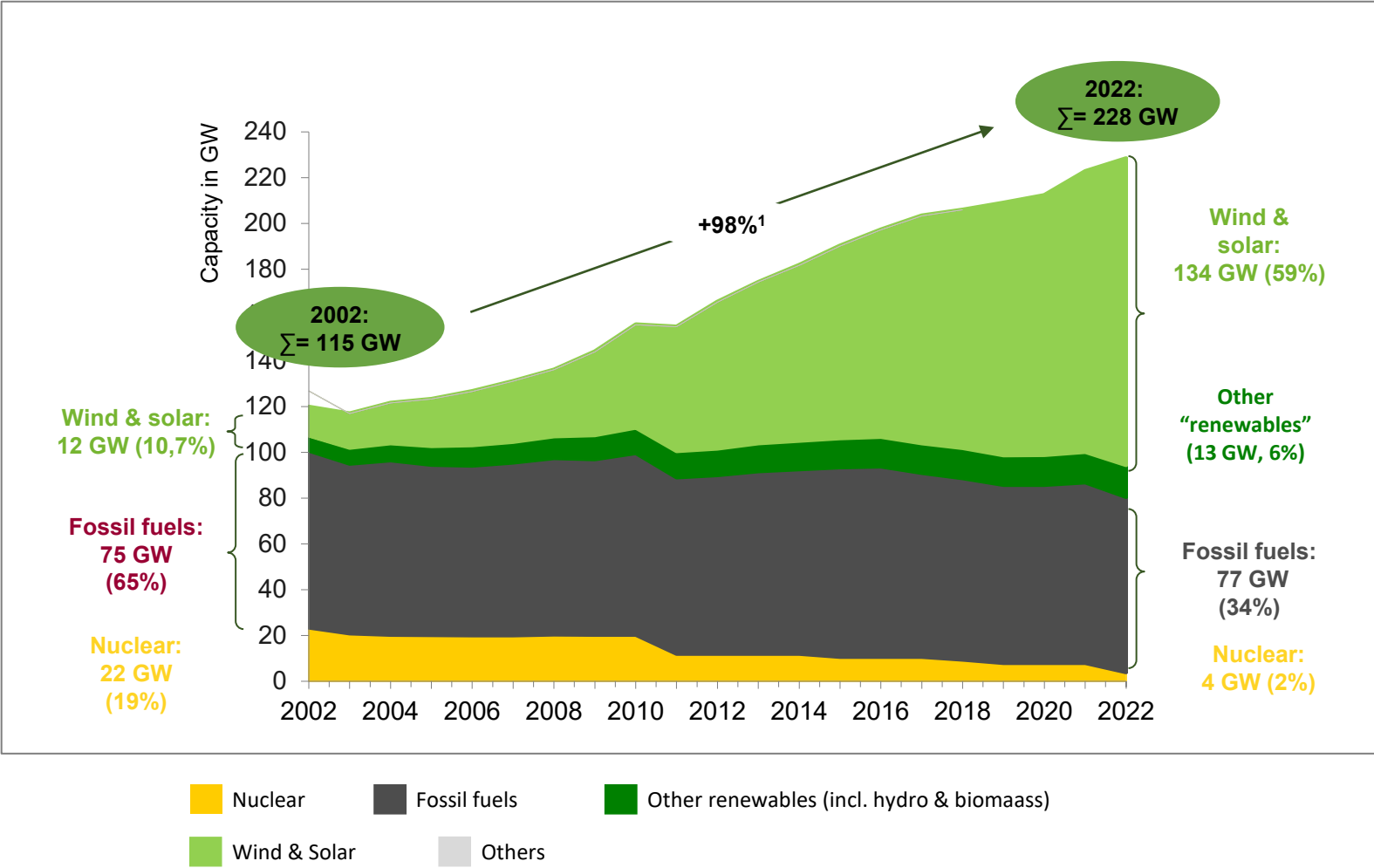
Source: Wood Mackenzie, "Wellhead to LNG: Producers & Export Deals," September 2022, Image: Reuters

This was a trap laid by Vladimir Putin 20 years in the making.



- Over reliance on renewables
- Retired coal plants too early
- Retired nuclear plants too early
- Under reliance on fossil fuels

# Installed Net Power Generation Capacity in Germany (2002-2022)



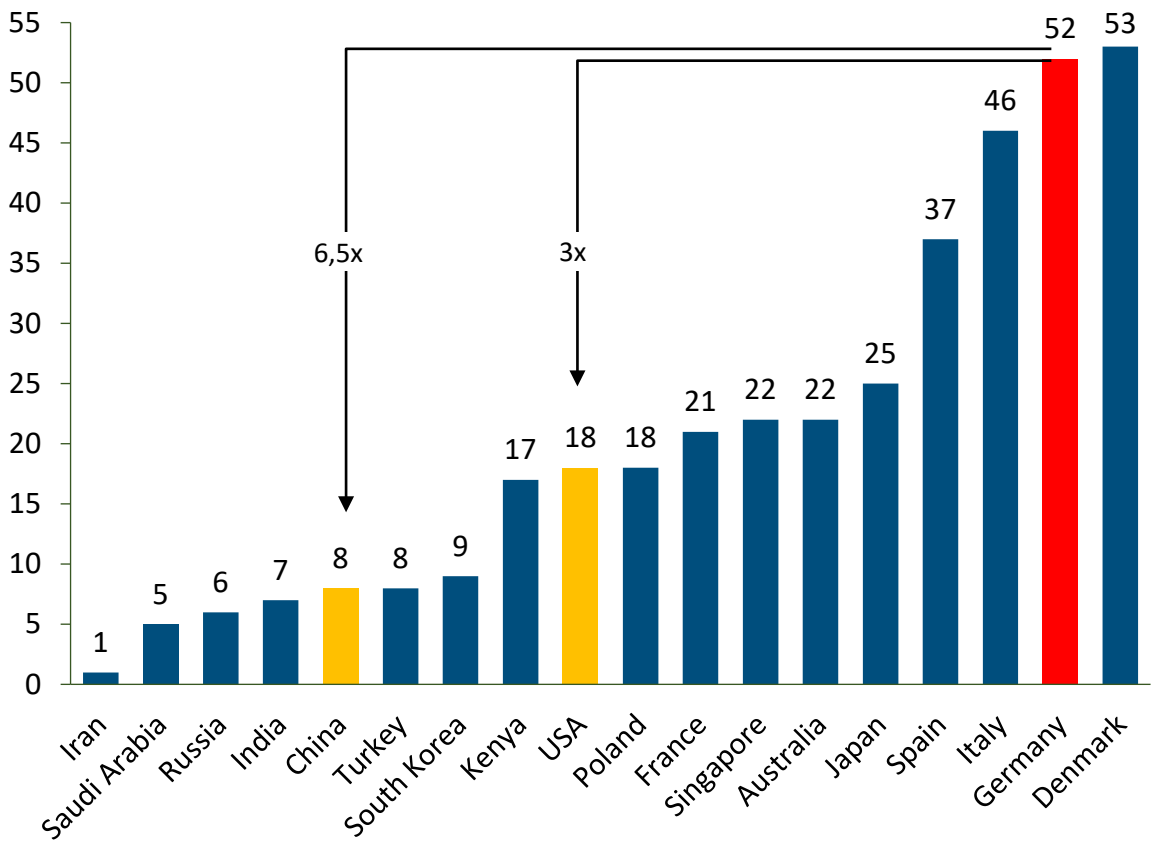
Source: Schernikau on Energy Policy

(1) CAGR: +3,5%; (2) CAGR: +0,1%; (3) CAGR -0,9%; (4) Including hydro & biomass  
 Sources: Schernikau Research and Analysis based on Fraunhofer Institute ([link](#)), Agora Energiewende ([https://static.agora-energiewende.de/fileadmin/Projekte/2022/2022\\_01\\_DE-JAW2021/A-EW\\_247\\_Energiewende-Deutschland-Stand-2021\\_WEB.pdf](https://static.agora-energiewende.de/fileadmin/Projekte/2022/2022_01_DE-JAW2021/A-EW_247_Energiewende-Deutschland-Stand-2021_WEB.pdf)), AG Energiebilanzen (<https://ag-energiebilanzen.de/daten-und-fakten/primaerenergieverbrauch/>) and <https://ag-energiebilanzen.de/daten-und-fakten/zusatzinformationen/>); Statista for industrial power prices <https://www.statista.com/statistics/1050448/industrial-electricity-prices-including-tax-germany/>



**Germa Industrial Electricity Prices:**  
 2002: 7 ct / kWh  
 2023: 40 ct / kWh

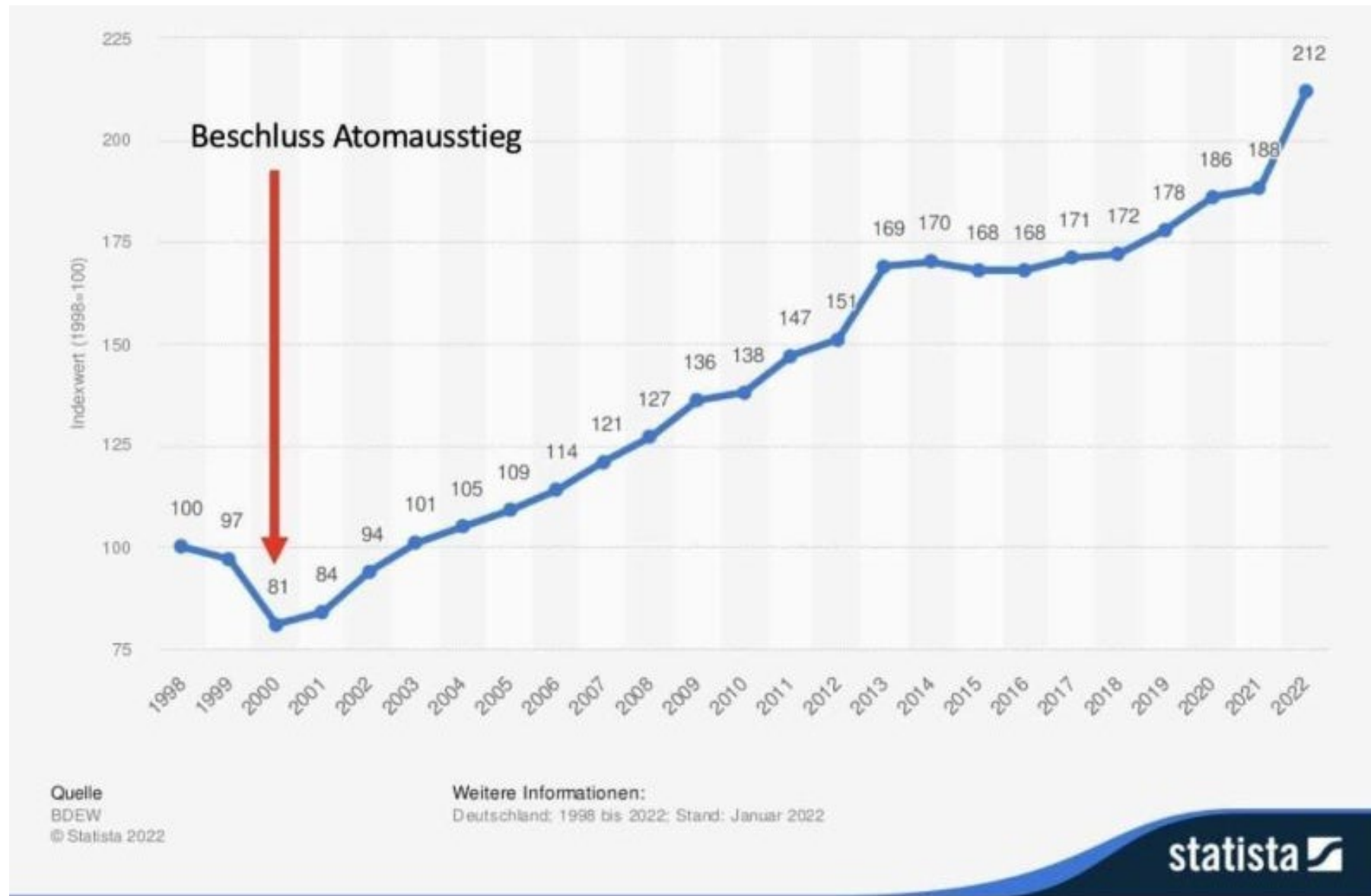
**Consumer electricity prices**  
 by country in 2022 (US\$/kWh)



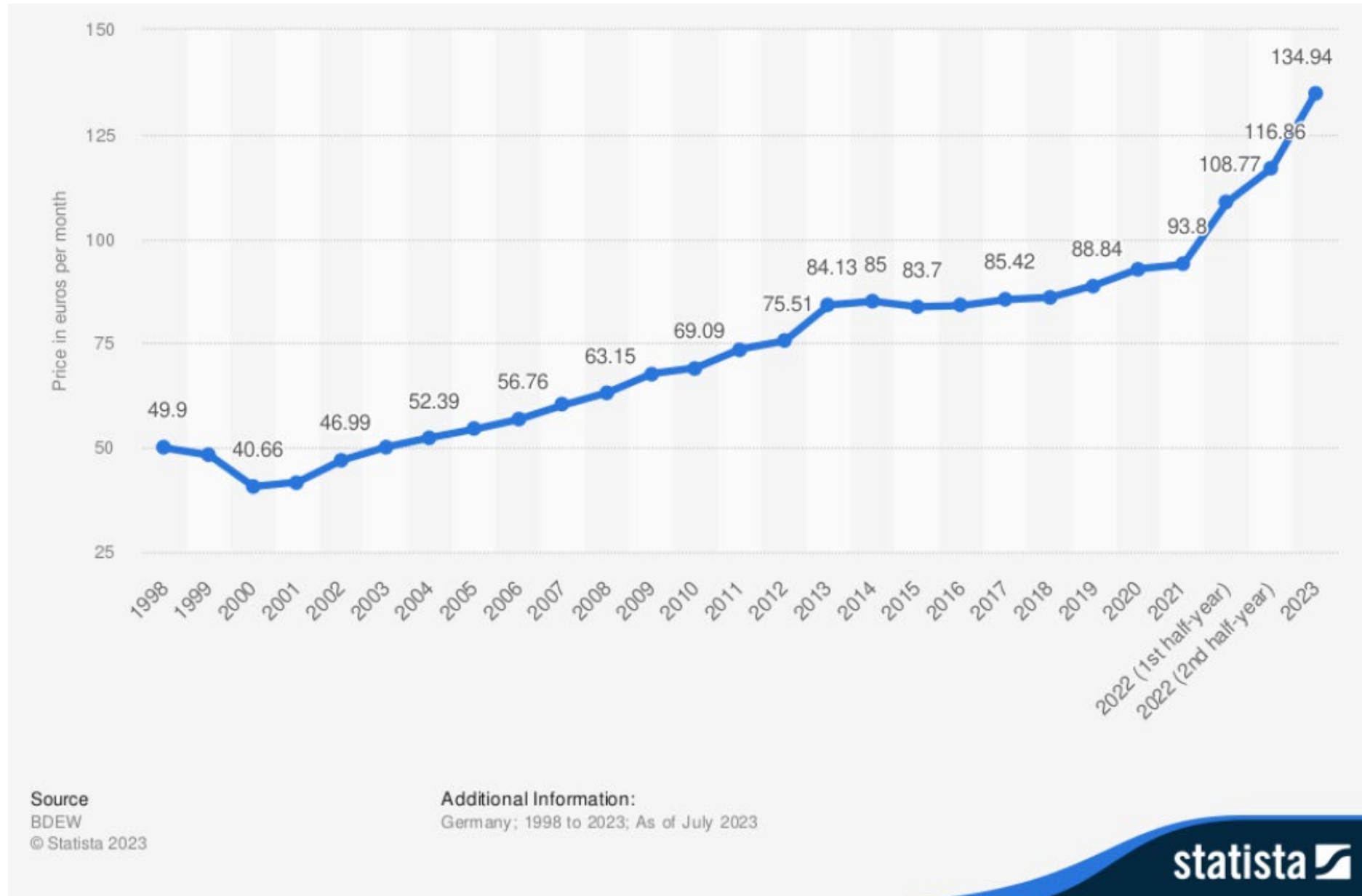
Source: Schernikau on Energy Policy

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 Sources: Schernikau Research and Analysis based on Fraunhofer Institute ([link](https://static.agora-energiemende.de/fileadmin/Projekte/2022/2022_01_DE-JAW2021/A-EW_247_Energiemende-Deutschland-Stand-2021_WEB.pdf)), Agora Energiewende ([https://static.agora-energiemende.de/fileadmin/Projekte/2022/2022\\_01\\_DE-JAW2021/A-EW\\_247\\_Energiemende-Deutschland-Stand-2021\\_WEB.pdf](https://static.agora-energiemende.de/fileadmin/Projekte/2022/2022_01_DE-JAW2021/A-EW_247_Energiemende-Deutschland-Stand-2021_WEB.pdf)), AG Energiebilanzen (<https://ag-energiebilanzen.de/daten-und-fakten/primaerenergieverbrauch/> and <https://ag-energiebilanzen.de/daten-und-fakten/zusatzinformationen/>); Statista for industrial power prices <https://www.statista.com/statistics/1050448/industrial-electricity-prices-including-tax-germany/>

# Electricity price index in Germany from 1998 to 2022.



# Average electricity bill for a 3-person household in Germany from 1998 to 2023 (in euros per month)



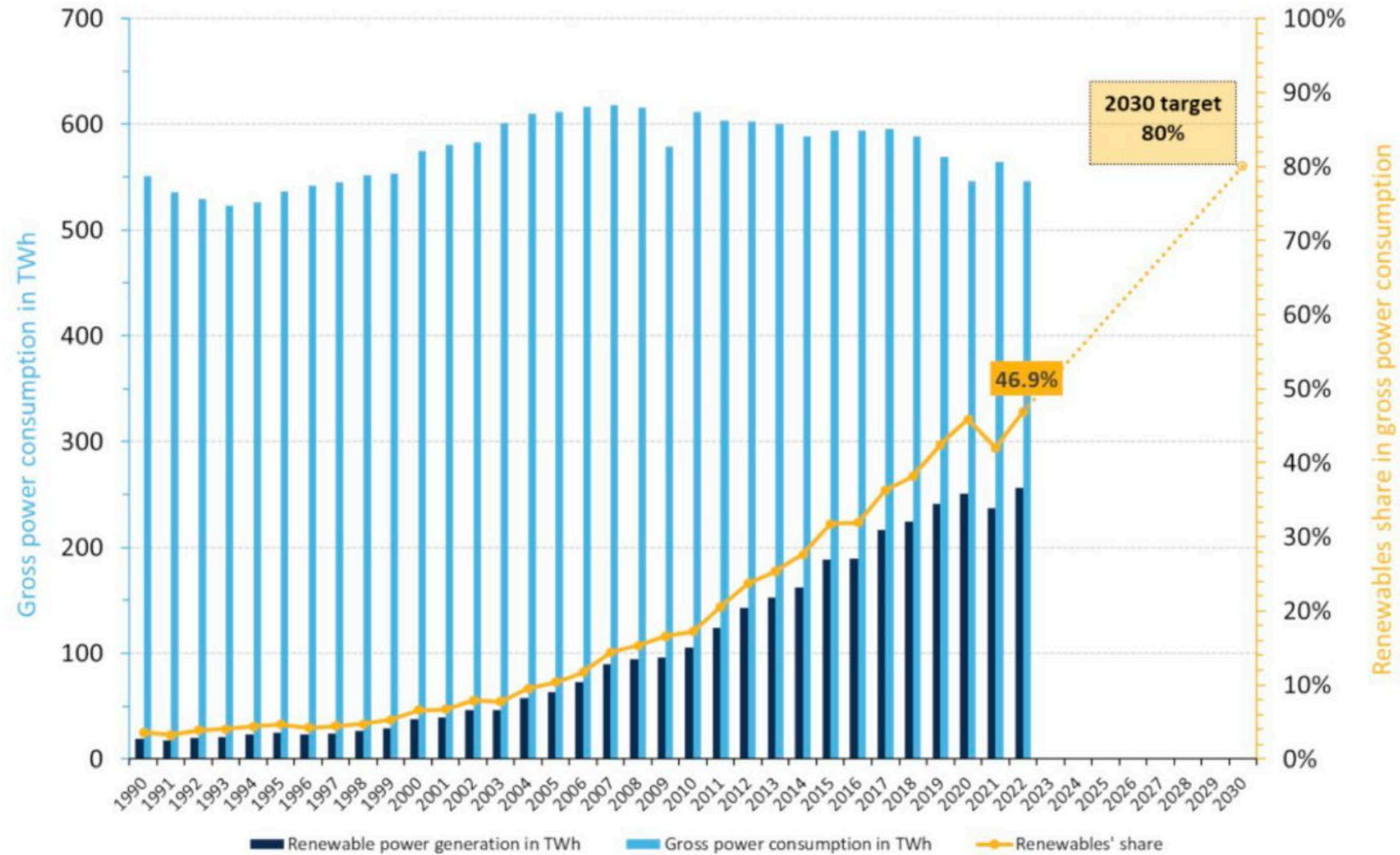


## “Over and out: Germany switches off its last nuclear plants”

Apr 15, 2023 – Germany has switched off its three remaining nuclear power plants as part of a long-planned transition toward renewable energy.

- AP News

# Renewables' share in gross power consumption in Germany 1990-2022



Source: "Why Everything They Said About The Environment Was Wrong," Michael Shellenberger speech to the Alliance for Responsible Citizenship (ARC) in London, October 31, 2023

## Germany's Shrinking Economy Sparks a **Struggle** for Solutions

- WSJ, August 29, 2023

## Russian Gas Cuts **Threaten** World's Largest Chemical Hubs

- WSJ, June 27, 2022

## Germany faces a **looming threat** of deindustrialization

- Economist, September 11, 2022

## Rust Belt on the Rhine: The **Deindustrialization** of Germany

- Politico, July 13, 2023

## Germany went from envy of the world to the **worst-performing** major developed economy. What happened?

- ABC News, September 19, 2023

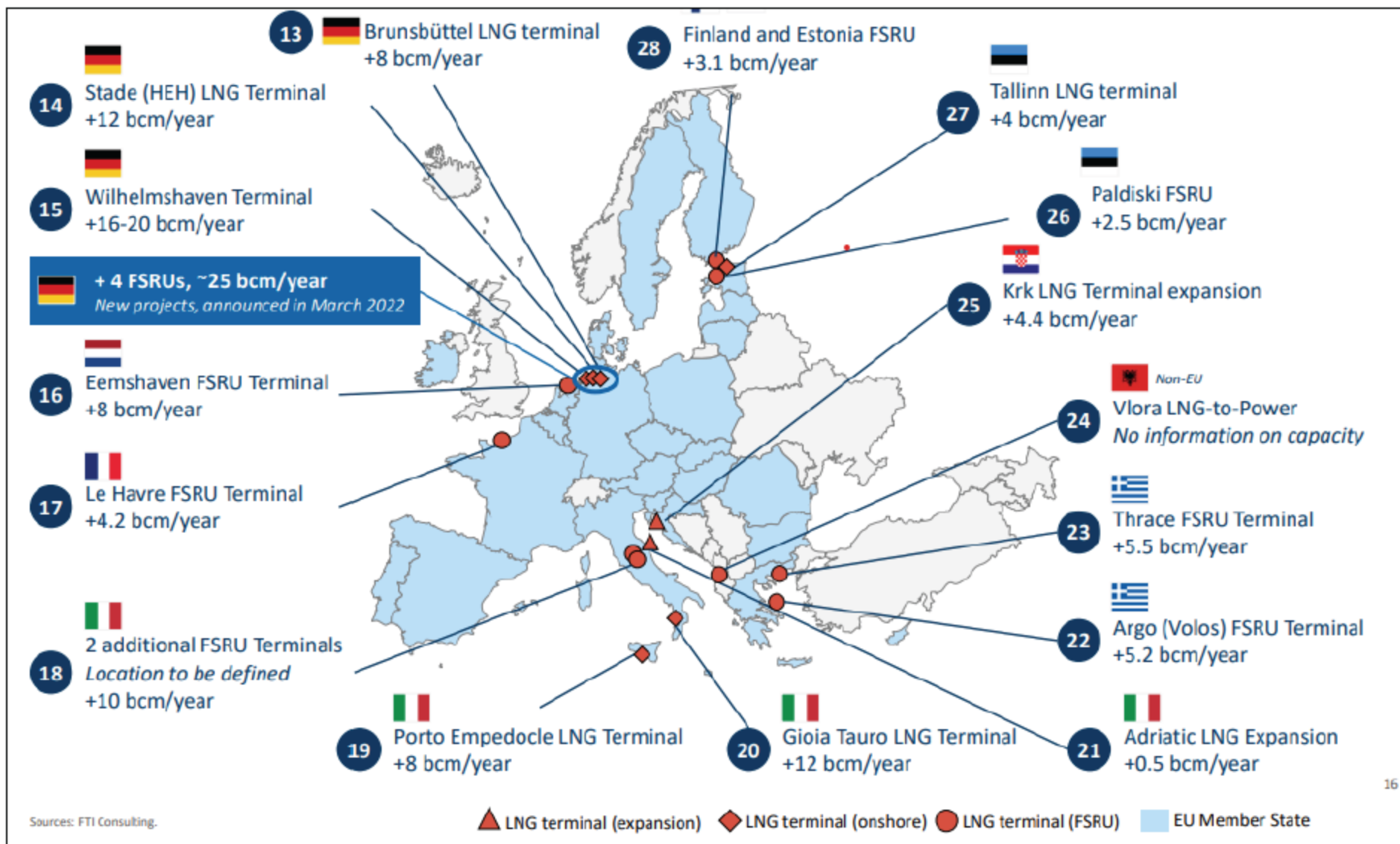
# Gas crisis forces Germany to flatten wind farm for coal mine



# The Response?



# Europe has authorized 21 new LNG projects

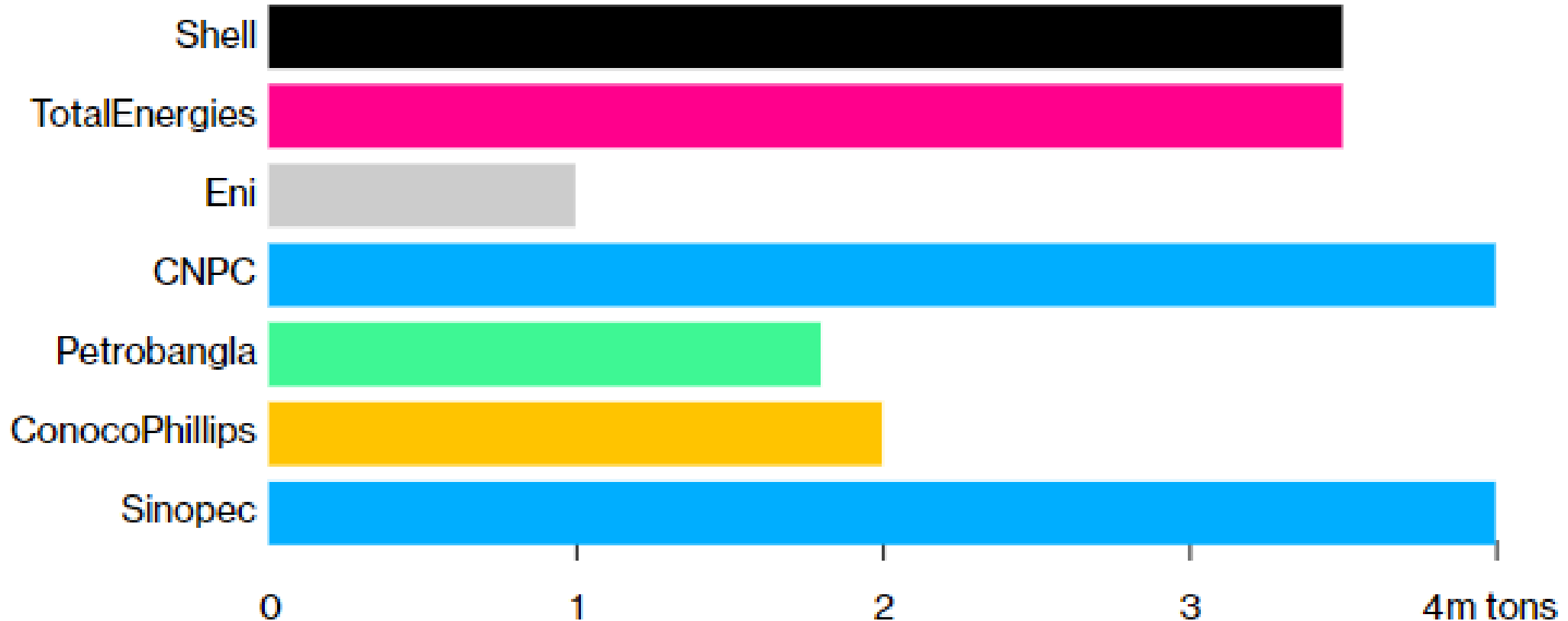


<https://www.fticonsulting.com/-/media/files/emea-files/insights/white-papers/2022/may/new-lng-regasification-terminals-europe.pdf>

# Qatar Dealmaking Continues With LNG Supply Push

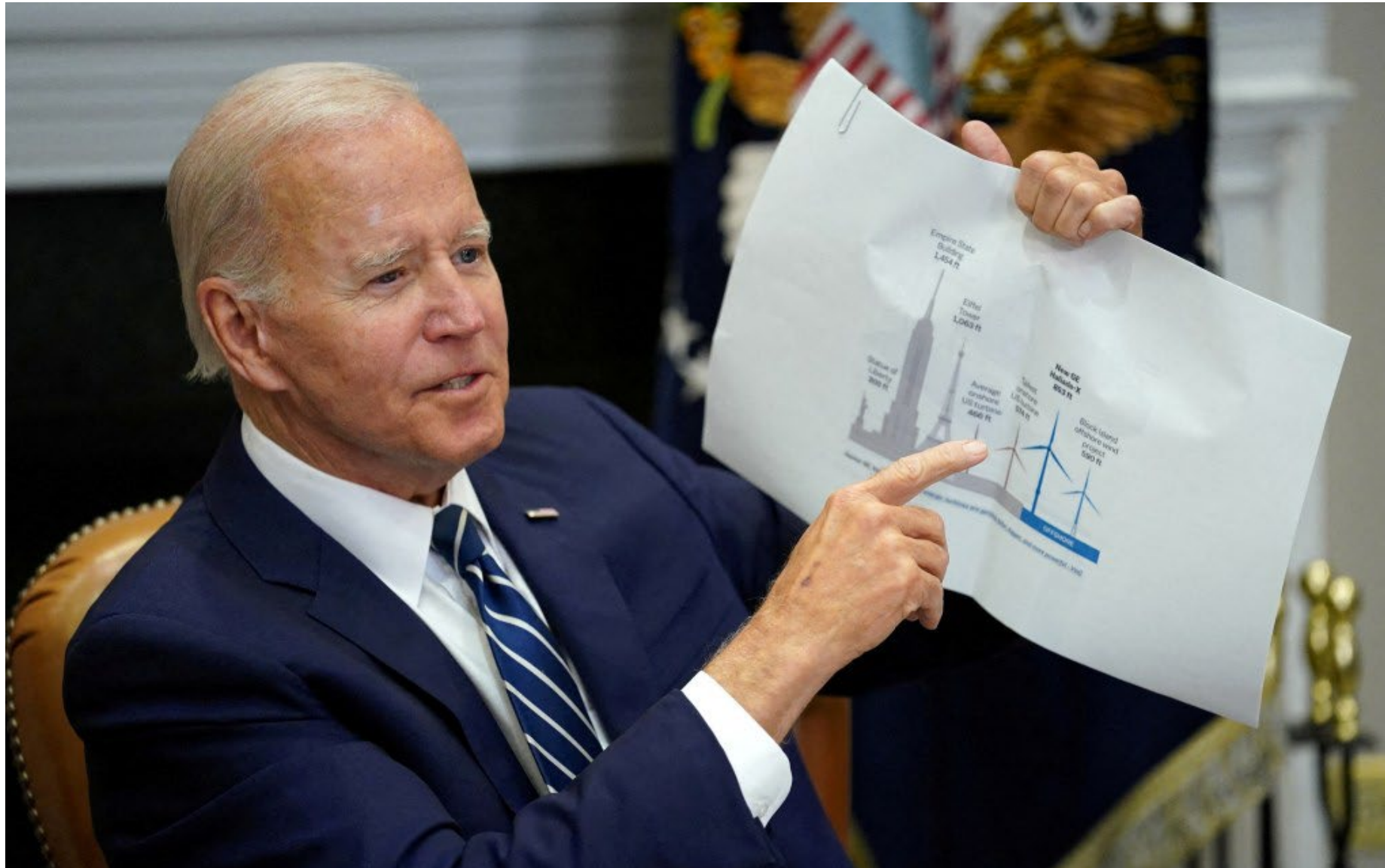
QatarEnergy inks more than 40% of expansion capacity in past year

■ Netherlands ■ France ■ Italy ■ China ■ Germany ■ Bangladesh



Source: Company reports

# Is the U.S. Headed Down the Same Path as Germany and the EU?

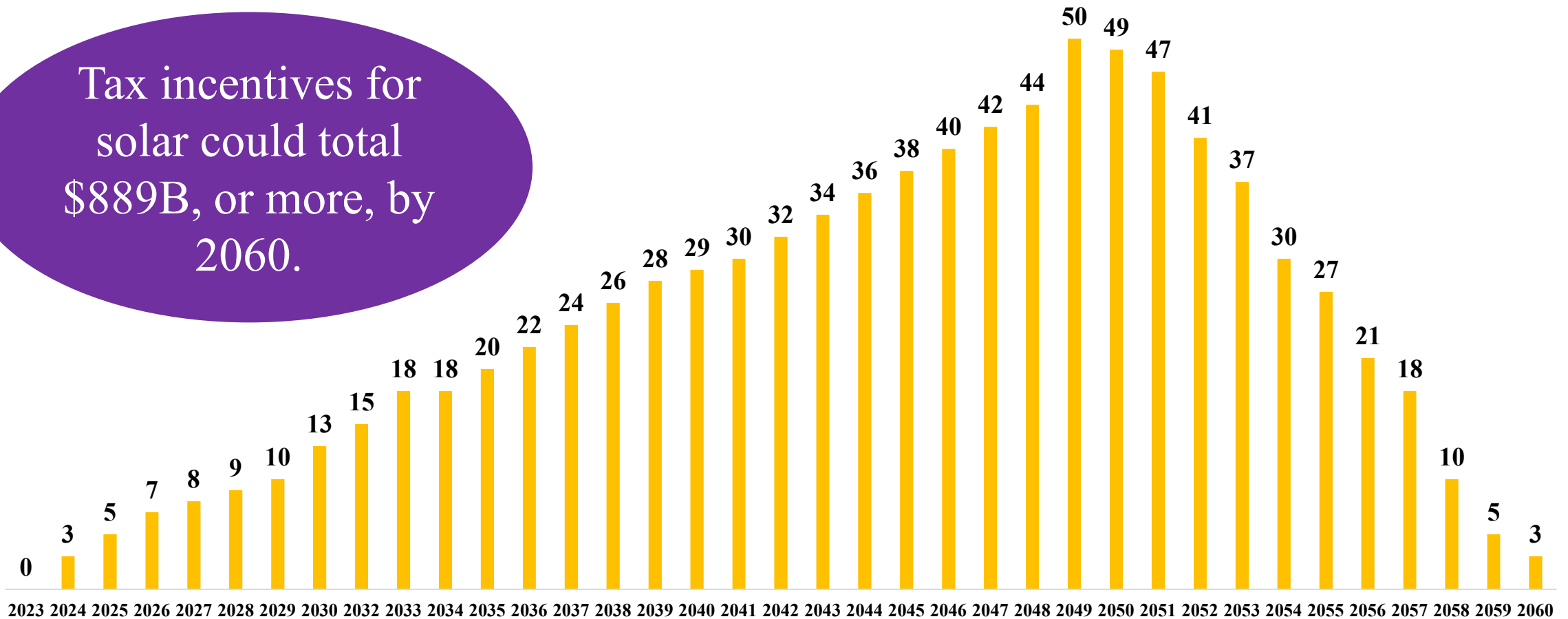


## The Inflation Reduction Act



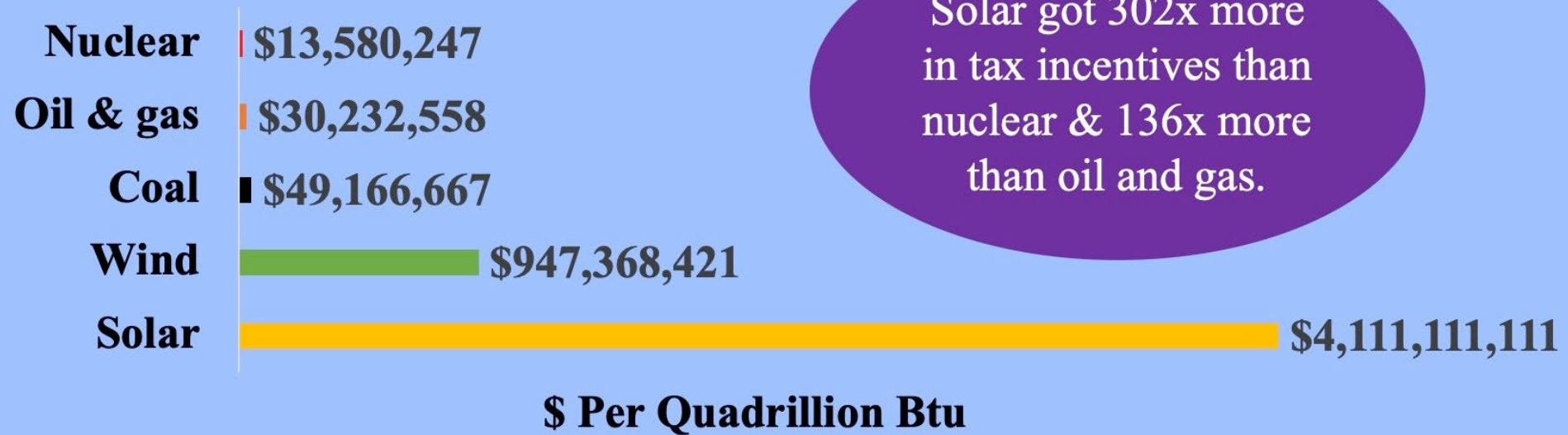
# Solar Subsidies Under Inflation Reduction Act Could Total \$900B

Tax incentives for solar could total \$889B, or more, by 2060.



Tax incentives, \$Billion per year

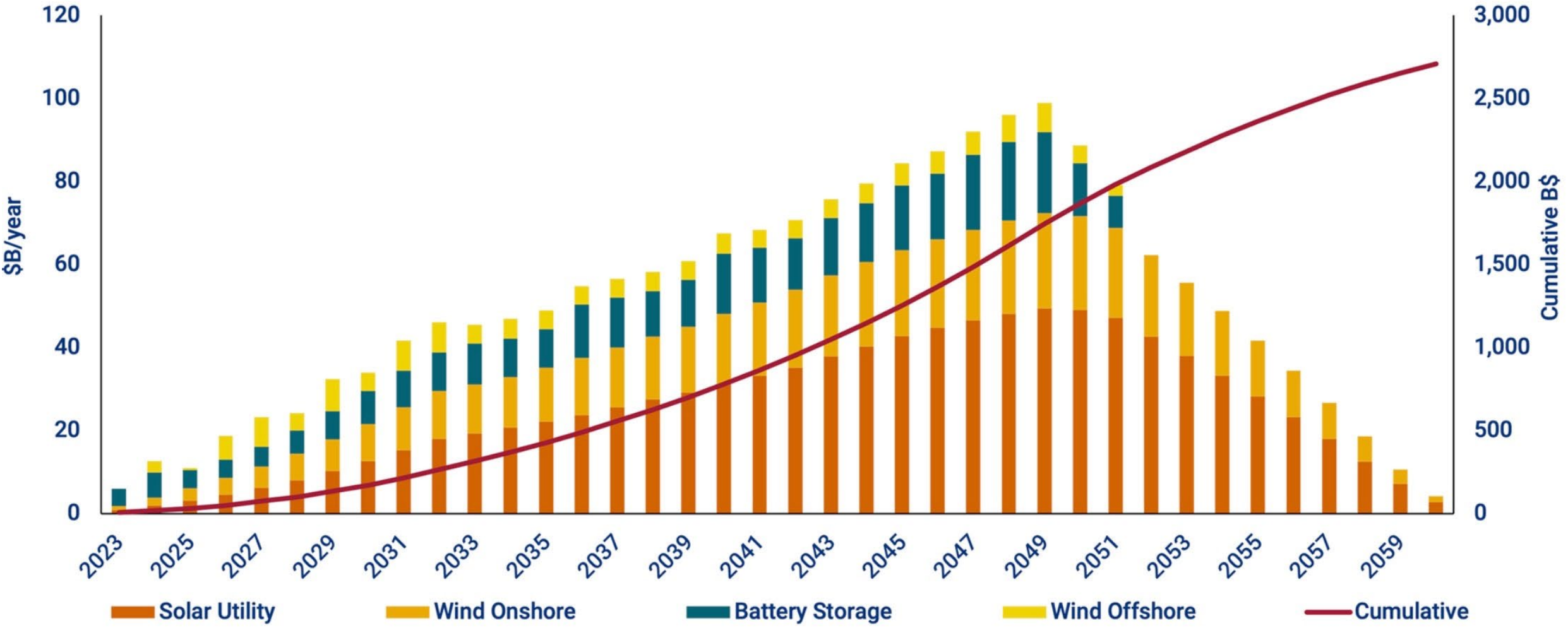
# EIA Data: Tax Incentives For Solar, Wind, Coal, Oil & Gas, & Nuclear, Per Unit of Energy Produced, 2022



Source: EIA, <https://www.eia.gov/analysis/requests/subsidy/pdf/subsidy.pdf#page=31>, <https://www.eia.gov/analysis/requests/subsidy/pdf/subsidy.pdf#page=22>, author calculations

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# Cost of the Inflation Reduction Act



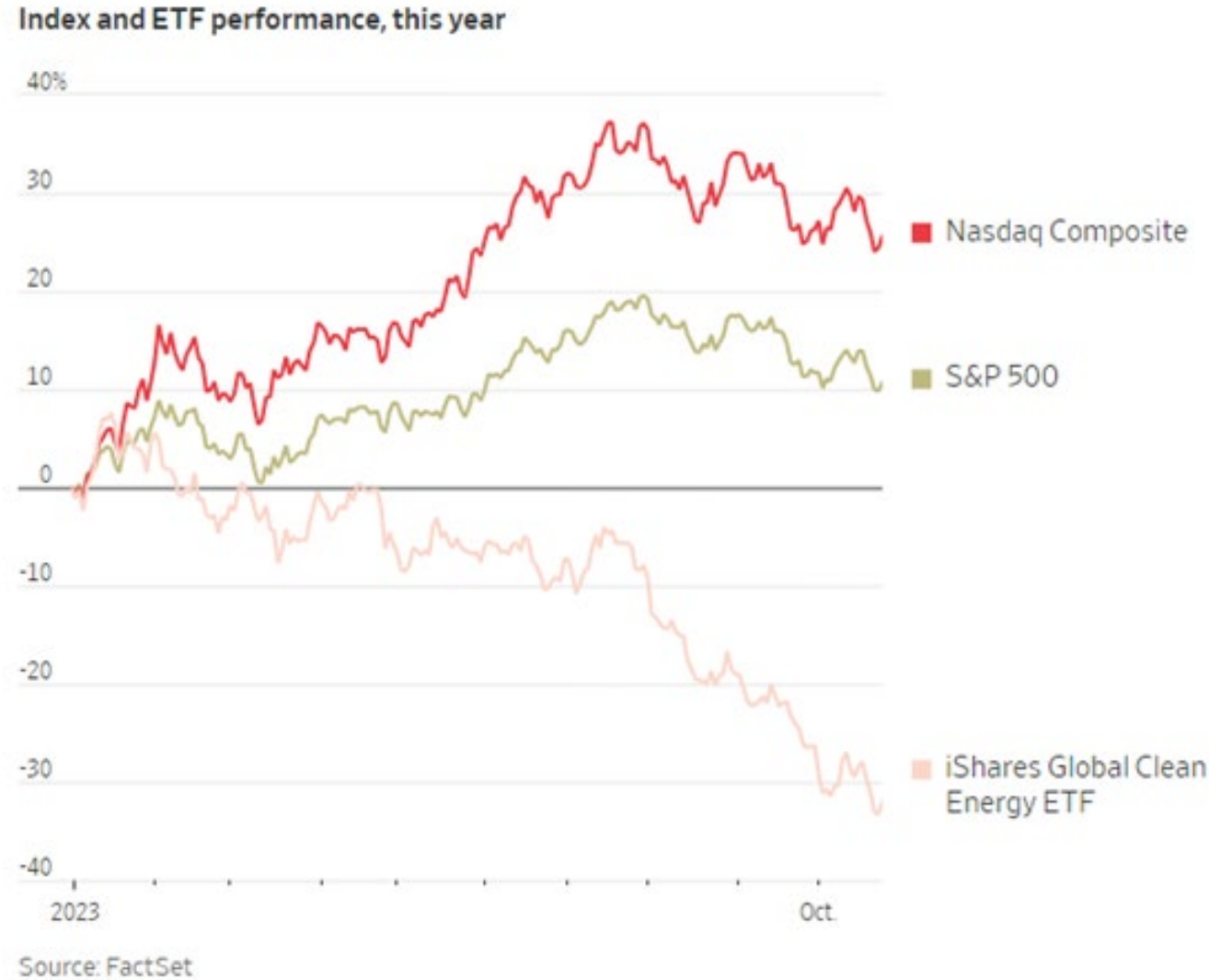
**Final Cost = \$3 Trillion**

Source: Robert Bryce, Substack



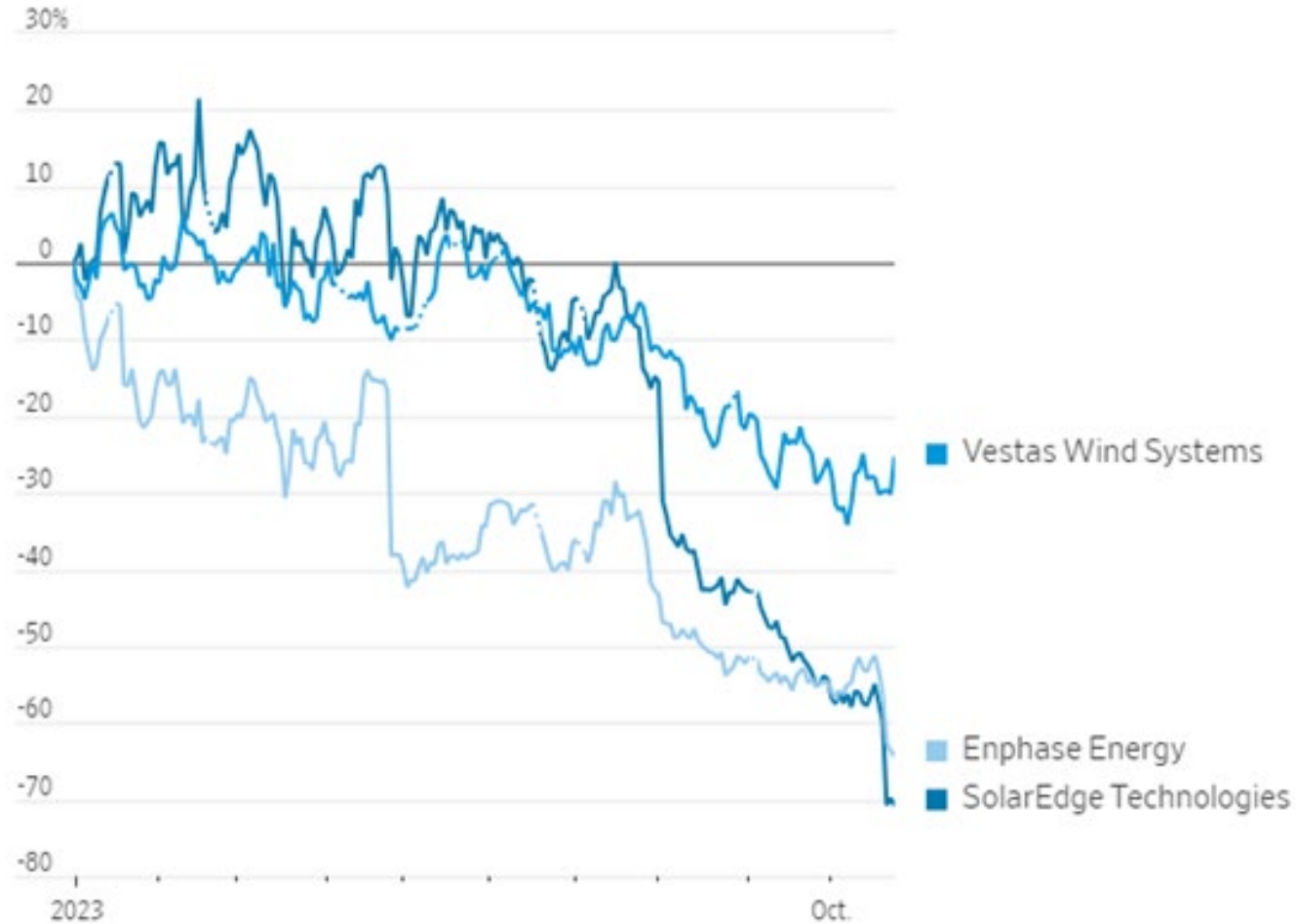


# The Shine Has Come Off Clean Energy Stocks



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Share-price performance, year to date



Source: FactSet

# The Shine Has Come Off Clean Energy Stocks

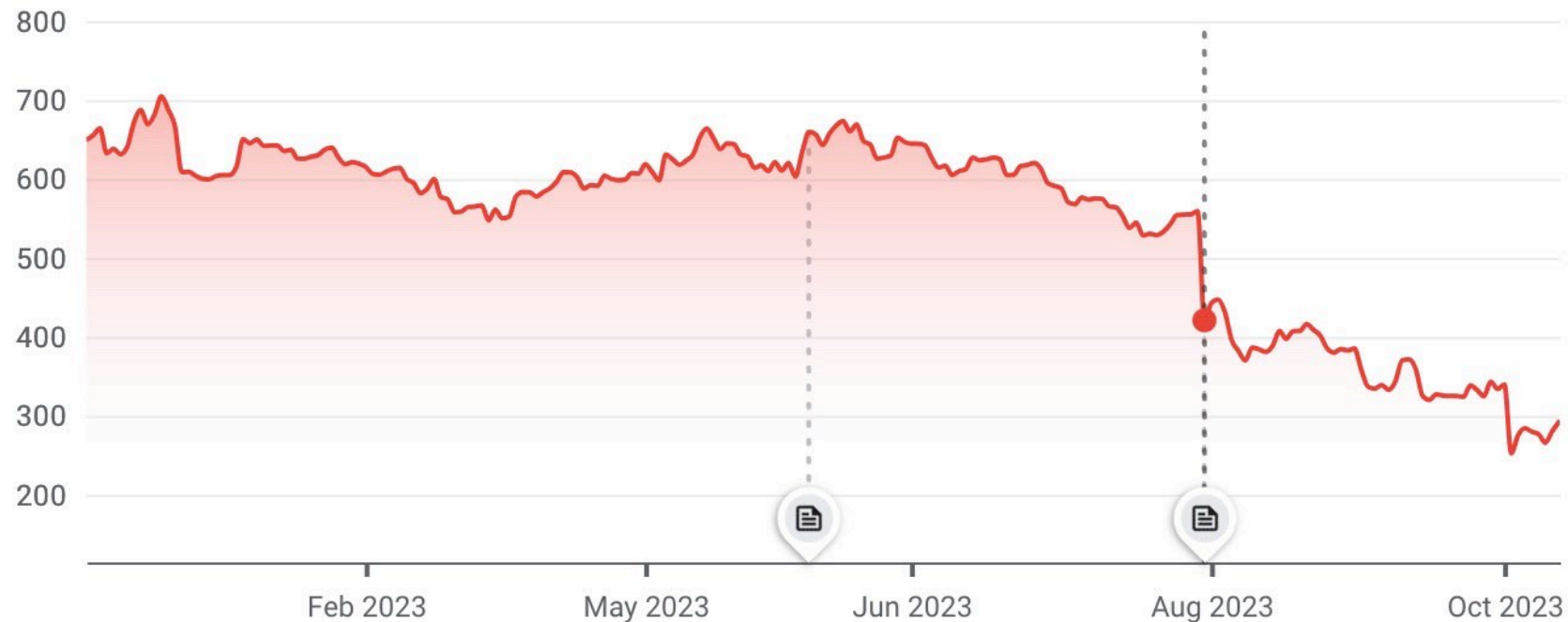
Oersted A/S

kr.293.80 ↓ 54.74% -355.40 YTD

Nov 10, 7:46:45 PM UTC+1 · DKK · CPH · Disclaimer

1D 5D 1M 6M YTD 1Y 5Y MAX

Key events



# The Shine Has Come Off Clean Energy Stocks

## Siemens Energy AG

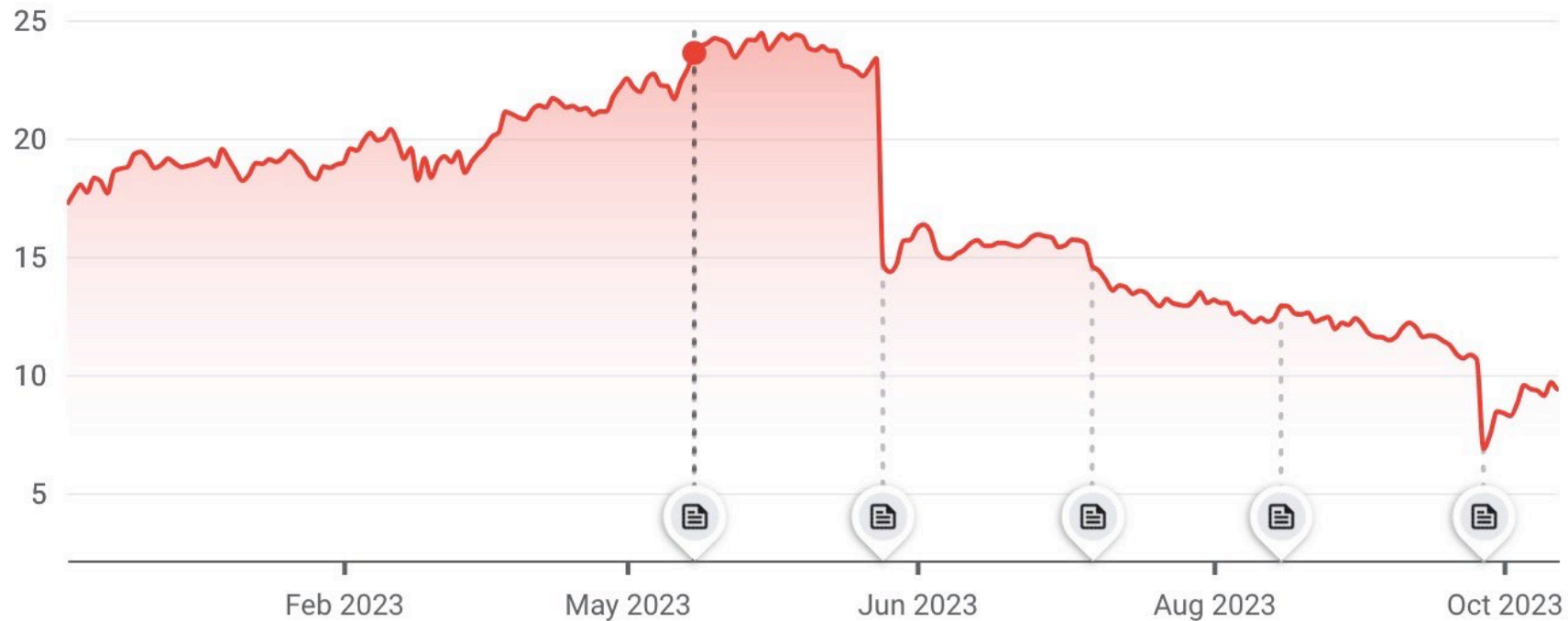
€9.39

↓ 45.38% -7.80 YTD

Nov 10, 8:30:00 PM UTC+1 · EUR · ETR · Disclaimer

1D 5D 1M 6M YTD 1Y 5Y MAX

Key events



# The Shine Has Come Off Clean Energy Stocks

## ChargePoint Holdings Inc

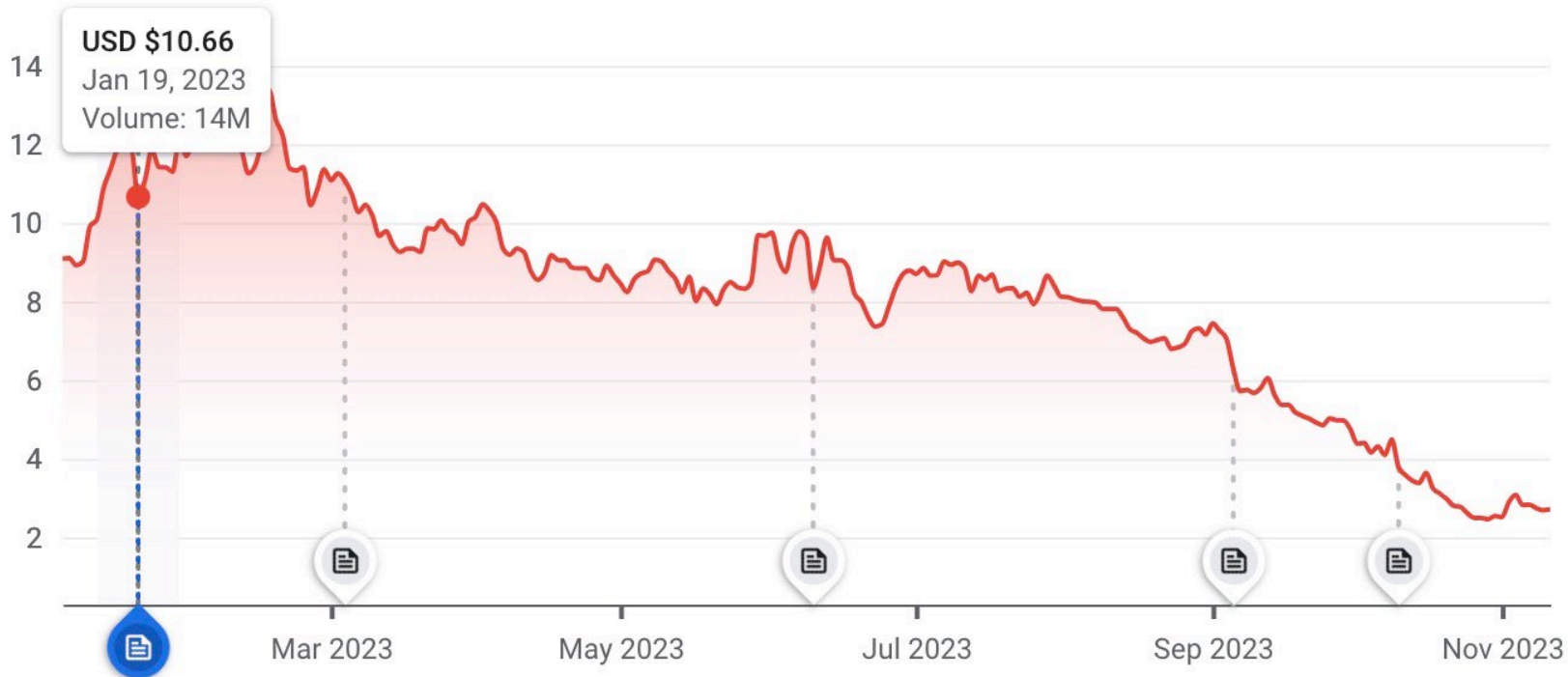
**\$2.71** ↓ 70.19% -6.38 YTD

After Hours: **\$2.70** (↓ 0.37%) -0.0100

Closed: Nov 10, 7:56:01 PM UTC-5 · USD · NYSE · Disclaimer

1D 5D 1M 6M YTD 1Y 5Y MAX

Key events



# The Shine Has Come Off Clean Energy Stocks

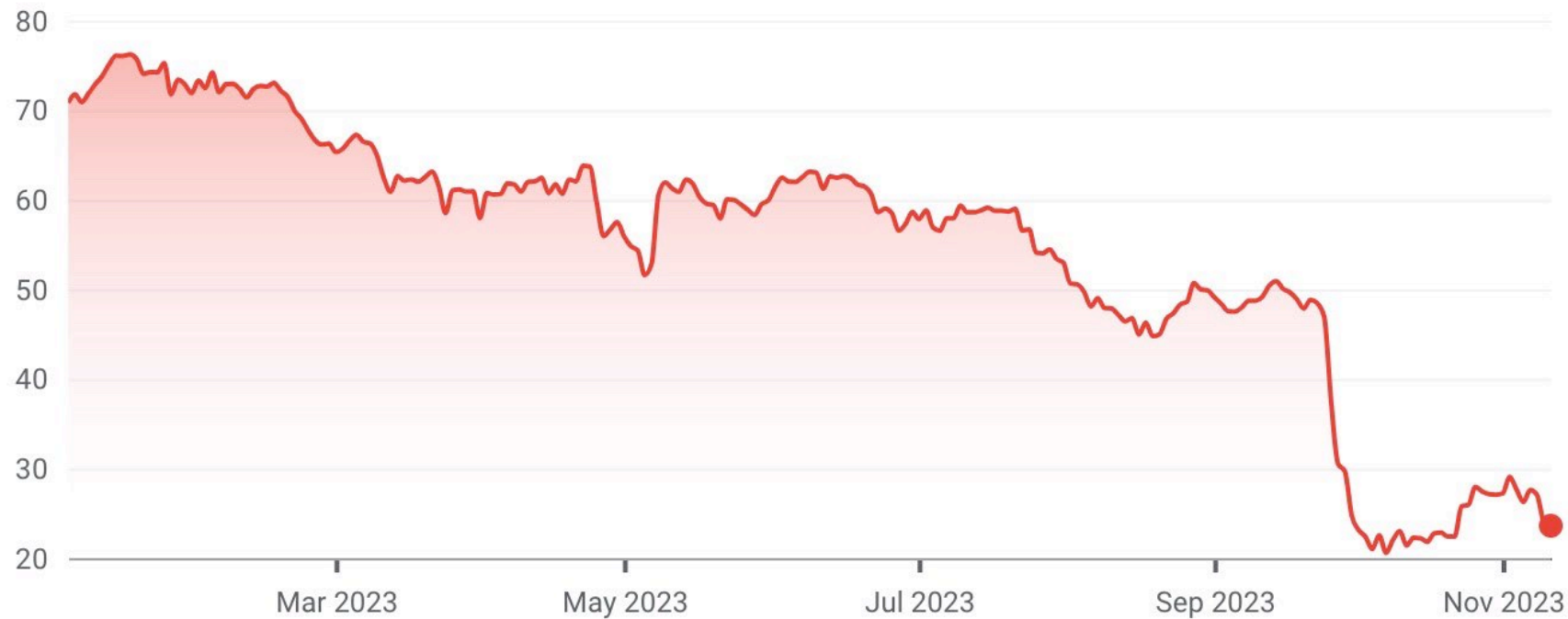
## Nextera Energy Partners LP

**\$23.61** ↓ 66.65% -47.19 YTD

After Hours: \$23.75 (↑ 0.59%) +0.14

Closed: Nov 10, 7:58:56 PM UTC-5 · USD · NYSE · Disclaimer

1D 5D 1M 6M YTD 1Y 5Y MAX



# The Shine Has Come Off Clean Energy Stocks

## Blink Charging Co

**\$3.07** ↓71.96% -7.88 YTD

After Hours: **\$3.07** (0.00%) 0.00

Closed: Nov 10, 7:59:49 PM UTC-5 · USD · NASDAQ · Disclaimer



# The Shine Has Come Off Clean Energy Stocks

## Plug Power Inc

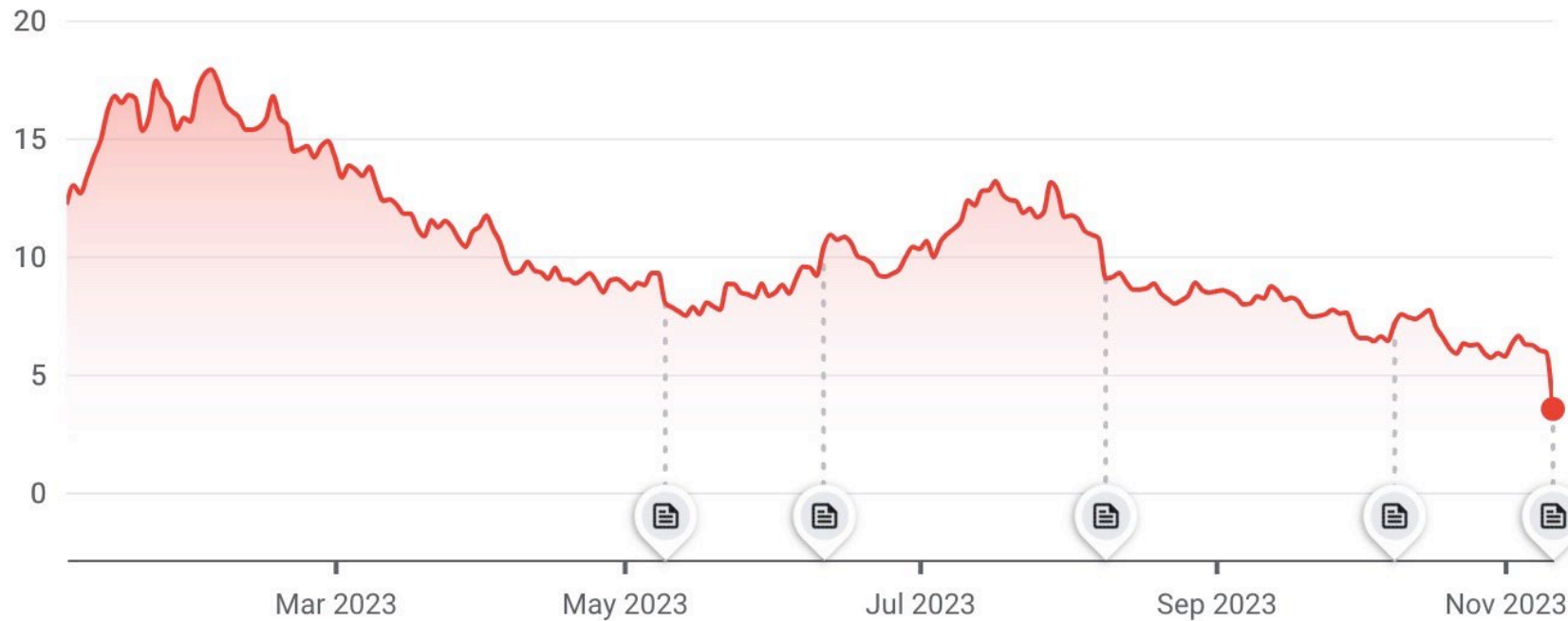
**\$3.53** ↓ 71.02% -8.65 YTD

After Hours: **\$3.53** (0.00%) 0.00

Closed: Nov 10, 7:59:58 PM UTC-5 · USD · NASDAQ · Disclaimer

1D 5D 1M 6M YTD 1Y 5Y MAX

x Key events





# The Shine Has Come Off Clean Energy Stocks

## Nikola Corp

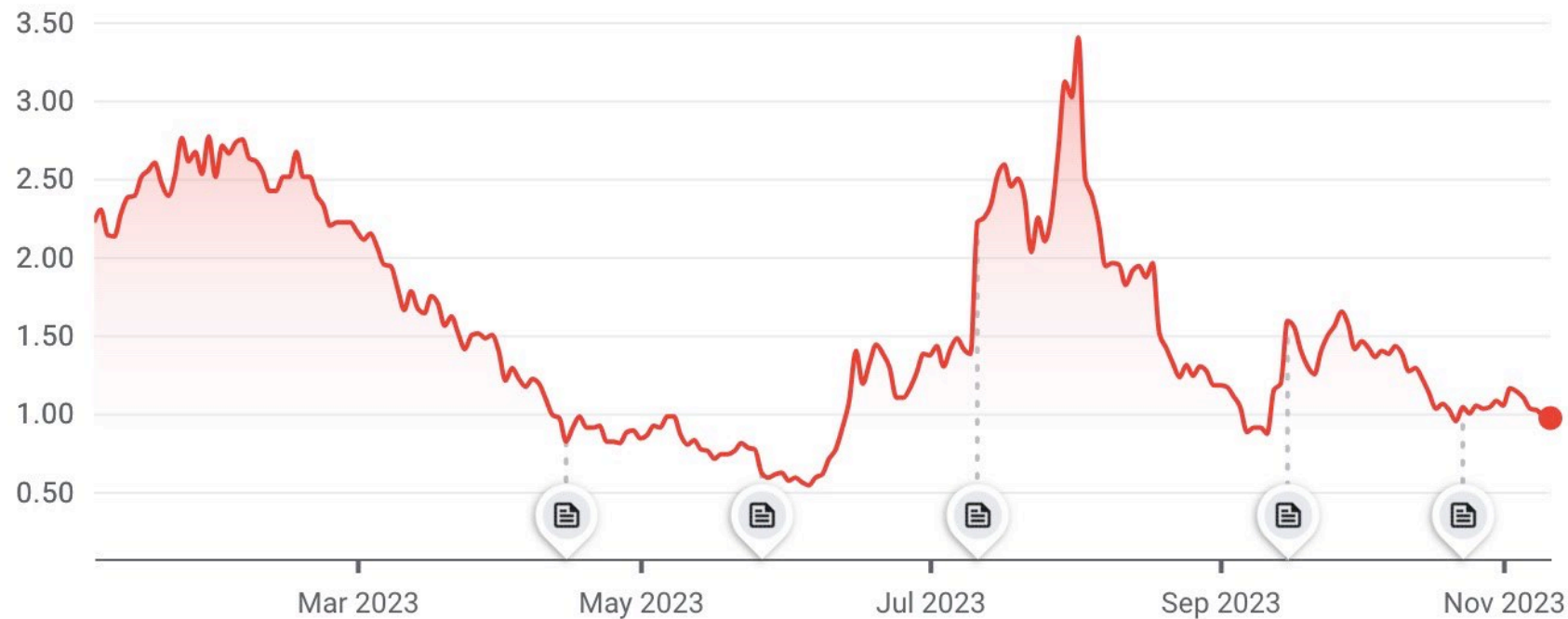
**\$0.97** ↓ 56.50% -1.25 YTD

After Hours: **\$0.96** (↓ 0.59%) -0.0057

Closed: Nov 10, 7:58:53 PM UTC-5 · USD · NASDAQ · Disclaimer

1D 5D 1M 6M YTD 1Y 5Y MAX

Key events



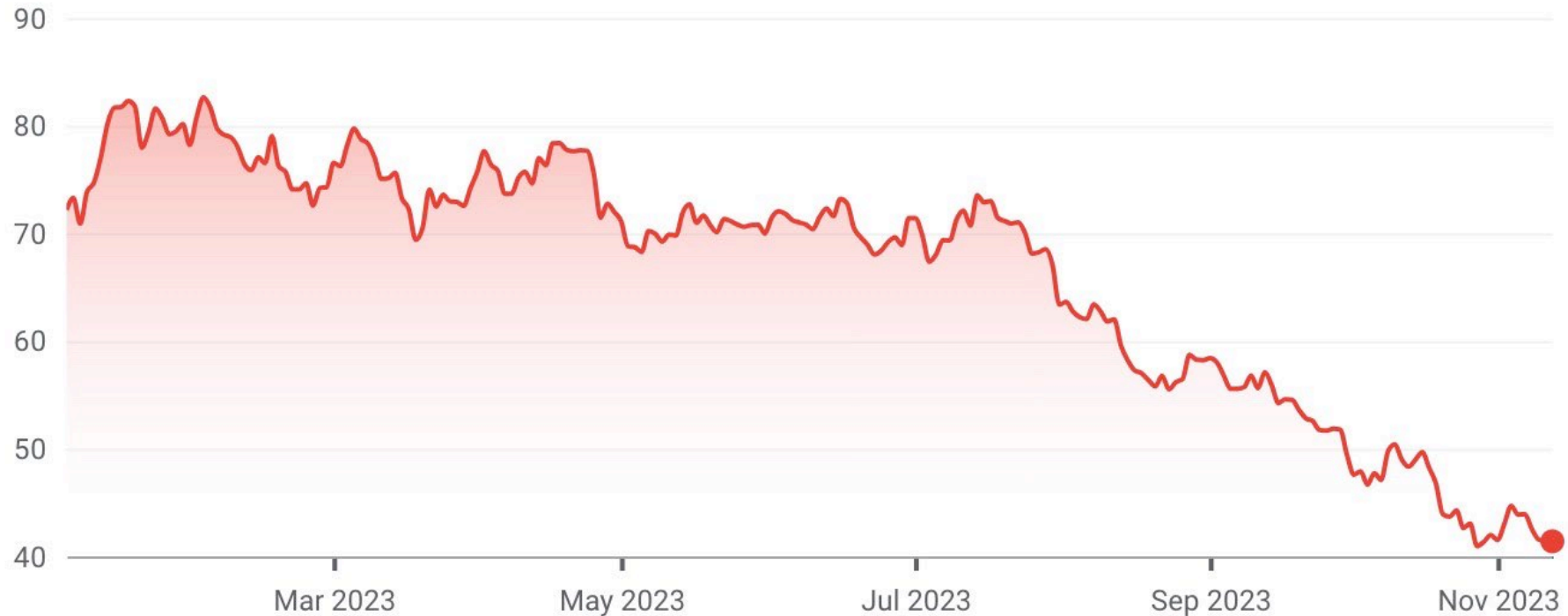
# The Shine Has Come Off Clean Energy Stocks

## Invesco Solar ETF

**\$41.40**    ↓ 42.64%    -30.77 YTD

Nov 10, 8:04:00 PM UTC-5 · USD · NYSEARCA · Disclaimer

1D    5D    1M    6M    YTD    1Y    5Y    MAX



# A Different Story for Fossil Fuel-Based Stocks and Funds

## Vanguard 500 Index Fund ETF

**\$404.86** ↑ 15.68% +54.87 YTD

Nov 10, 8:04:00 PM UTC-5 · USD · NYSEARCA · Disclaimer

1D 5D 1M 6M YTD 1Y 5Y MAX



# A Different Story for Fossil Fuel-Based Stocks and Funds

## Phillips 66

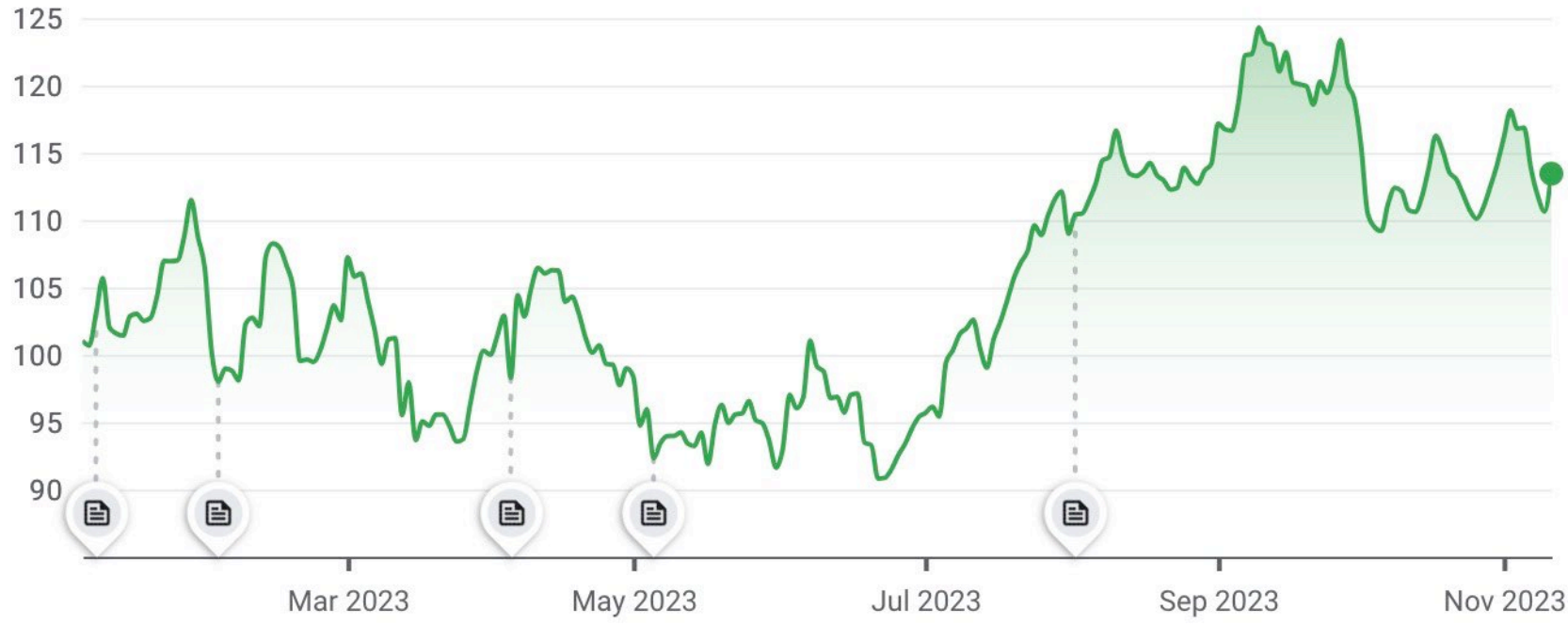
**\$113.44** ↑ 12.28% +12.41 YTD

After Hours: **\$113.44** (0.00%) 0.00

Closed: Nov 10, 6:01:04 PM UTC-5 · USD · NYSE · Disclaimer

1D 5D 1M 6M YTD 1Y 5Y MAX

✕ Key events



Source: robertbryce.substack.com

# A Different Story for Fossil Fuel-Based Stocks and Funds

## Pioneer Natural Resources Co

**\$233.56** ↑ 6.04% +13.31 YTD

After Hours: **\$233.58** (↑ 0.0086%) +0.020

Closed: Nov 10, 7:23:45 PM UTC-5 · USD · NYSE · Disclaimer

1D

5D

1M

6M

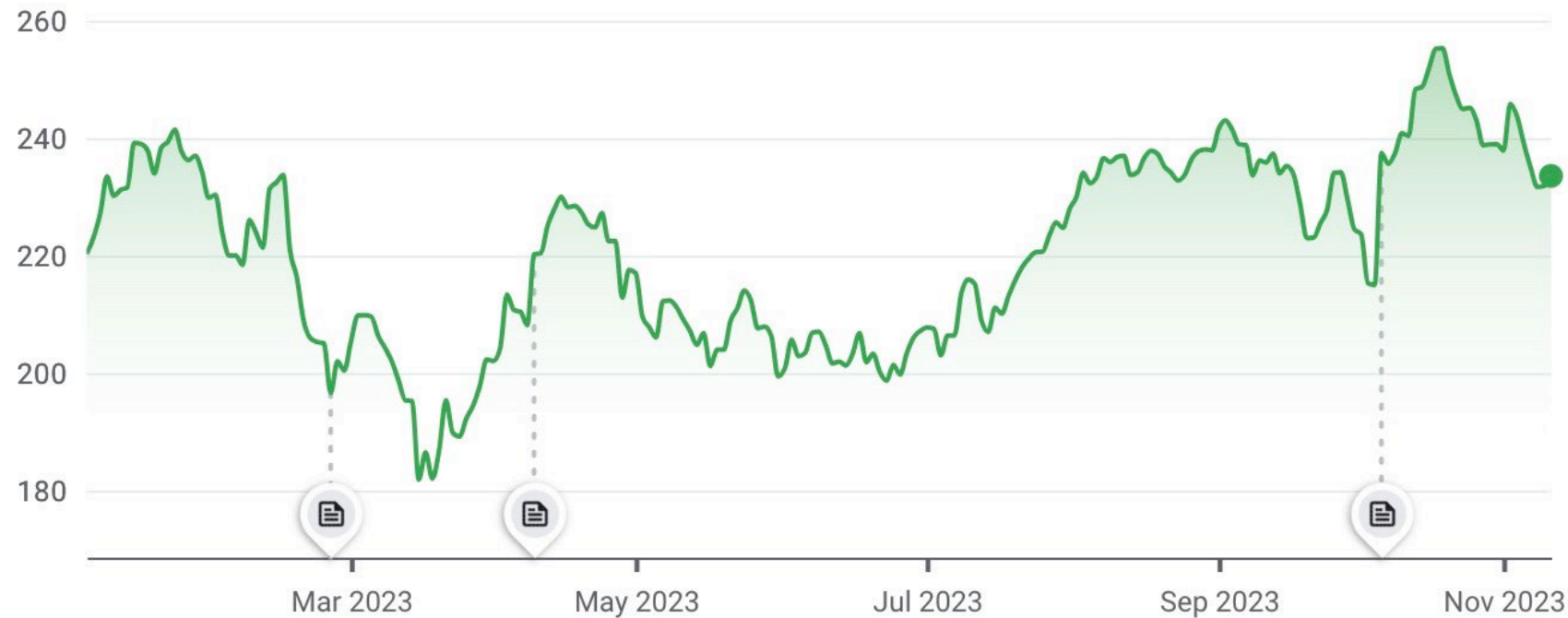
YTD

1Y

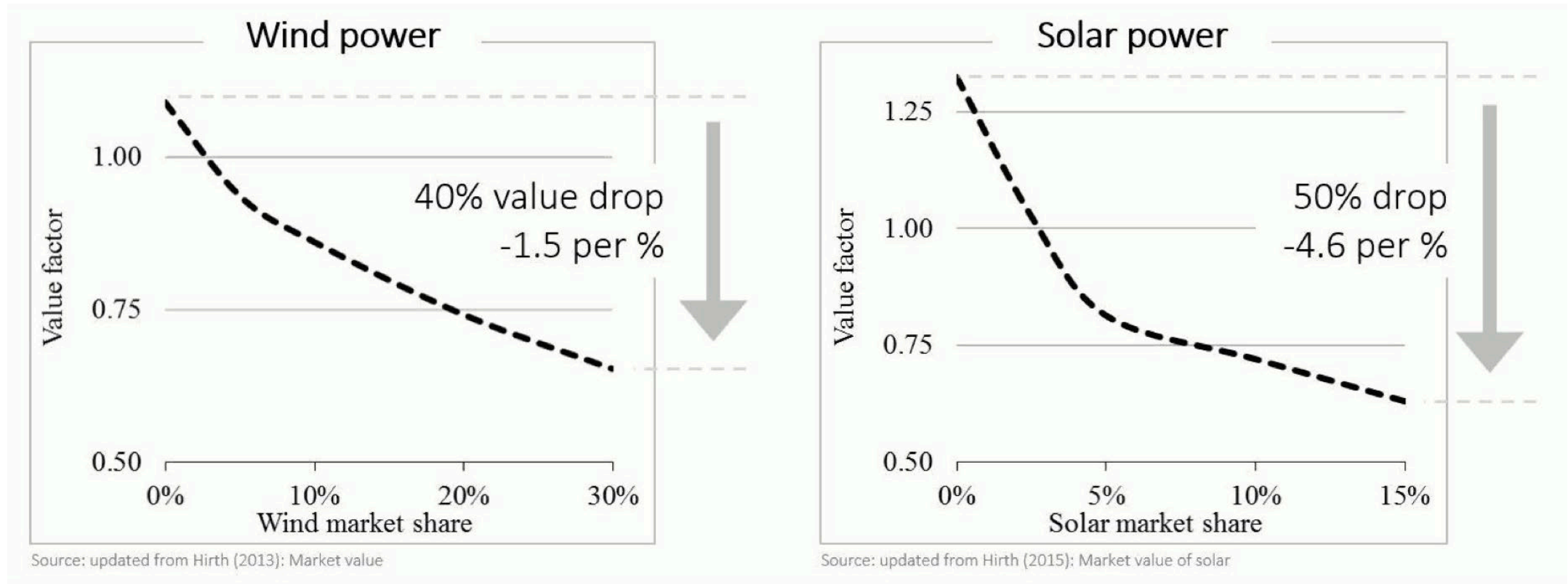
5Y

MAX

Key events



## Value of Wind & Solar Decline



Source: Lion Hirth, "Market Value of Variable Renewables," EUI Working Paper, 2013, [http://cadmus.eui.eu/bitstream/handle/1814/27135/RSCAS\\_2013\\_36.pdf?sequence](http://cadmus.eui.eu/bitstream/handle/1814/27135/RSCAS_2013_36.pdf?sequence)



**CarbonBrief**  
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CHINA POLICY   EU POLICY   INTERNATIONAL POLICY   REST OF WORLD POLICY   UK POLICY

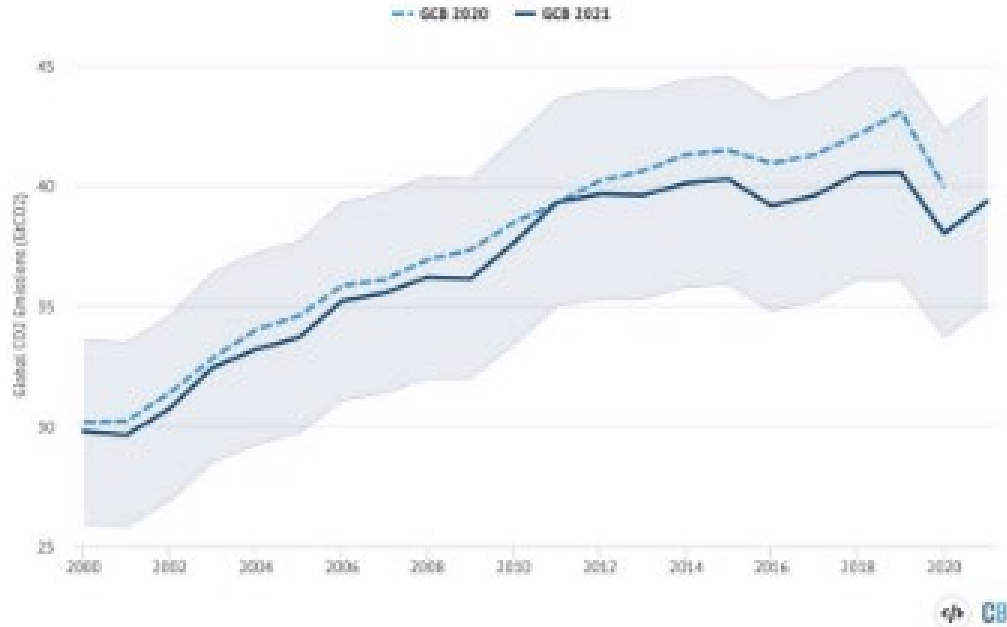
INTERNATIONAL POLICY | 26 October 2023 @ 16:42

## Analysis: Global CO2 emissions could peak as soon as 2023, IEA data reveals

f   t   in   ✉   w

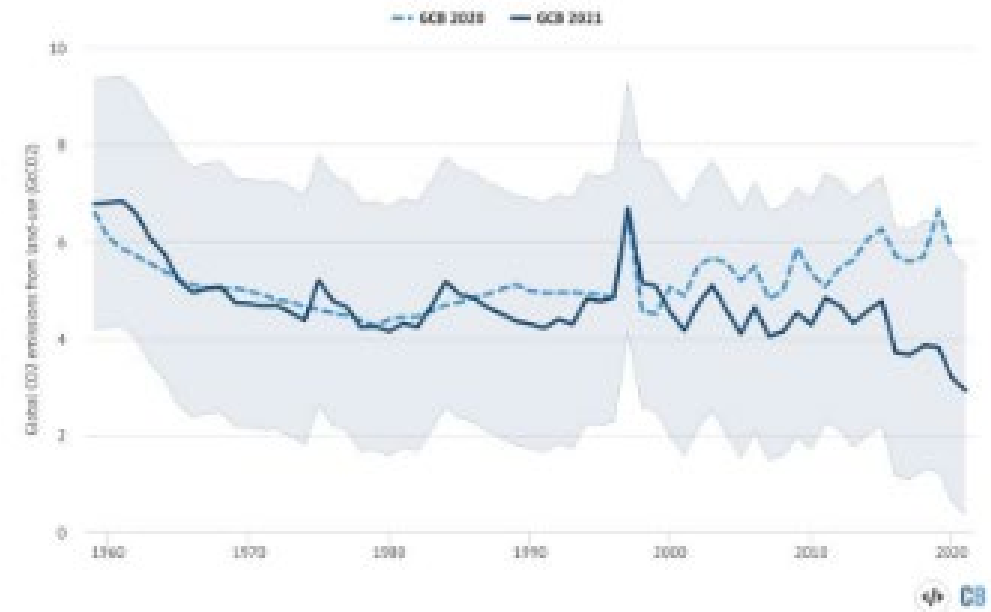
The image shows a screenshot of a CarbonBrief article header. At the top is the CarbonBrief logo with the tagline 'CLEAR ON CLIMATE'. Below the logo is a navigation bar with five categories: 'CHINA POLICY', 'EU POLICY', 'INTERNATIONAL POLICY' (which is underlined), 'REST OF WORLD POLICY', and 'UK POLICY'. The main content area has a dark red background with a sunset scene of wind turbines and industrial buildings. The text 'INTERNATIONAL POLICY | 26 October 2023 @ 16:42' is displayed in white. The main headline reads 'Analysis: Global CO2 emissions could peak as soon as 2023, IEA data reveals'. At the bottom of the article header, there are five circular social media icons: Facebook (f), Twitter (t), LinkedIn (in), Email (✉), and WhatsApp (w).

Recent global CO<sub>2</sub> emissions revised notably downward



Annual total global CO<sub>2</sub> emissions – from fossil and land-use change – between 2000 and 2021 for both the 2020 and 2021 versions of the Global Carbon Project's Global Carbon Budget. Shaded area shows the estimated one-sigma uncertainty for the 2021 budget. Data from the [Global Carbon Project](#); chart by Carbon Brief using [Highcharts](#).

Major downward revision in land-use emissions over the past decade



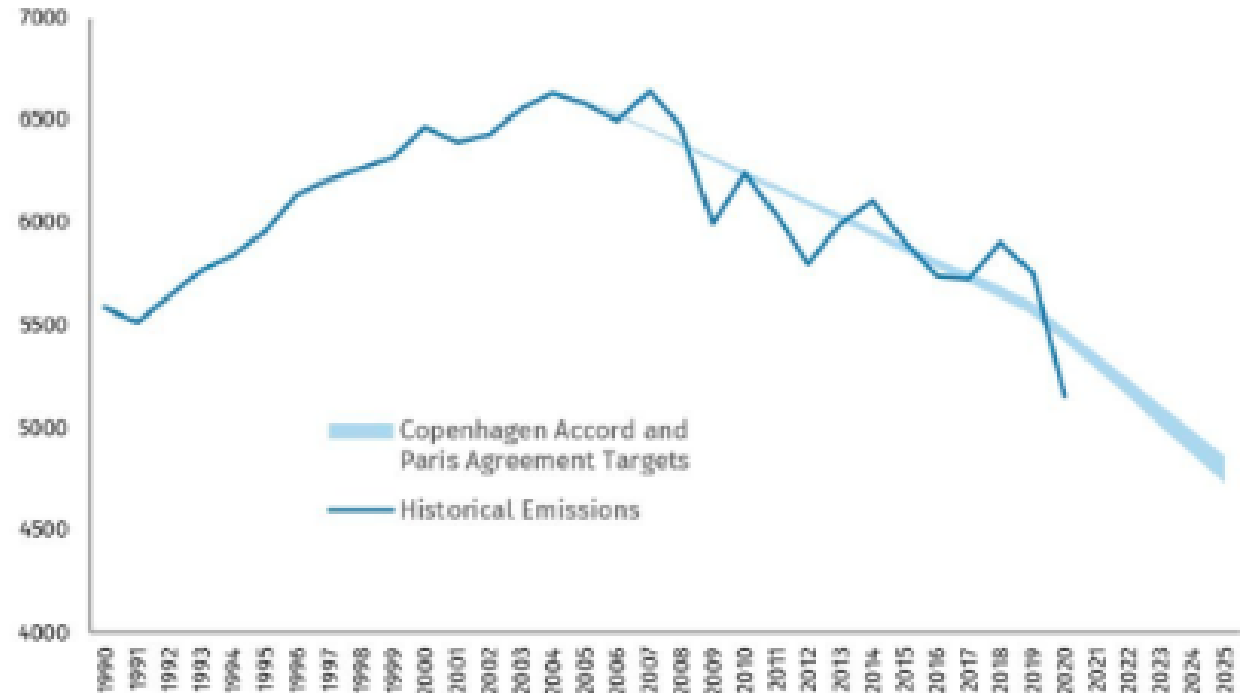
Annual global CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from land-use change between 1959 and 2021 for both the 2020 and 2021 versions of the Global Carbon Project's Global Carbon Budget. Shaded area shows the estimated one-sigma uncertainty for the 2021 budget. Data from the [Global Carbon Project](#); chart by Carbon Brief using [Highcharts](#).

**Source: Zeke Hausfather, Carbon Brief, November 4, 2021**



“The U.S. saw the largest decline in energy-related CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in 2019 on a country basis.” – International Energy Agency, 2020

**Net US GHG emissions relative to international commitments**  
Million metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e, IPCC definitions, excludes international bunkers



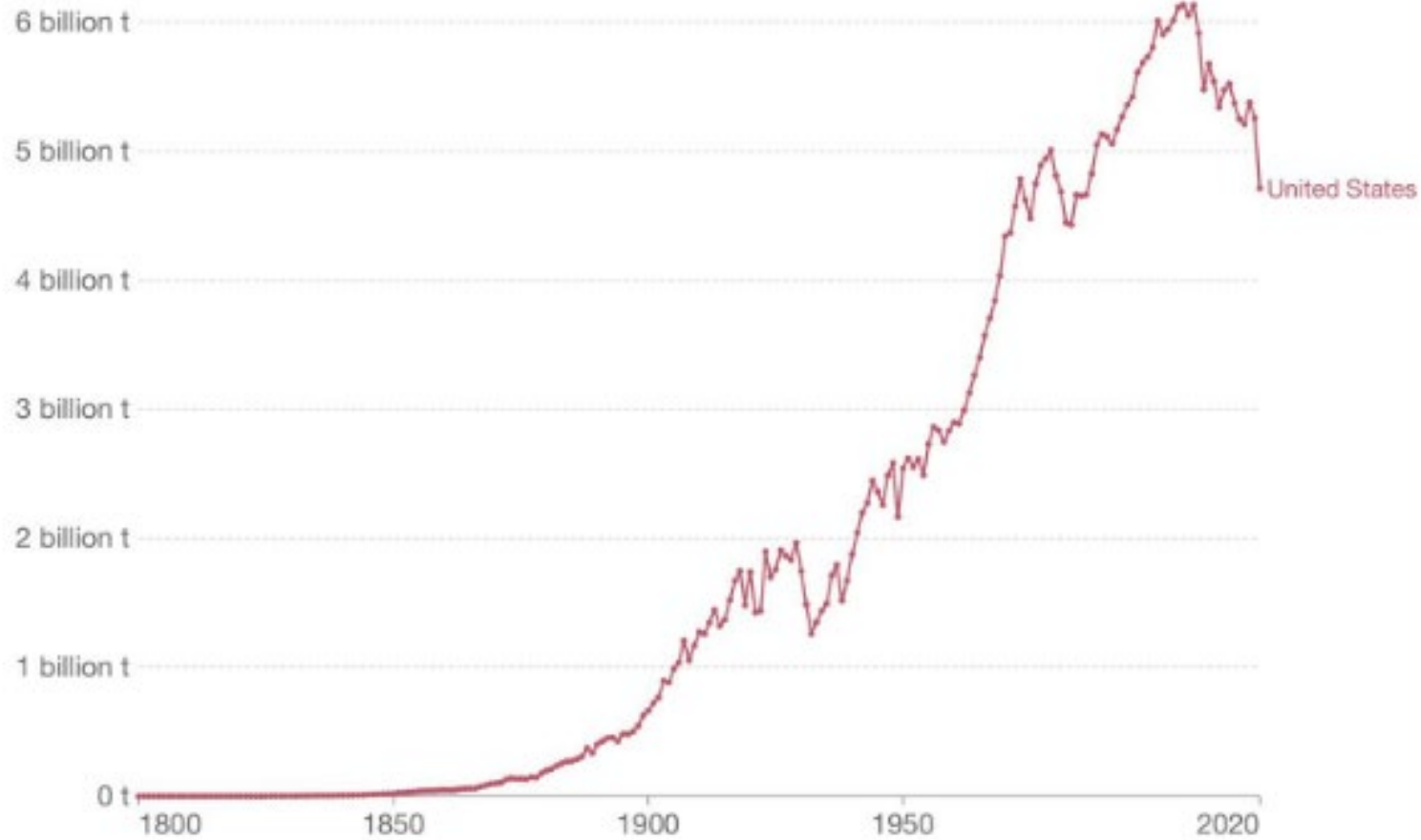
Source: ClimateDeck

Source: Rhodium Group, Jan 12, 2021

## Annual CO<sub>2</sub> emissions

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions from fossil fuels and industry. Land use change is not included.

Our World  
In Data



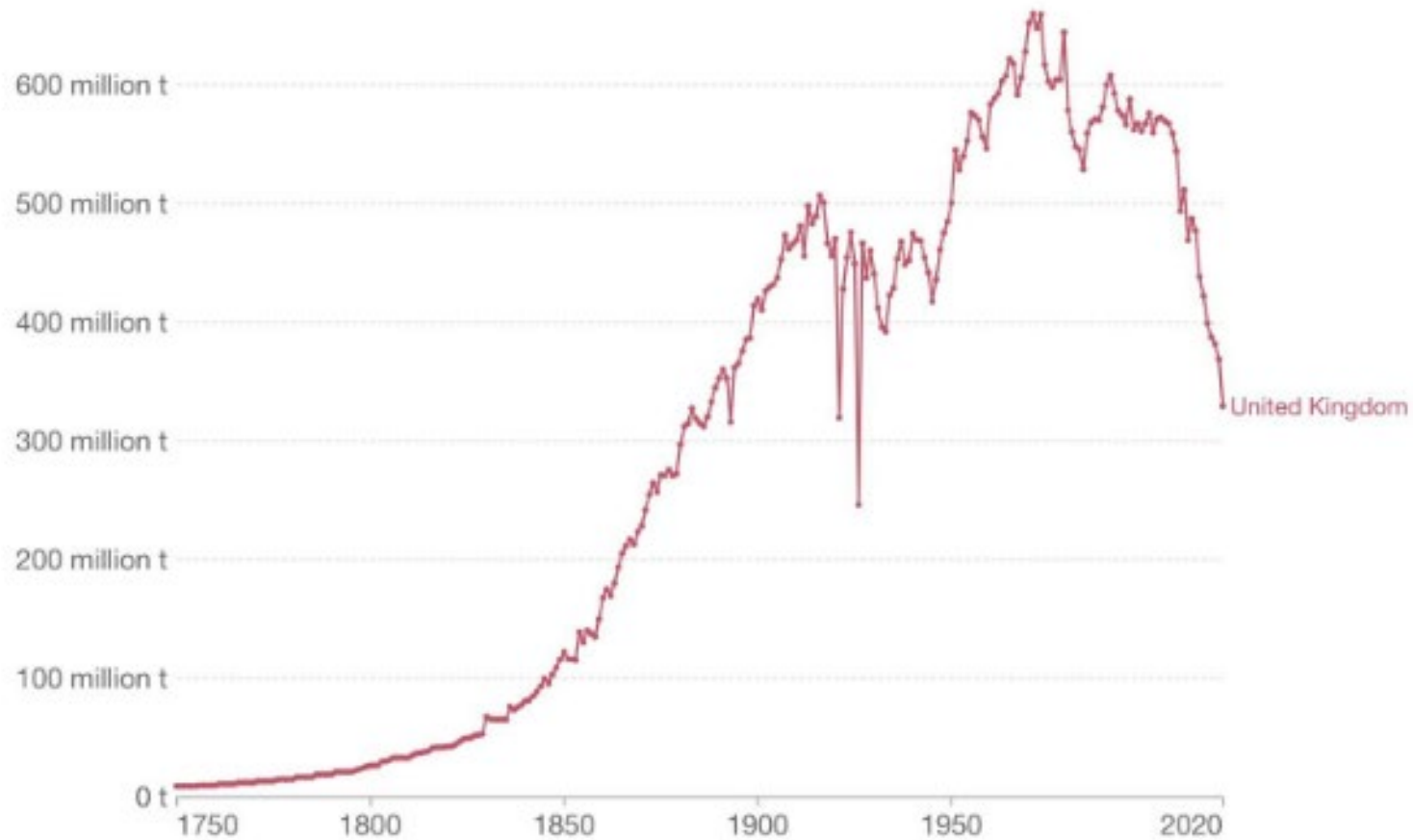
Source: Global Carbon Project

[OurWorldInData.org/co2-and-other-greenhouse-gas-emissions/](https://OurWorldInData.org/co2-and-other-greenhouse-gas-emissions/) • CC BY

## Annual CO<sub>2</sub> emissions

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions from fossil fuels and industry. Land use change is not included.

Our World  
in Data



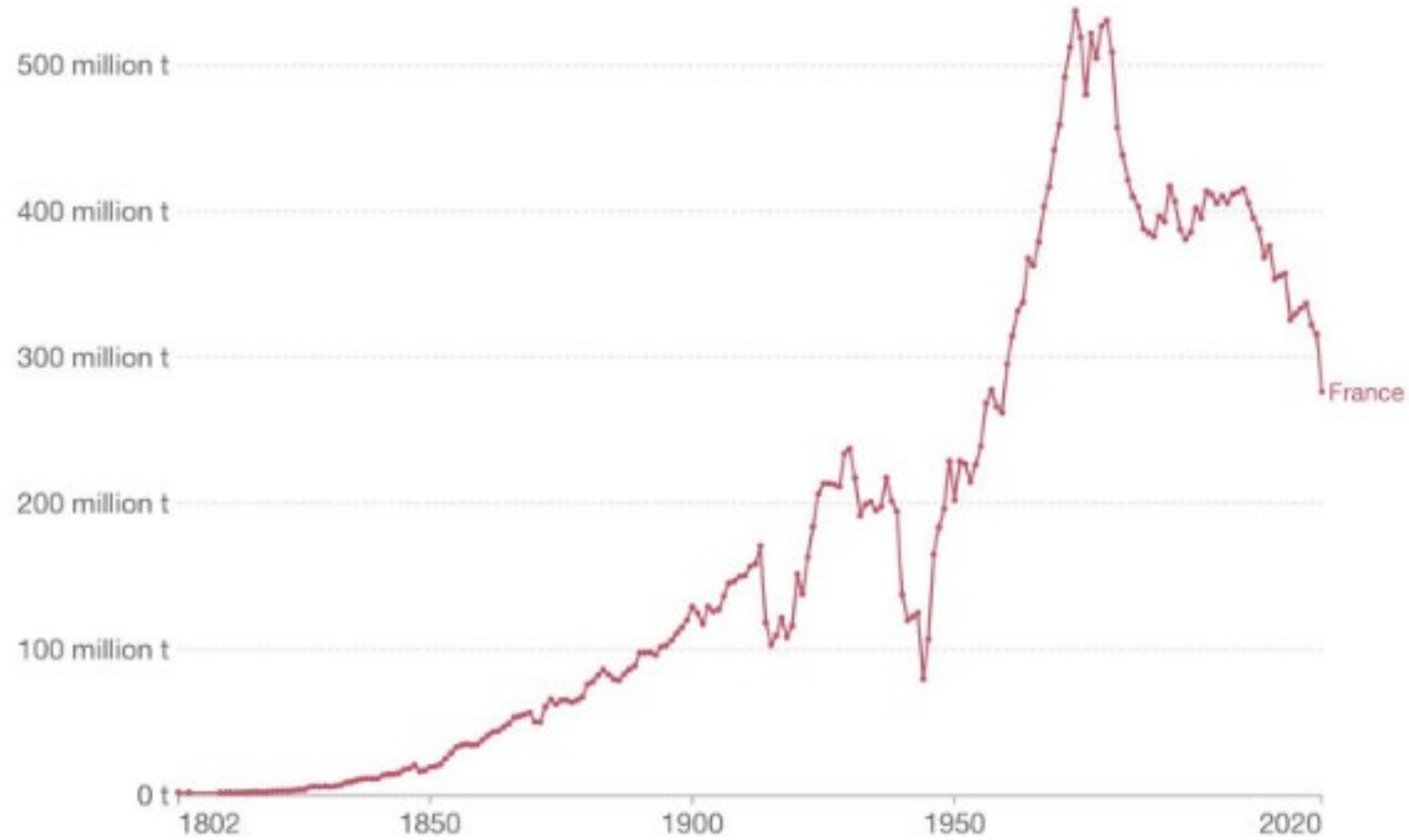
Source: Global Carbon Project

OurWorldInData.org/co2-and-other-greenhouse-gas-emissions/ • CC BY

## Annual CO<sub>2</sub> emissions

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions from fossil fuels and industry. Land use change is not included.

Our World  
in Data



Source: Global Carbon Project

OurWorldInData.org/co2-and-other-greenhouse-gas-emissions/ • CC BY

# Despite the Rhetoric, Global Coal Demand Grows



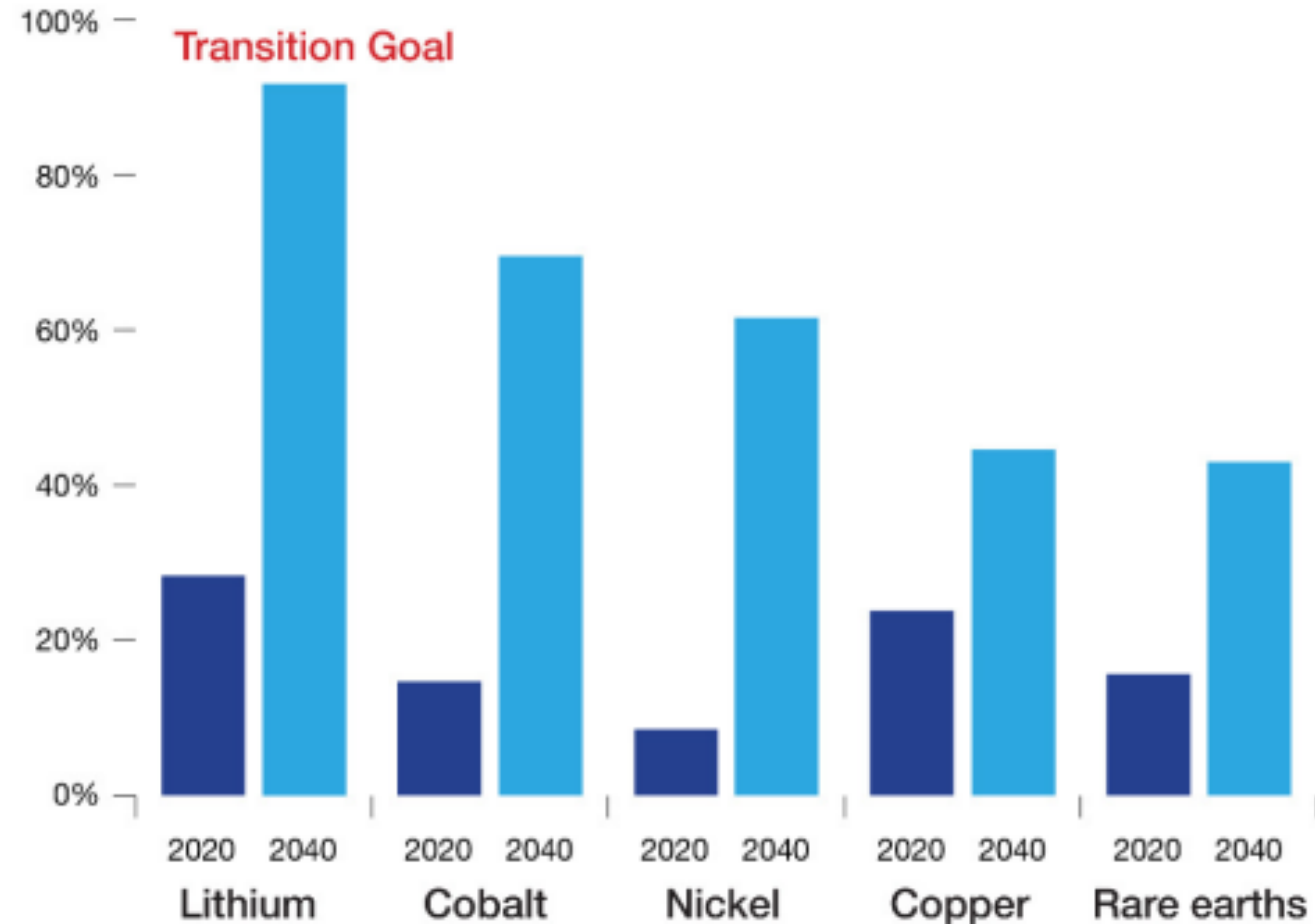




# Energy Transition Policies are Inflationary

## Energy Sector Share of Mineral Demands for All Purposes

Share of All Uses





## Sources of Key Energy Transition Minerals



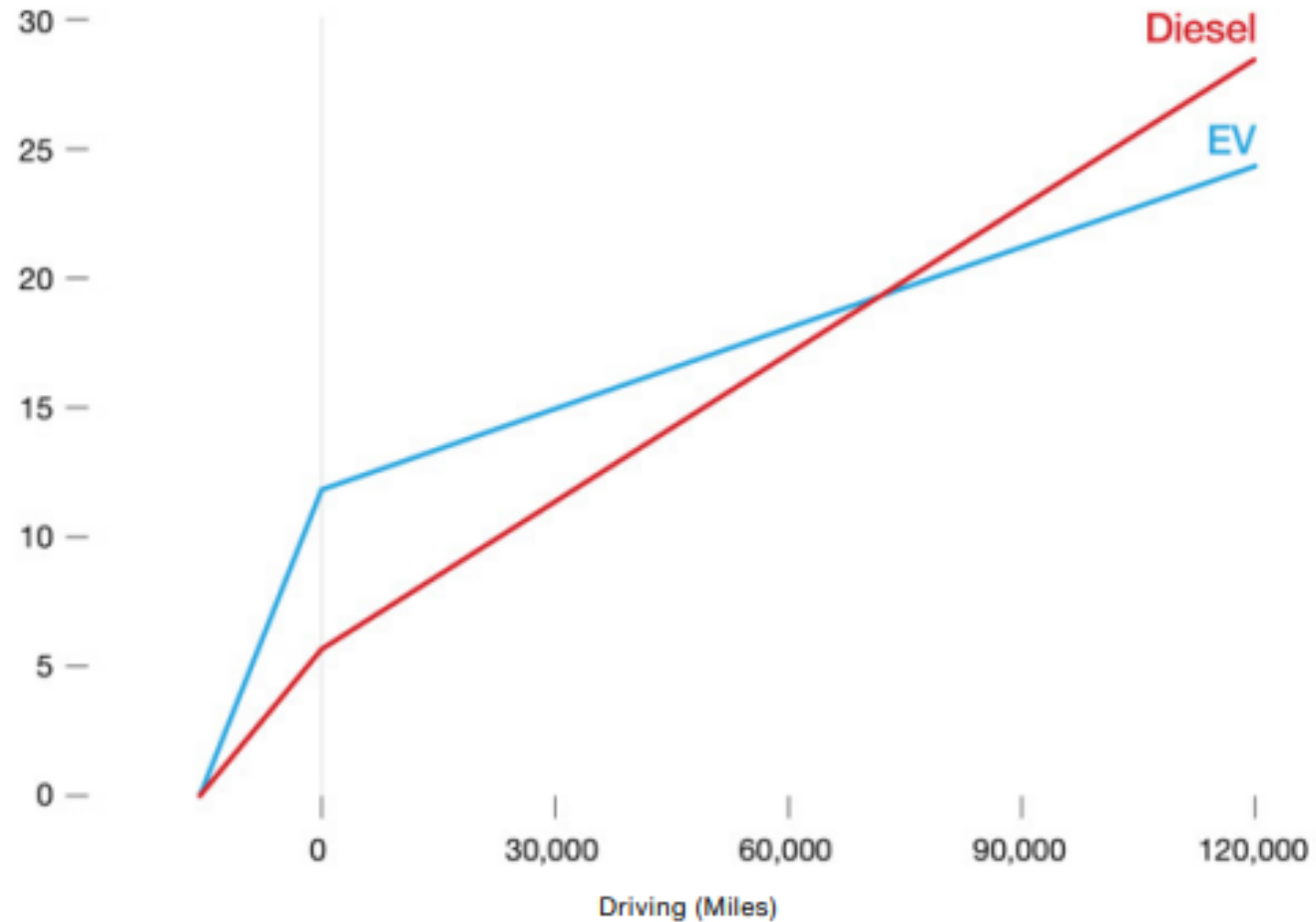
“There are simply not enough minerals in the pipeline to meet this kind of demand. One example of this is shown by research done by EV Expert Steve LeVine. Using major metals production forecasts, LeVine found that by 2030, there will only be enough metals for 15.6 million EVs, while automakers claim they want to produce over 40 million.”



# Green Energy Isn't Carbon-Free

Miles Driven Before an EV Emits Less CO<sub>2</sub> than a Diesel Car

Tons CO<sub>2</sub> per Car



“The International Energy Agency’s (IEA) ‘sustainable development scenario’ results in a

- 42-fold increase in lithium demand,
- 25-fold increase in graphite demand,
- 21-fold increase in cobalt demand,
- 19-fold increase in nickel demand,
- 7-fold increase in rare earth demand by 2040”



# Needs 379 times more land for solar than nuclear



**Source:** Comparison between Diablo Canyon Nuclear Plant and Topaz. In 2018, Diablo Canyon produced 18.29 TWh of electricity on an approximate land area of .742 square kilometers. In 2018, Topaz produced 1.3 TWh of electricity on an approximate land area of 20 square kilometers. Generation data from Energy Information Agency.

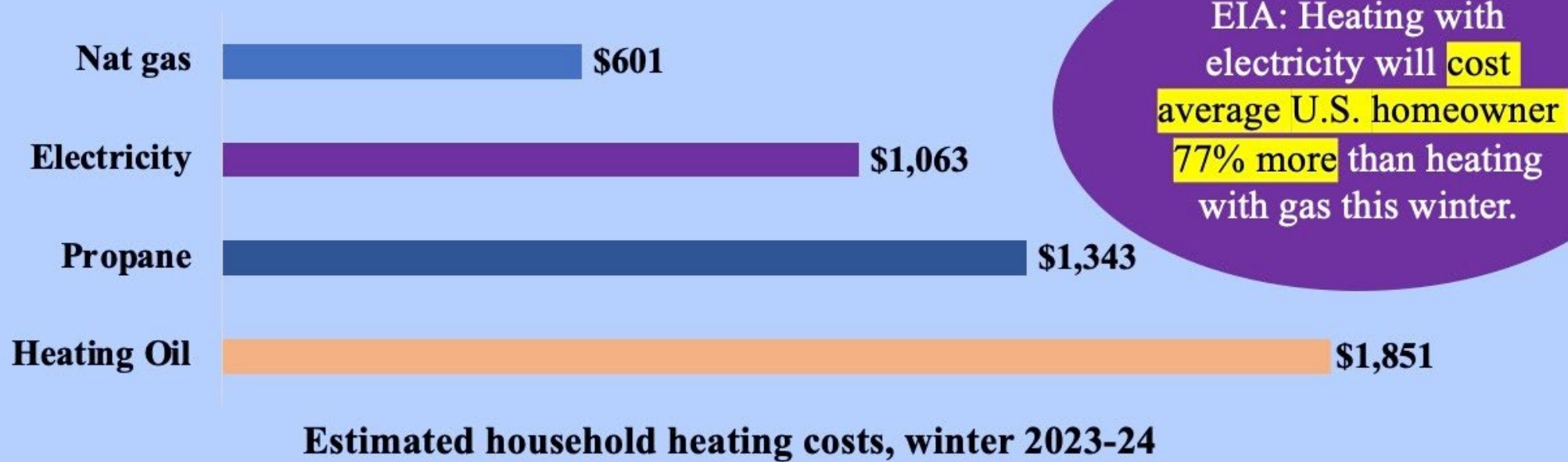
# Needs 421 times more land for wind than nuclear



**Source:** Comparison between Diablo Canyon Nuclear Plant and Alta Wind Energy Center. In 2018, Diablo Canyon produced 18.29 TWh of electricity on an approximate land area of .742 square kilometers. In 2018, Alta produced 3.52 TWh of electricity on an approximate land area of 60.1 square kilometers. Generation data from Energy Information Agency.

# More Proof Electrify Everything Push Is A Regressive Tax:

## EIA “Winter Fuels Outlook,” October 11, 2023

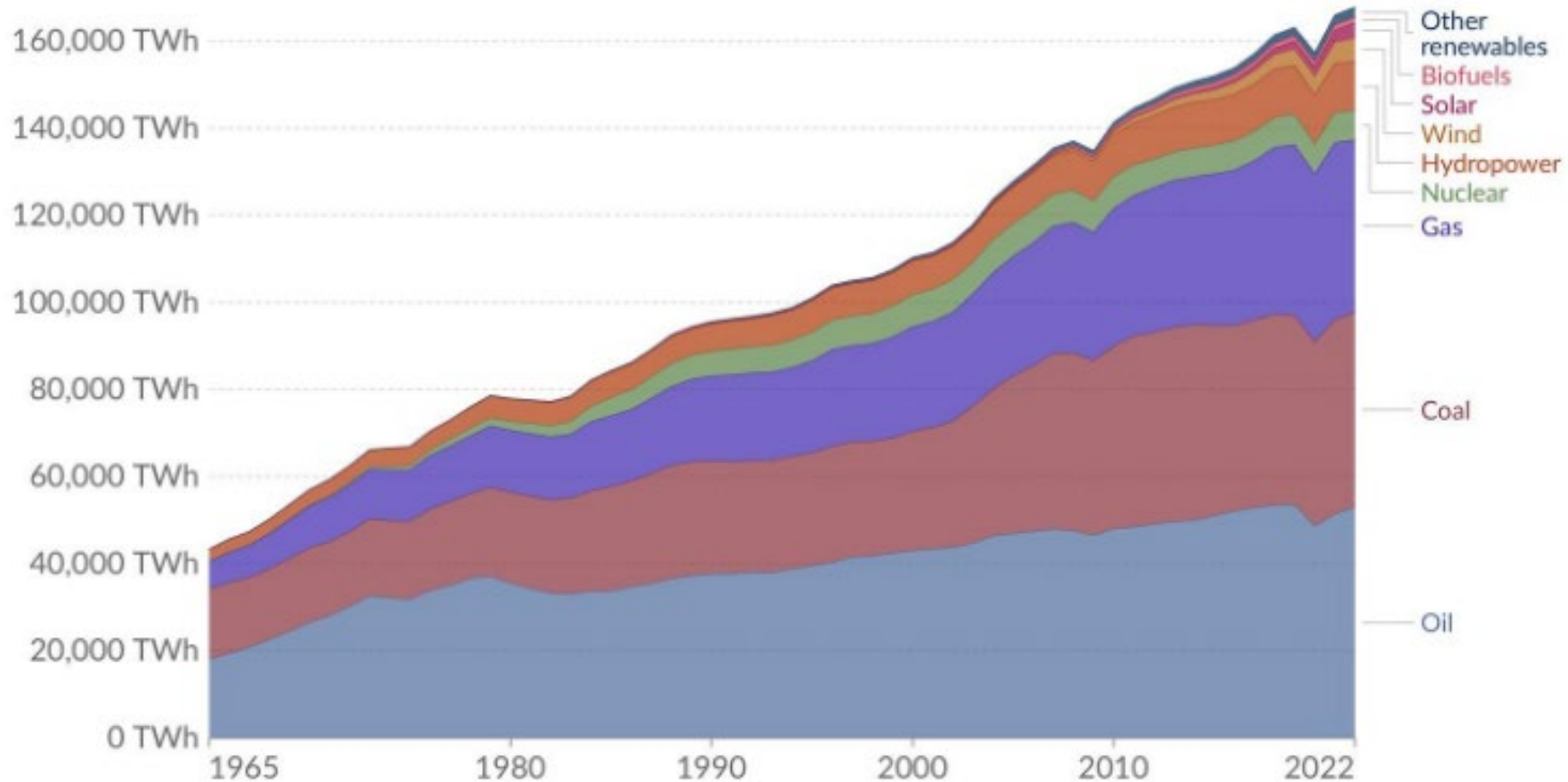


Source: EIA, <https://www.eia.gov/outlooks/steo/report/perspectives/2023/10-winterfuels/article.php>

© Robert Bryce

# Energy consumption by source, World

Primary energy consumption is measured in terawatt-hours (TWh). Here an inefficiency factor (the 'substitution' method) has been applied for fossil fuels, meaning the shares by each energy source give a better approximation of final energy consumption.



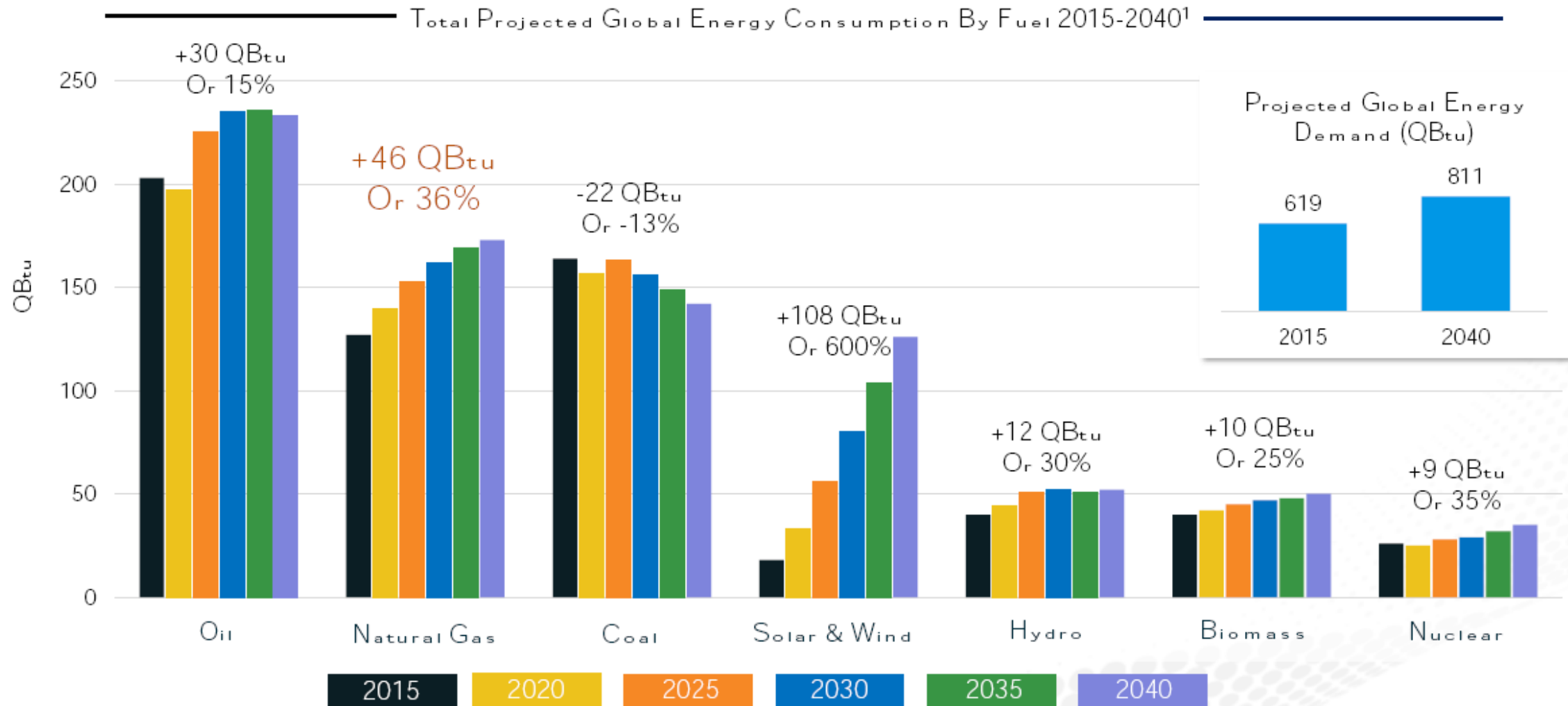
Data source: Energy Institute Statistical Review of World Energy (2023)

Note: 'Other renewables' includes geothermal, biomass and waste energy.

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# Nearly one-quarter of global energy demand growth through 2040 projected to be filled by natural gas



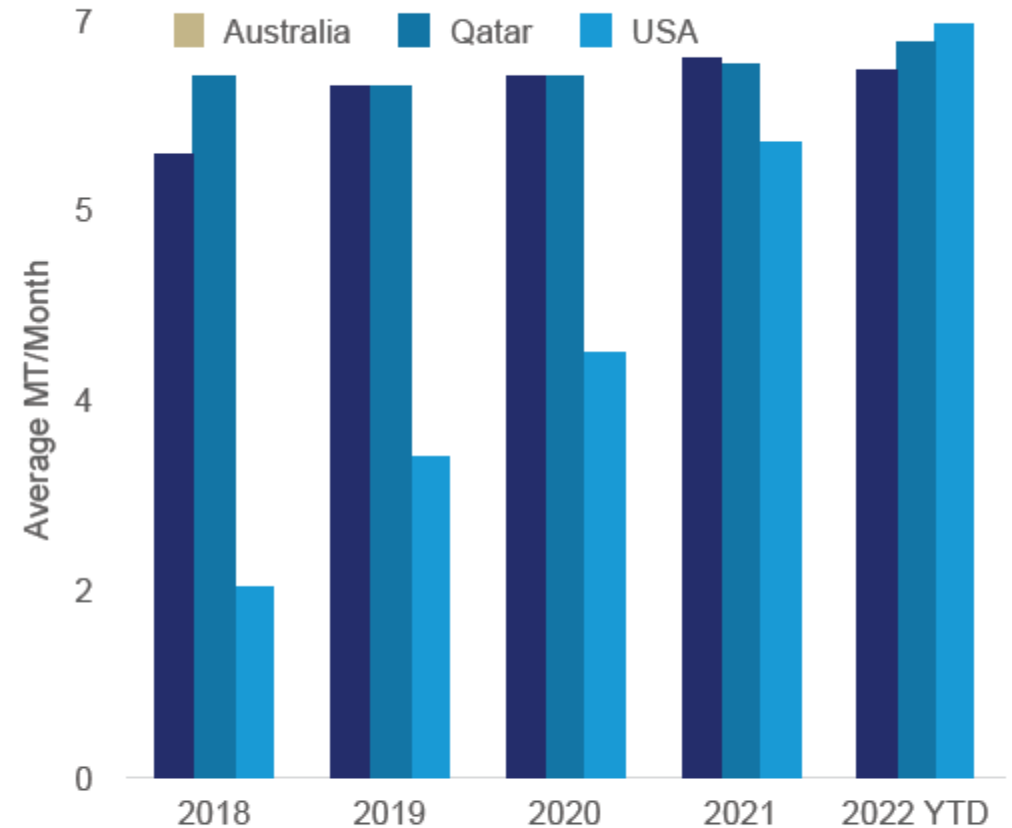
<sup>1</sup>Source: S&P Global Commodity Insights ©2023 May 2023 Reference Case

## Net Global Natural Gas Supply Growth Since 2007



- Since 2007, 42% of global natural gas supply growth has come from the United States

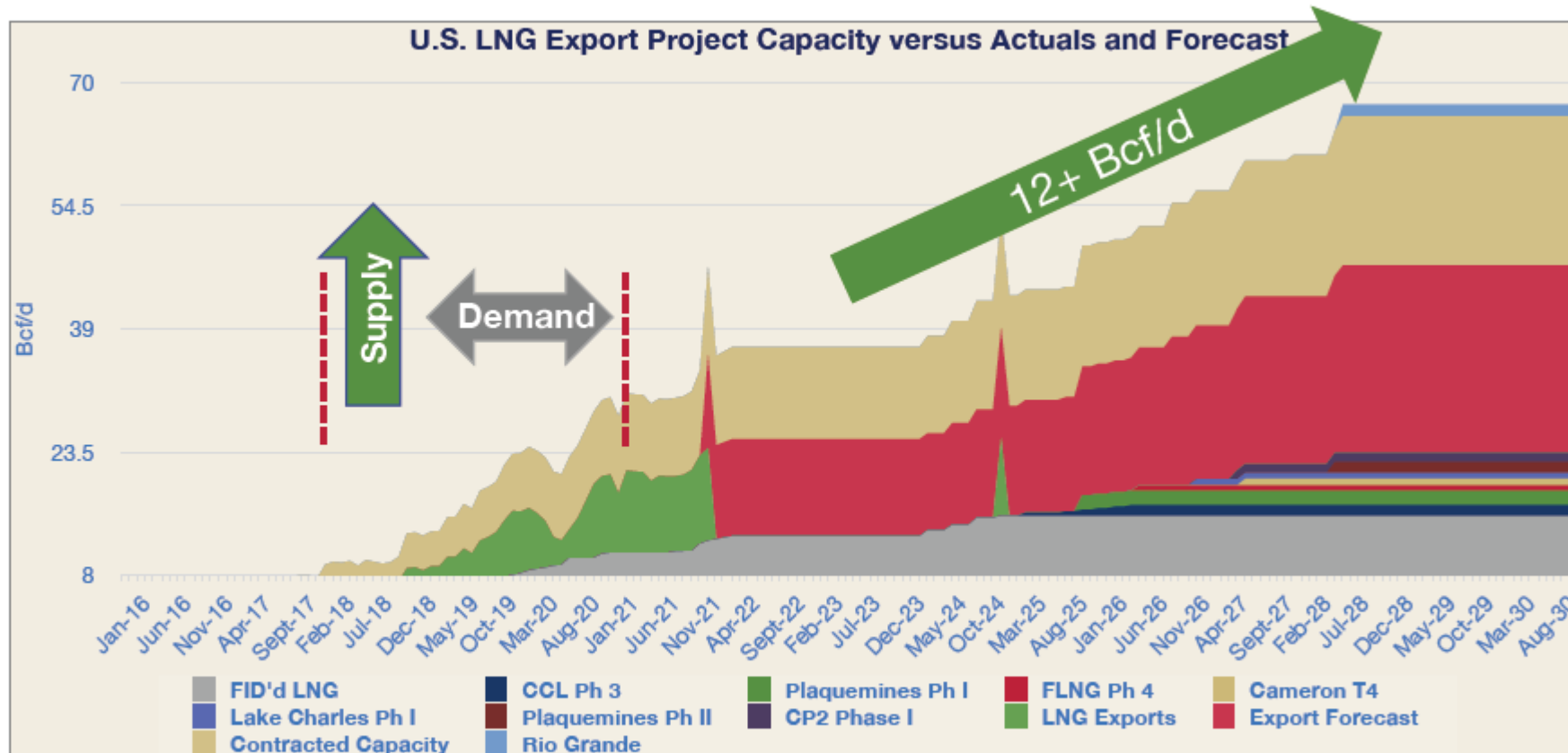
## Top 3 LNG exporters



- US natural gas supply growth has supported LNG exports, with the US overtaking Qatar this year

Source: Wood Mackenzie, IHS Markit  
 Note: 2022 YTD = January 1 to June 15, 2022

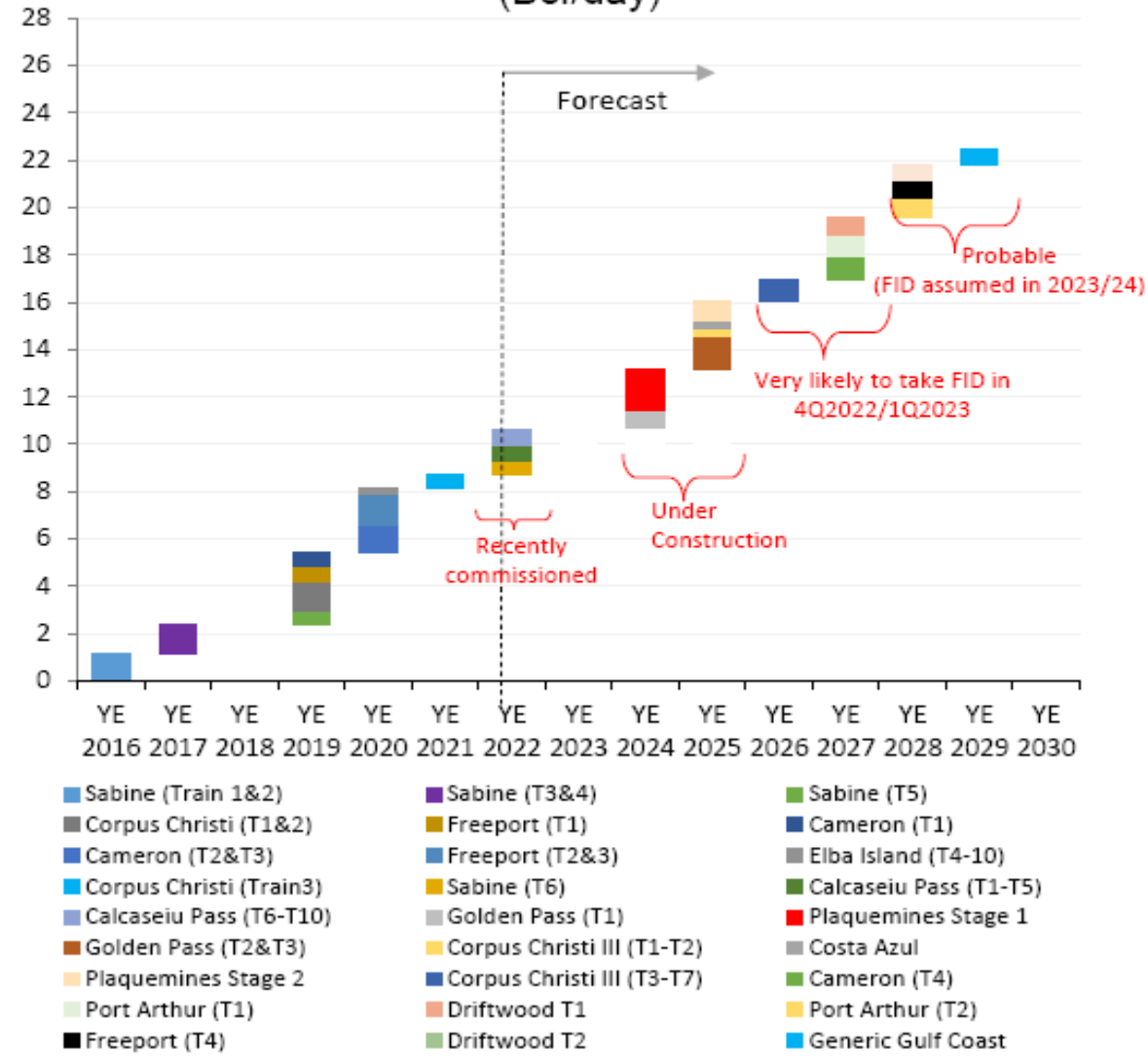
# 2024 to 2030



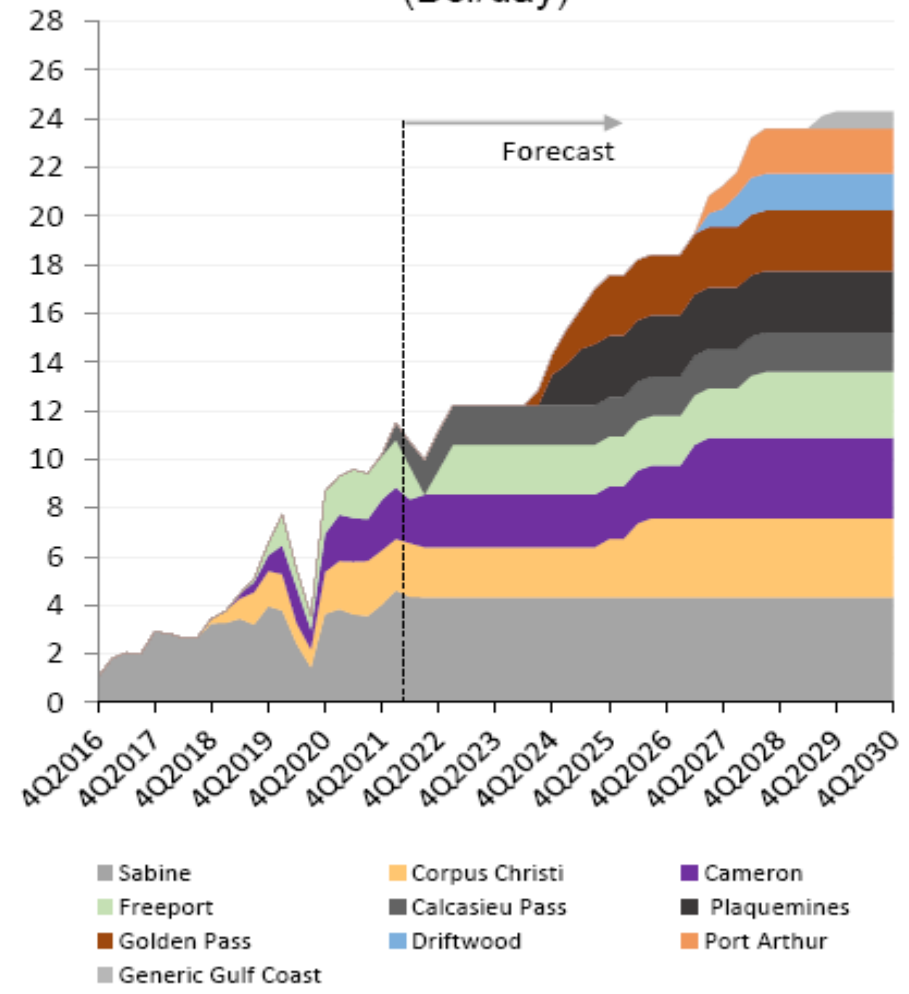
Where will all the gas come from to meet this massive increase in Demand?

# USGC LNG feed gas is expected to reach ~24 Bcf/d by 2030, adding ~14 Bcf/d to regional demand (from 2021 average of ~10 Bcf/d)

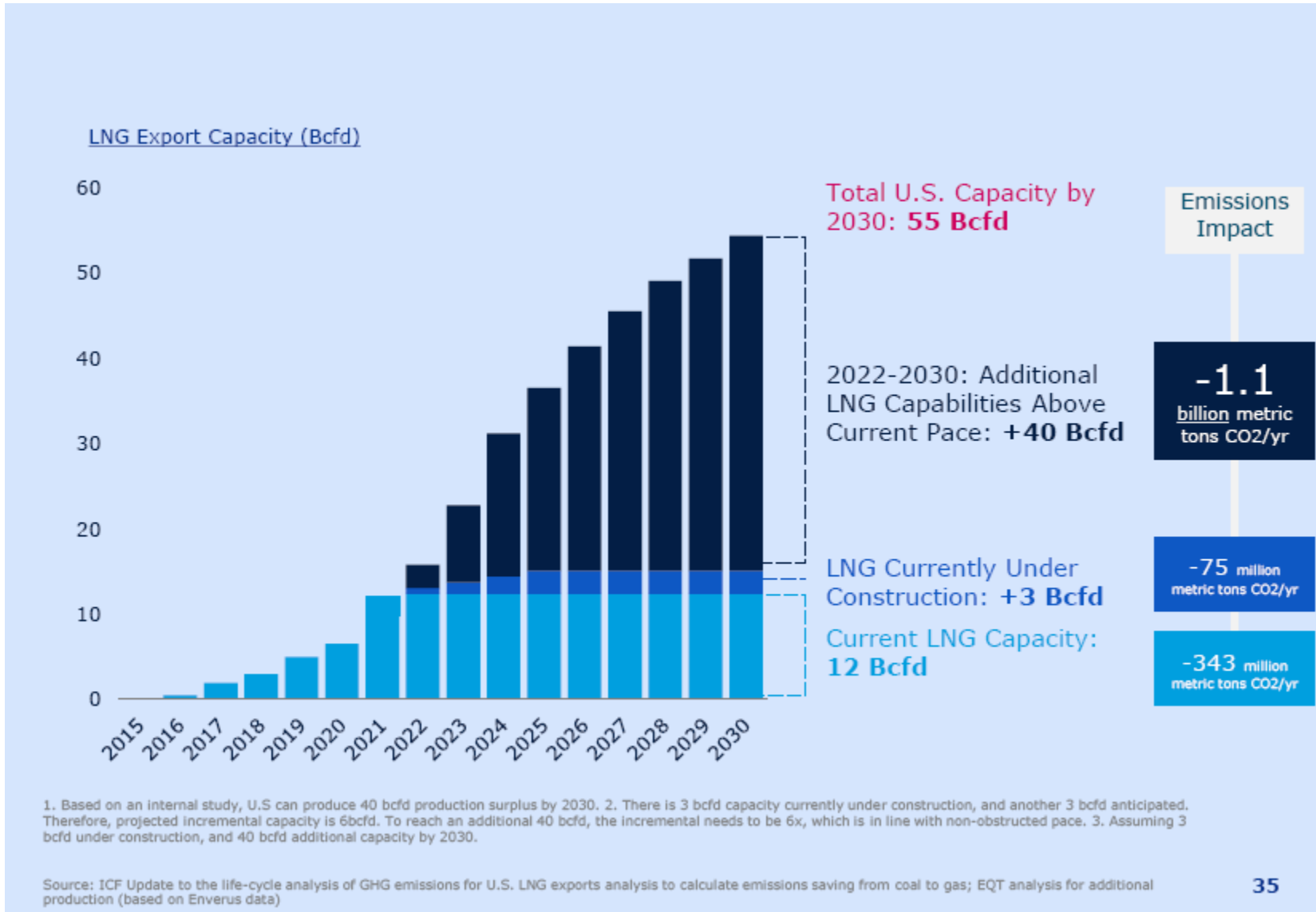
### USGC LNG Export Nameplate Capacity Forecast (Bcf/day)



### USGC LNG Feed Gas Volume Forecast (Bcf/day)



# Projected LNG Export Capacity Through 2030<sup>1</sup>



# Is the natural gas industry a sunset business?

*A leading indicator of a sunset business is the inability to attract capital investments into expensive, long-term projects. This is not happening in natural gas.*



- Over the past year and a half, nearly 50 binding contracts have been signed for LNG offtake from facilities on the U.S. Gulf Coast
- Of these contracts, about 75% contemplate a start date in 2026 or 2027
- Of these contracts, over 70% run for 20 years and about 25% run for 15 years
- Conclusion: **Sophisticated investors are betting material capital that this will remain a good business through at least 2045**

- Markets broken by Federal Tax Incentives
- Regulations
- Duck Curves
- Canals
- Terrorism/Potential for Critical Energy Infrastructure Sabotage

## Texas Energy Fund Should Help the Market

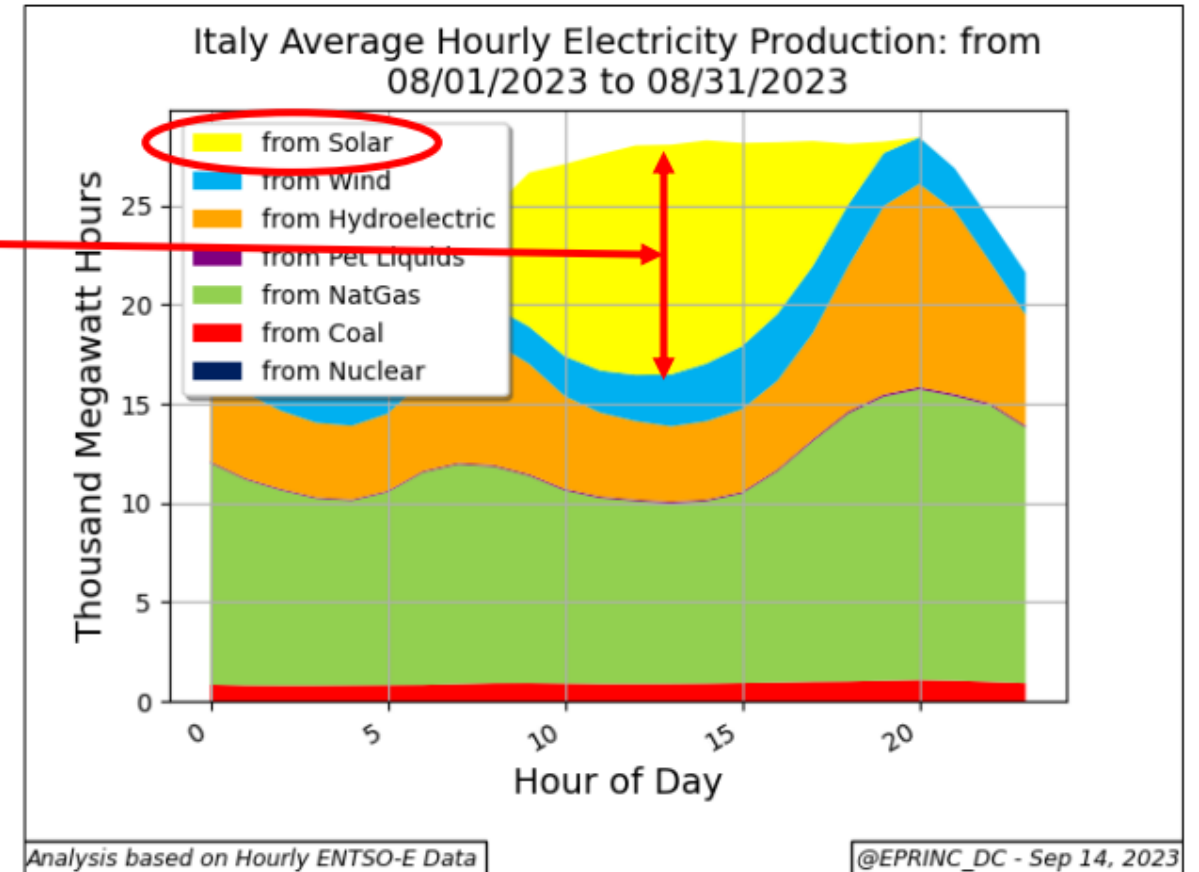
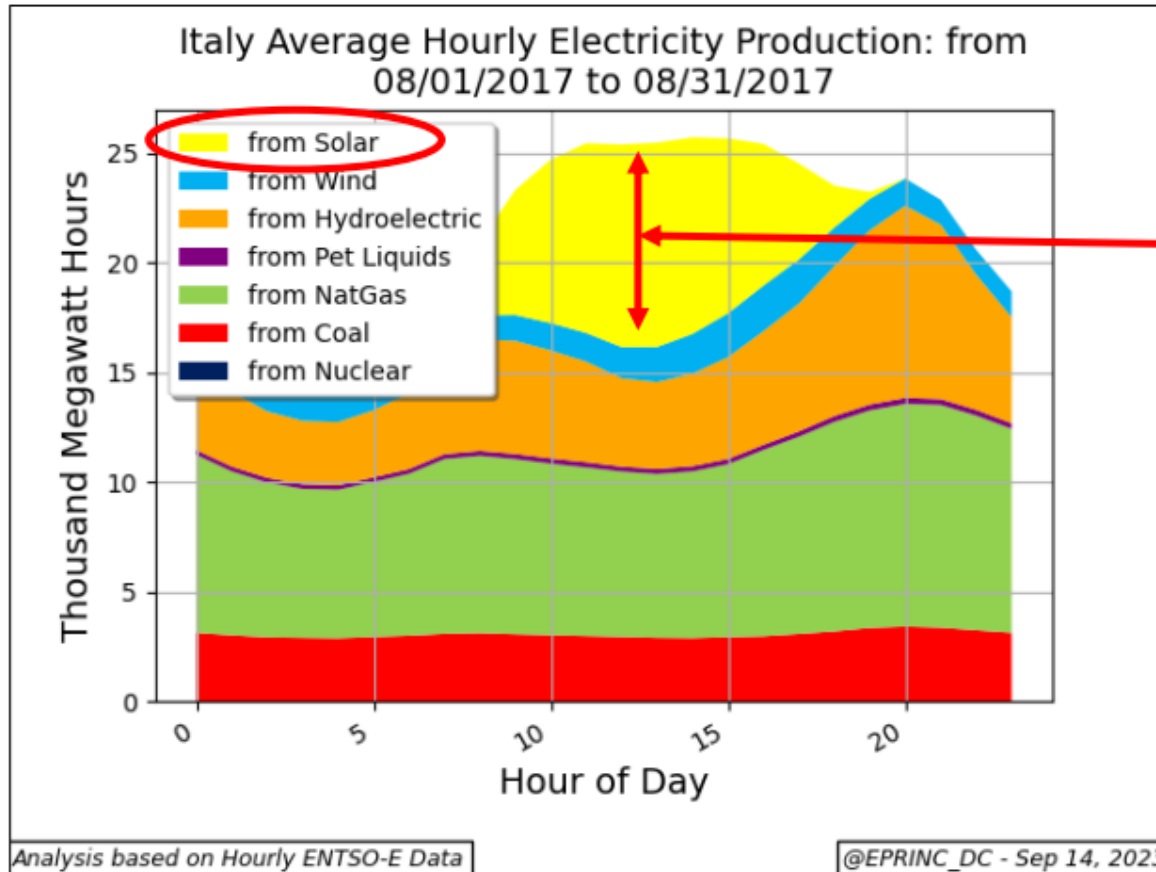
By about a **two-thirds margin**, voters in the Lone Star State on November 7, 2023 approved a constitutional amendment authorizing a new **\$10 billion Texas Energy Fund** to provide low-interest loans to build **gas-fired** power plants, develop microgrids and modernize portions of the state's electric grid.



- Environmental left wants to force Biden's hand on U.S. LNG exports
- “The buildout of LNG infrastructure in the U.S. is by far the largest example of fossil-fuel expansion currently proposed anywhere in the world.”
- “worse than digging up and burning an equivalent amount of coal”

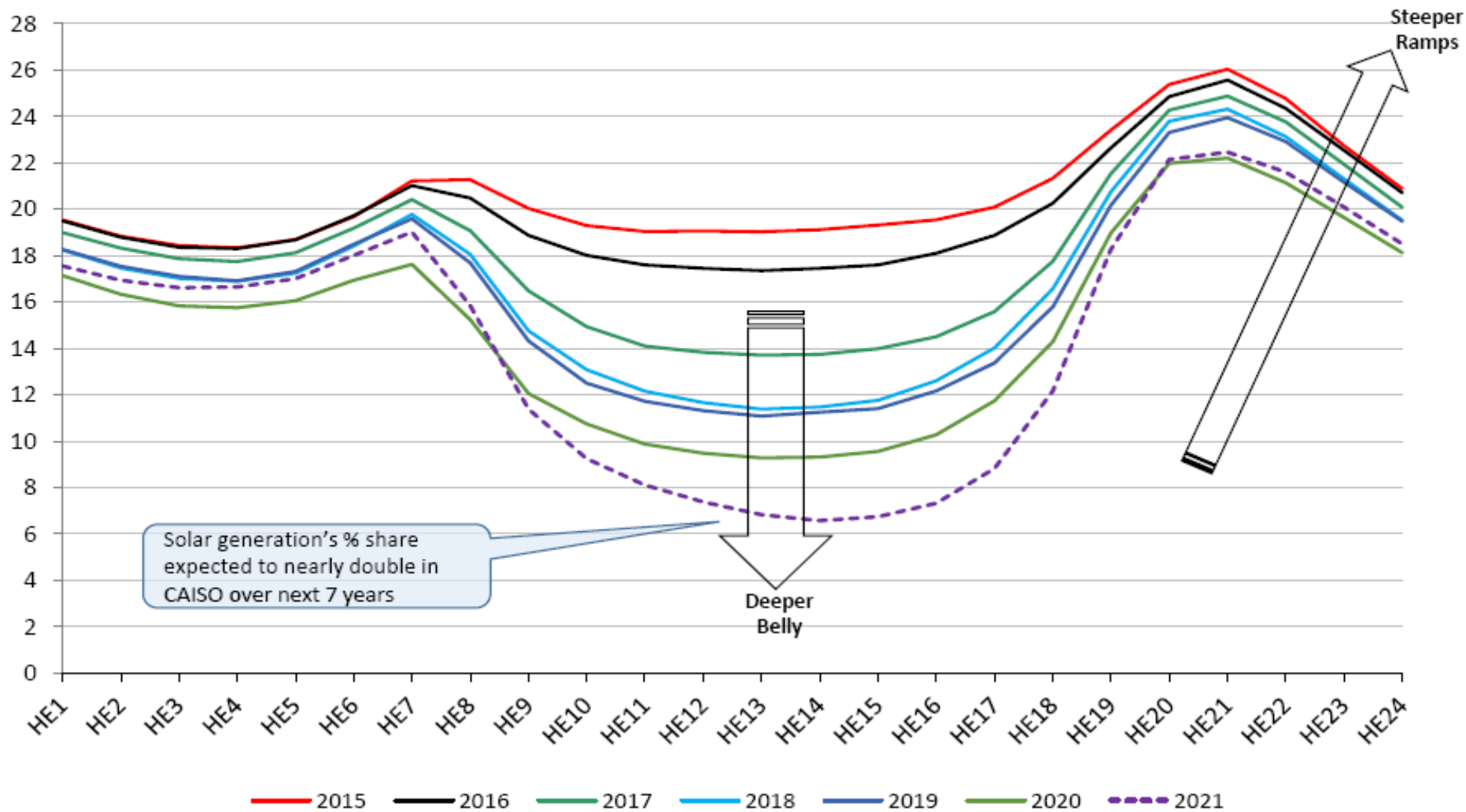
– Bill McKibben

# Pinch Point - The Troublesome Duck Curve



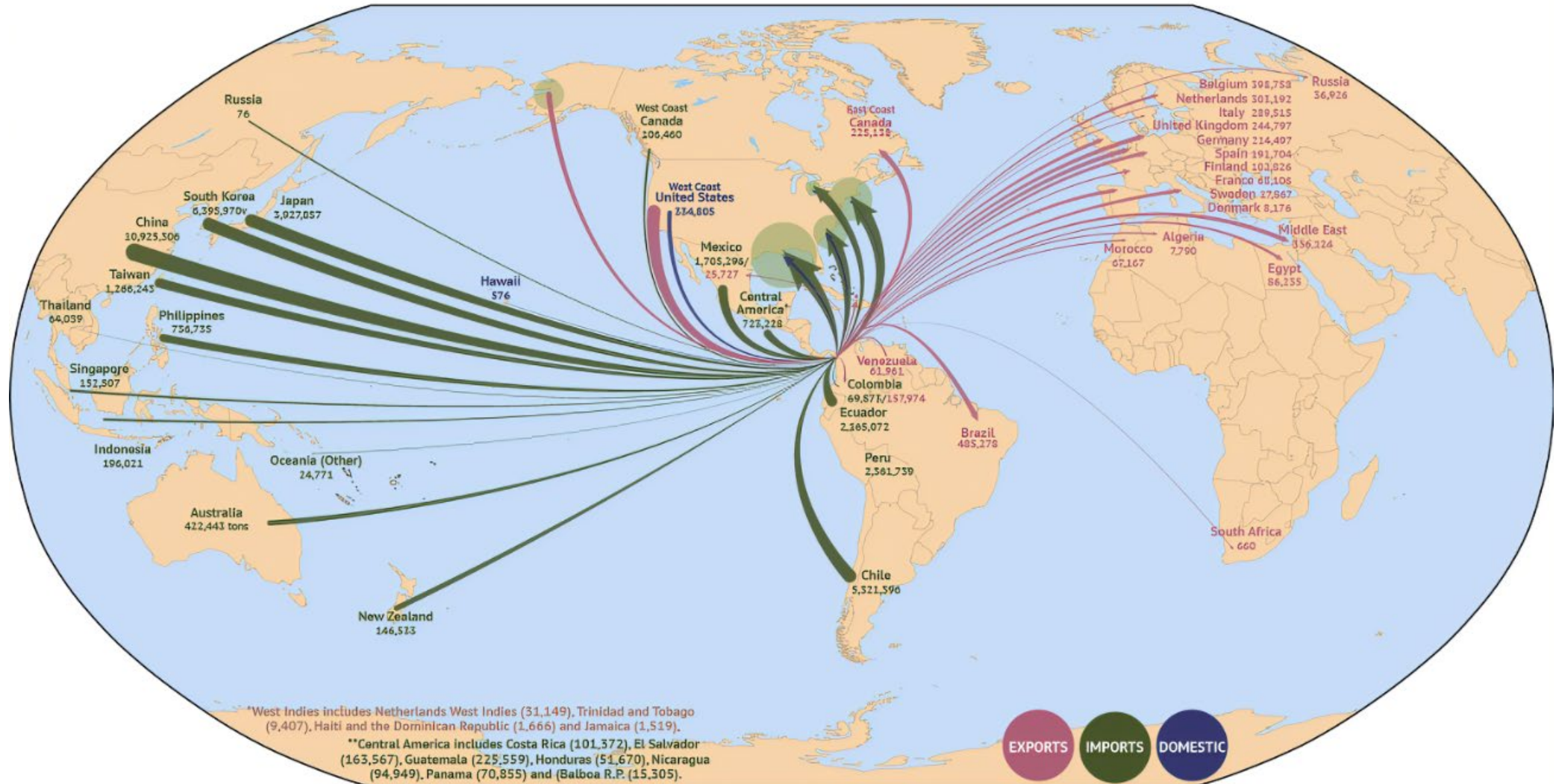
# Growth in wind/solar resource will amplify hourly swings in net load stressing pipeline systems that rely on ratable 1/24 deliveries

Average Hourly Net Load Profile (April)  
(GW)



- 40% of all U.S. container traffic travels through the Panama Canal every year
- That is roughly \$270 billion in cargo annually
- Due to drought, historical shipping which averaged 40 cargo ships per day, has been cut to less than 20
- A month ago, at auction a record bid was received for a shipping slot (a liquified petroleum gas tanker) later this month at \$3.98 million, typically worth \$100,000-150,000\*

# U.S. TRADE ROUTED THROUGH THE PANAMA CANAL



International Business Times/hanna Sender

- More than 10% of global trade, 18,000 ships every year, goes through the Suez Canal and China is its biggest user
- On average, 50 ships traverse the canal daily, carrying \$3.9 billion worth of cargo
- Over 1 billion tonnes of cargo was shipped through the canal in 2019
- That is 4X the Panama Canal



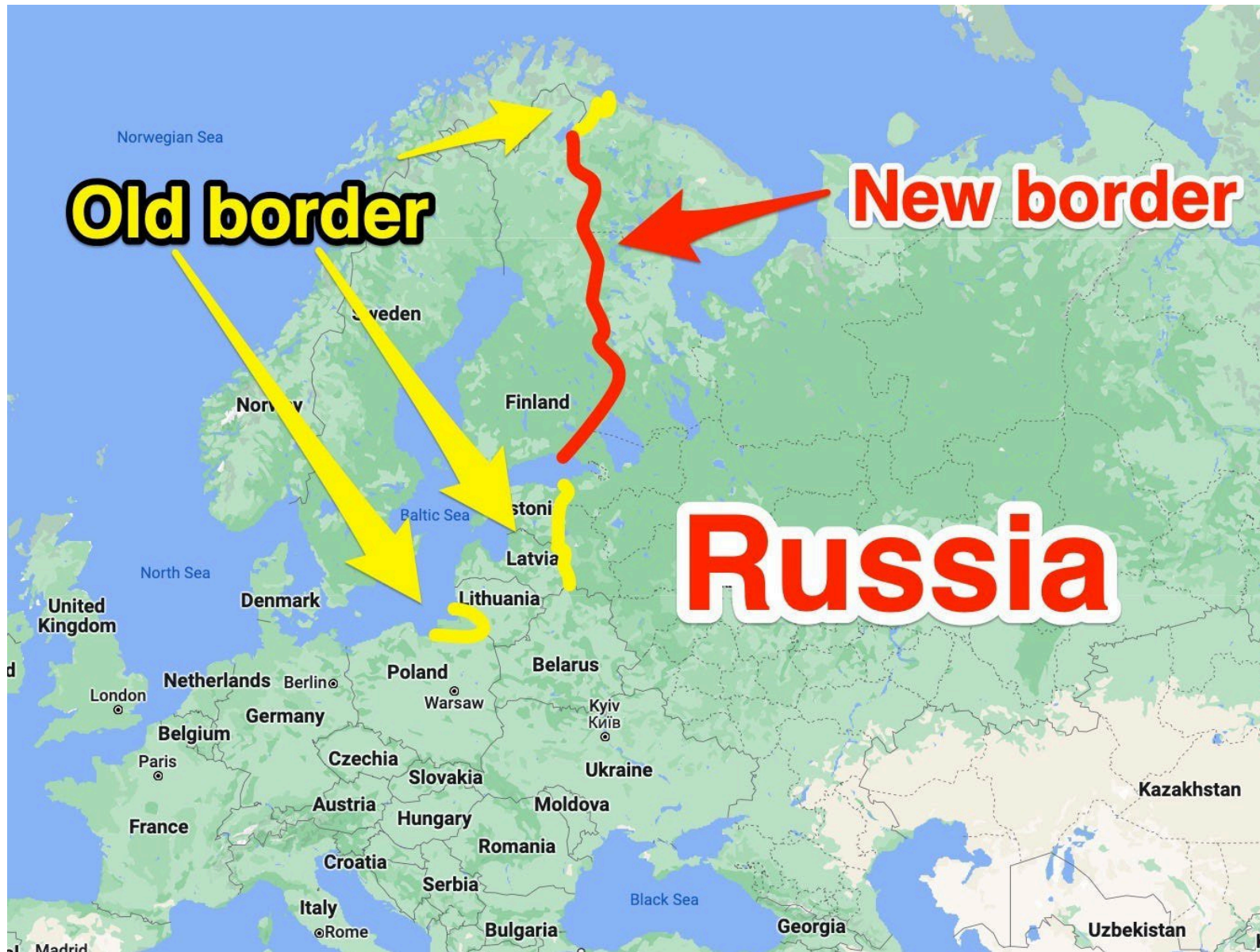
# Pinch Point - Straits of Hormuz

Approximately 10 BCF/day is exported through the Straits... That is equivalent to 20% of world LNG supply





# Finland Joins NATO, April 4, 2023



Source: Map shows how Russia's border with NATO more than doubles with Finland as a member, msn.com, Sinead Baker, Erin Snodgrass,

- NATO warns Russia could target undersea pipelines and cables
- Moscow is ‘actively mapping’ gas pipelines and internet cables, top intelligence official says
- “We see a significant risk that critical infrastructure in Europe and potentially North America could be targeted by Russia as part of its war on Ukraine,” (David Cattler, NATO’s assistant secretary general for intelligence and security)

“The exclusion of damages caused by hostile or warlike action by a government or sovereign power in times of war or peace requires the involvement of military action. The exclusion does not state the policy precluded coverage for damages arising out of a government action motivated by ill will, ... It was not willing to refine war.”

“If the sabotage was linked to a state, does it constitute an act of war?”

- A Chinese ship, the NewNew Polar Bear, drags a 6-ton, 12,000 lb. anchor over 100 nautical miles, through the Baltic Sea while shadowed by a Russian nuclear powered cargo ship, taking out 2 critical fiber optic cables and the Balticconnector Pipeline (the only natural gas pipeline serving Finland)
- Is this a case of asymmetric hybrid Russian maritime warfare?
- Doesn't this constitute an attack on NATO's critical energy infrastructure?

- Should we anticipate more “grey zone” asymmetric warfare on our energy infrastructure?
- Should we anticipate continued regulatory upheaval with respect to fossil fuels?
- How do you measure the impact of geopolitical risk, ie – potential attacks on critical energy infrastructure, on the insurance industry?

Progressives don't understand scale.

Daniel Yergin: "... this is a \$90 trillion world economy that gets 80% of its energy from hydrocarbons. It's not going to change overnight."

# Threats to Shipping Vessels – A Disturbing Global Trend



**HOUTHİ ATTACKS POSE THREAT TO SHIPPING VESSELS**

**FOX NEWS ALERT**

# “Comment: Shipping splutters as key choke points feel the pressure”



“Taiwan Strait could be the next shipping passageway to be impacted by disturbing global trends”





“A frame from the video released by the Houthi militia shows a helicopter carrying armed men preparing to land on the Galaxy Leader”

# Yemen: Ship & Hostages Seized

- November 15: USS Thomas Hudner, another destroyer, was sailing toward the Bab-el-Mandeb strait when the crew saw a drone, reported to have originated in Yemen. The ship shot down the drone.
- Nov. 20: **Yemen's Houthi rebels hijack an Israeli-linked ship in the Red Sea and take 25 crew members hostage**, saying they hijacked the ship because of its Israeli connection. The Houthis descended onto the ship by rappelling from a helicopter.
- Nov. 23: **USS Thomas Hudner, shoots down more attack drones en route to Israel from the Houthis in Iran.**
- Nov 25: Israeli air force intercept armed drone heading towards Israel in the Red Sea



Screen shots from Houthi propaganda video of their hijacking the Galaxy Leader cargo ship in the Red Sea





“UK shipbroker said drought impact will intensify before it eases”

[RobertBryce.substack.com](http://RobertBryce.substack.com)

[Unreportedstoryrsociety.com](http://Unreportedstoryrsociety.com)

[AlexEpstein.substack.com](http://AlexEpstein.substack.com)

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**John Harpole**

President

Mercator Energy

26 W. Dry Creek Circle, Suite 410

Littleton, CO 80120

[harp@mercatorenergy.com](mailto:harp@mercatorenergy.com)

(303) 825-1100 (work)

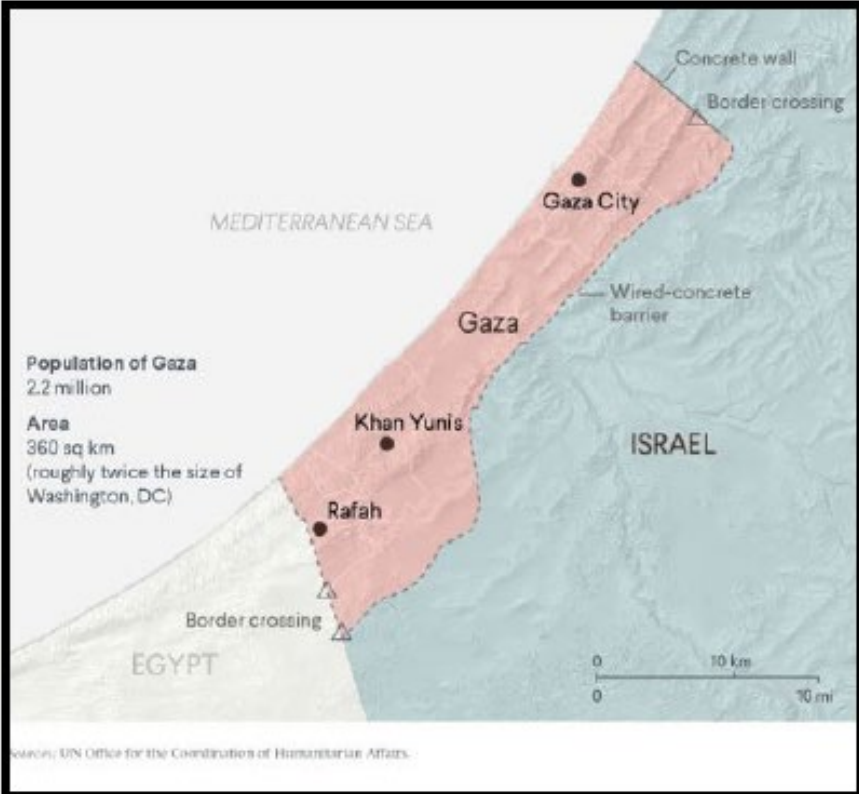
(303) 478-3233 (mobile)



# Gaza, population 2.2M, is 25 miles long and 6 miles wide



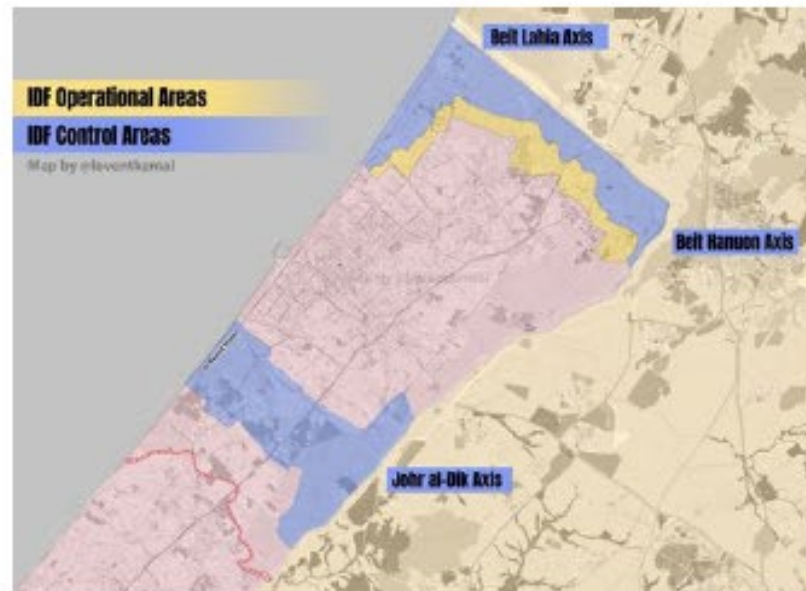
**Gaza's borders:**  
West borders **Mediterranean Sea**  
East, North borders **Israel**  
South borders **Egypt**



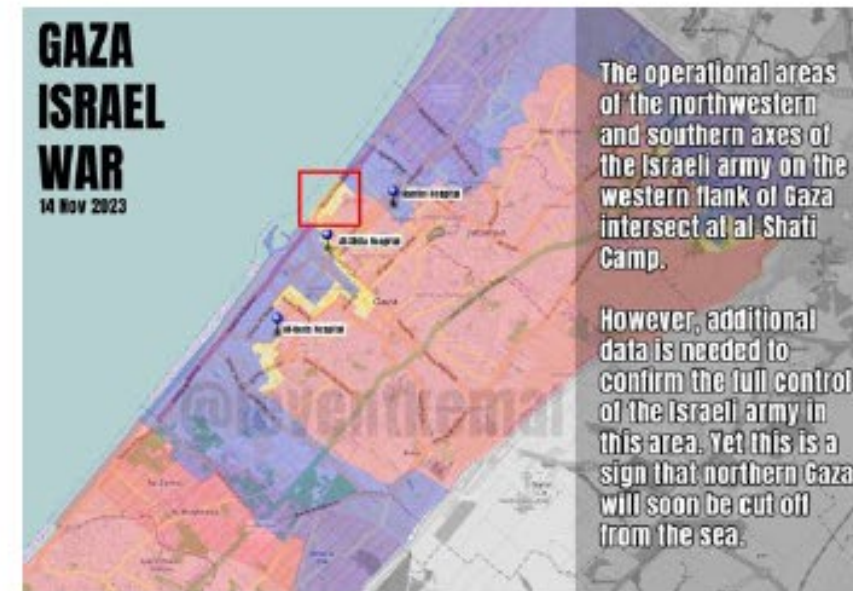
# IDF Forces Progress Through Northern Gaza



**October 31**



**November 2**



**November 14**

# IDF Begins Ground Operations in Northern Gaza



- **Cut off Northern Gaza** from Southern Gaza
- **Cut off Gaza City** from the sea
- **Encircle Gaza City**
- Enter **HAMAS strongholds**
- **Go house-by-house to kill or capture HAMAS** personnel and collect stored weapons (slow operations due to landmines, boobytraps, hidden HAMAS terrorists, tunnel entrances)
- **~40,000 IDF soldiers inside Gaza** from at least 3 Divisions 36th, 162nd, 252nd
- **Continue to tell Gazan civilians to move South** to safer areas



## American Forces Come Under Attack in the Middle East From Iran-Backed Militias in Iraq and Syria



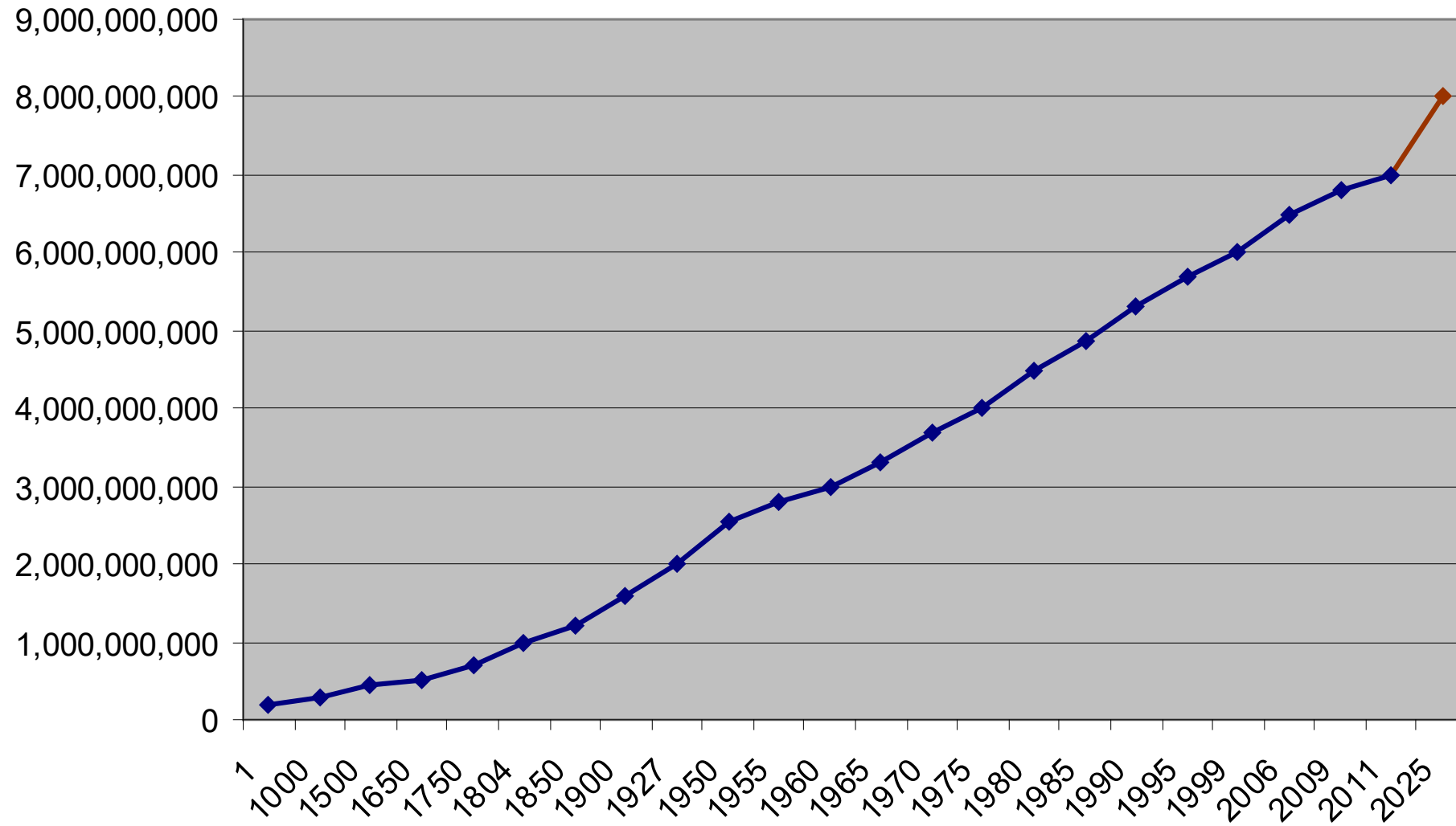
Nov. 30: Secretary Blinken visits region



100 BCF	Average U.S. Daily Production and Demand
70 BCF	Russian Daily Production
50 BCF	European Union average daily usage
18 BCF	Russian export volume to Europe (2021)
12 BCF	U.S average daily LNG Export volume (2022)
12 BCF	Expected growth in U.S. LNG export capacity next 4 years
11 BCF	Worldwide daily volume of natural gas that is converted to fertilizer
11 BCF	Anticipated 24-hour swing in natural gas demand in California by 2035

- 7-8 BCF California peak day natural gas usage (2022)
- 4 BCF Colorado peak day natural gas usage
- 3 BCF Volume contained in the average LNG tanker
- 2.5 BCF Daily volume of natural gas managed by Mercator Energy
- 2 BCF Xcel Energy peak day natural gas usage (CO)
- 84 Dth Typical annual average use per U.S household
- 1 Dekatherm (Dth) = 1 MMBtu = 1 MCF (approx.)
- 10 Therms = 1 Dekatherm
- 4/10 of 1%: Percentage of total U.S. gas stove usage vs. total U.S. gas usage

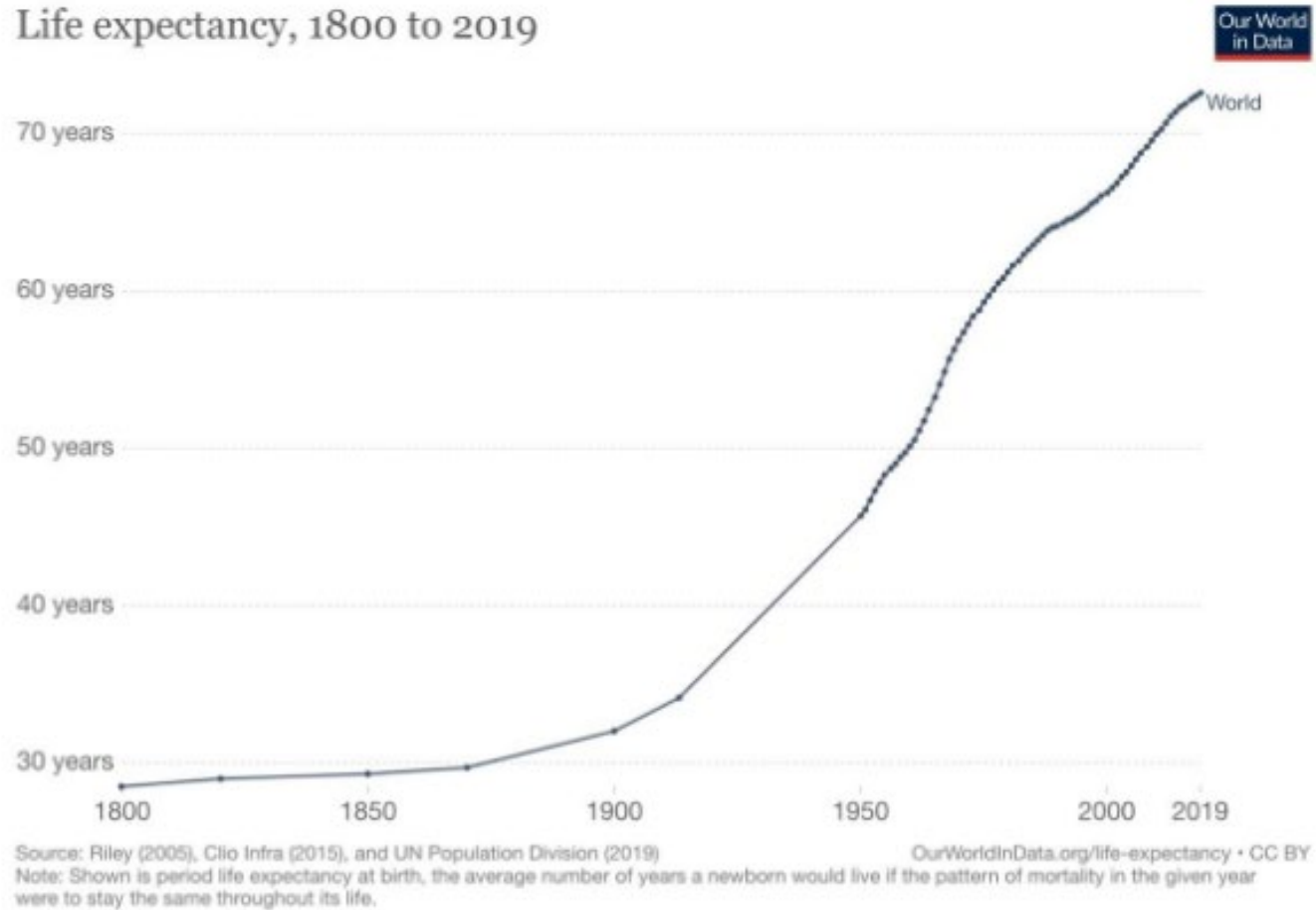
# World Population Growth



Source: About.com; <http://geography.about.com/od/obtainpopulationdata/a/worldpopulation.htm>

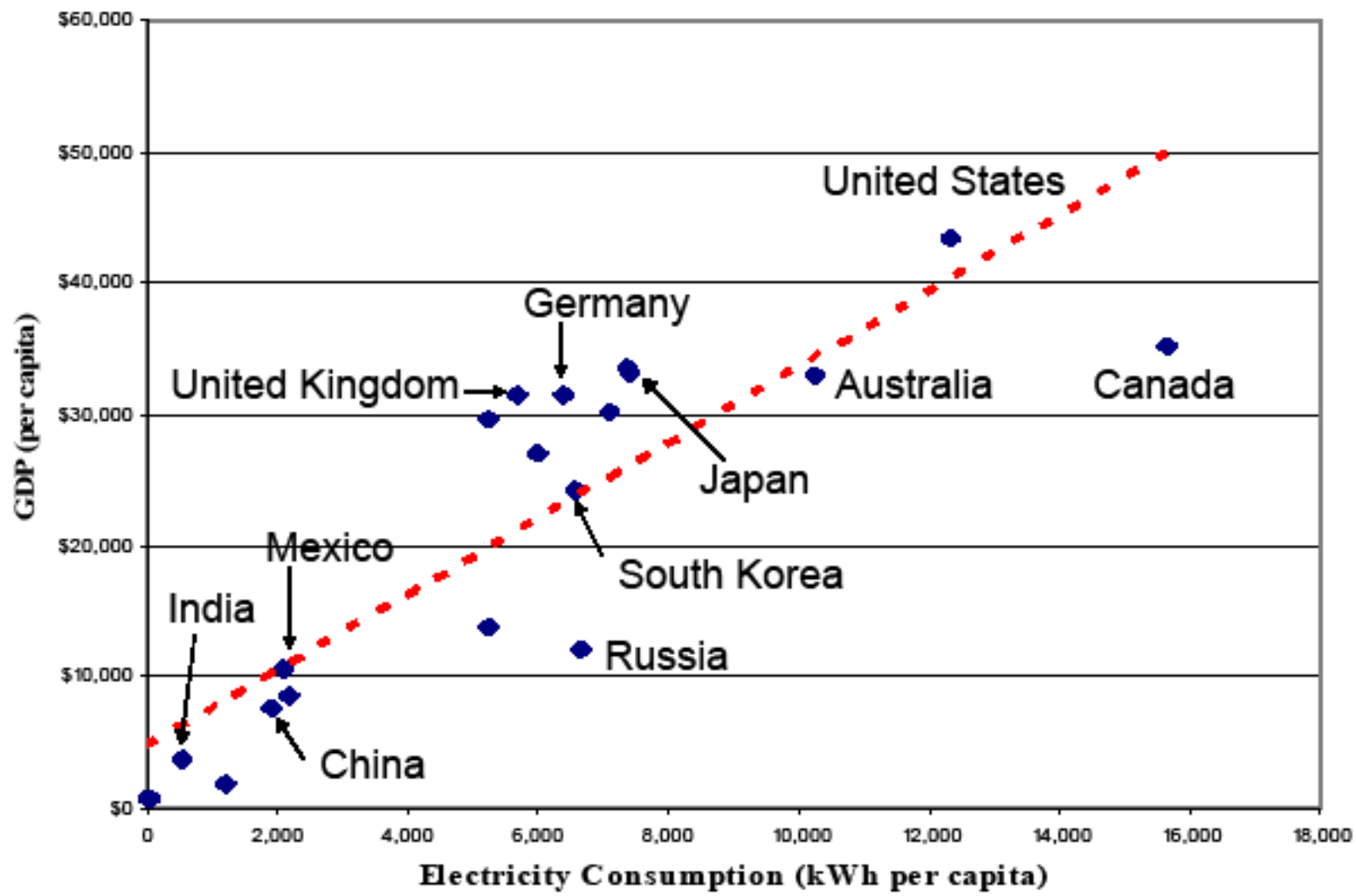
Urbanization,  
industrialization,  
and energy  
consumption have  
contributed to an  
extension of life  
expectancy of  
**over 40 years...**

Life expectancy, 1800 to 2019



Source: Nikos Alexandratos and Jelle Bruinsma, "World Agriculture Towards 2030/2050: The 2012 Revision," ESA Working Paper no. 12-03, Agricultural Development Economics Division, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, June 2012, <http://www.fao.org/3/a-ap106e.pdf>.

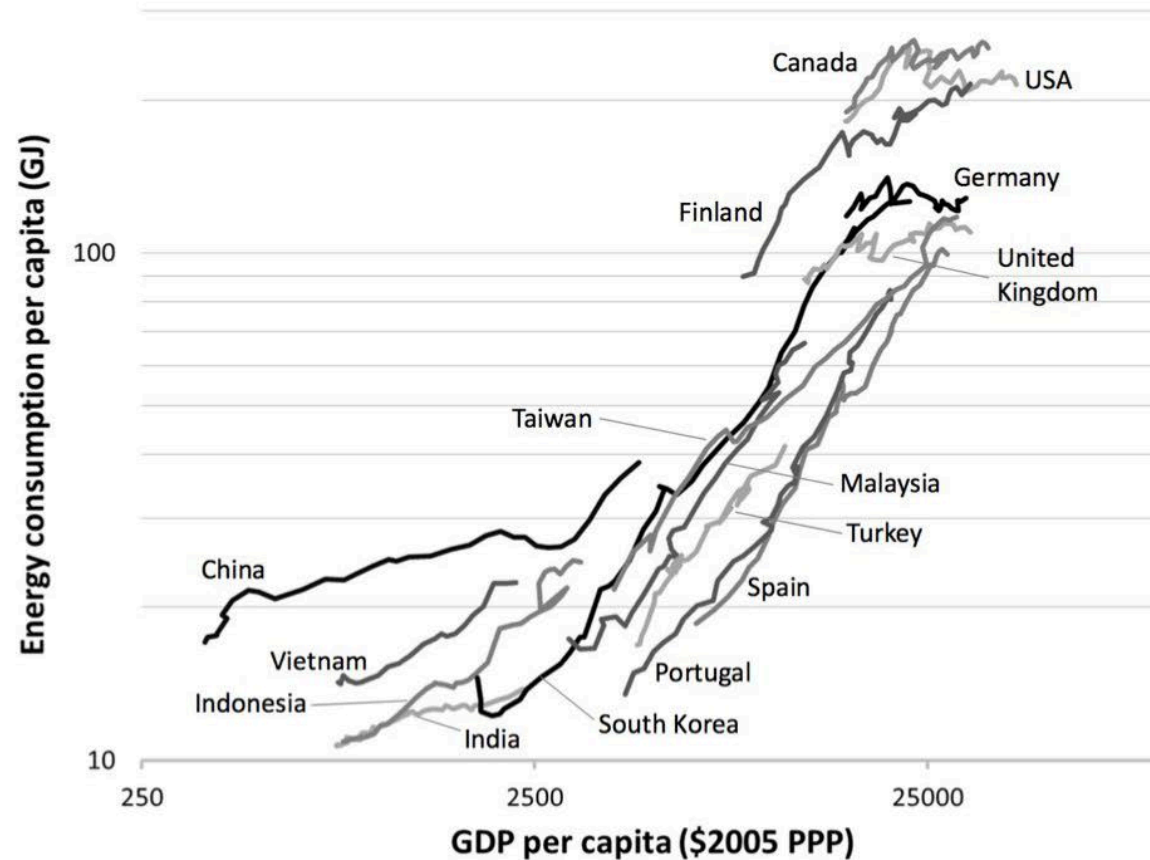
# Quality of Life is Strongly Correlated with Electricity Consumption



Source: CIA World Factbook, 2007

# Energy consumption tightly tied to GDP

**Figure 1:** The *Energy Ladder*: Per Capita Final Energy Consumption and GDP at PPP, 1960 – 2006

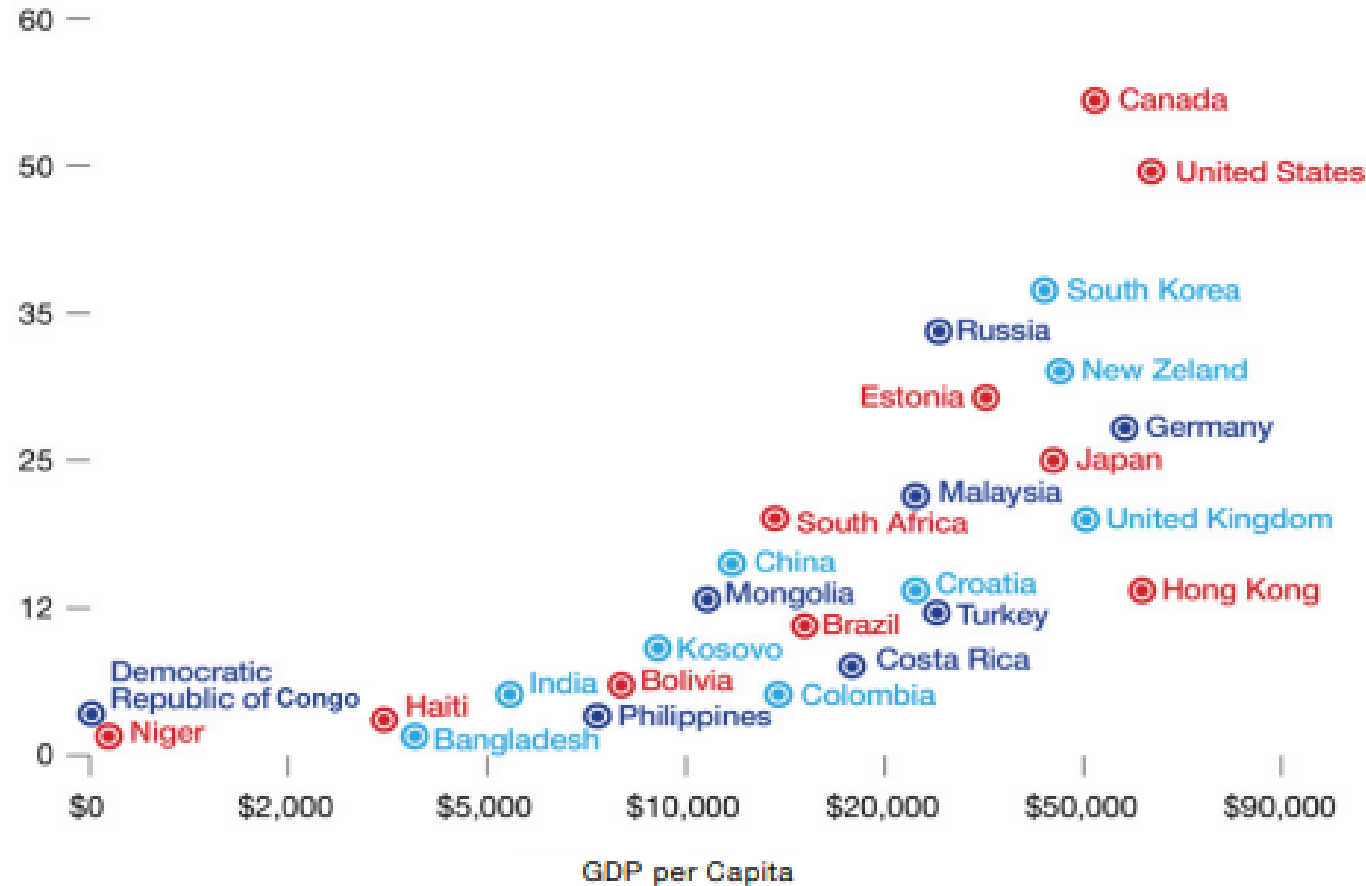


*Notes:* Both axes have a logarithmic scale. Energy consumption data are obtained from the International Energy Agency's Extended Energy Balances, GDP per capita from the World Bank's World Development Indicators.

# Economic Growth Creates Demand for More Energy

## Per Capita Wealth vs. per Capita Energy Use

Energy per Capita (BOE/year)\*



Note: Total energy measured as barrels-of-oil-equivalent (BOE). Thus, the average person in Japan, where GDP/capita is about \$50,000 uses about 25 BOE per year vs. about 5 BOE in India, where GDP per capita is around \$5,000



3 Billion people in the world currently use less electricity than a typical American refrigerator

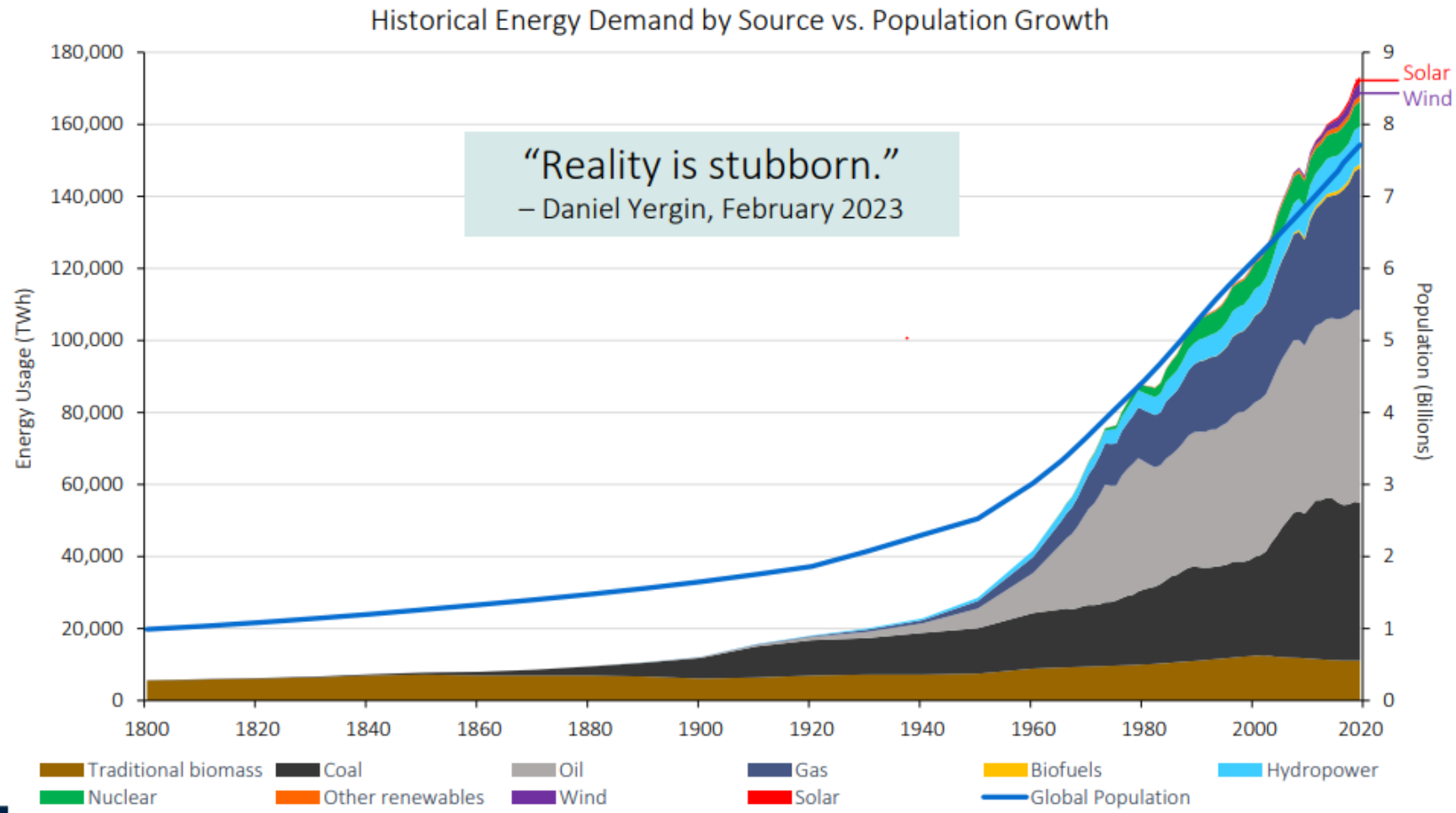


Over 1.2 billion people – 20% of the world's population – are still without access to electricity worldwide, almost all of whom live in developing countries. This includes about 550 million in Africa, and over 400 million in India.



# Global Population Growth Drives Energy “Addition”

Over the past century, global energy usage increased rapidly in connection with industrialization and rising global population. Further, from 1965 to 2021, per capita energy consumption grew 61%.

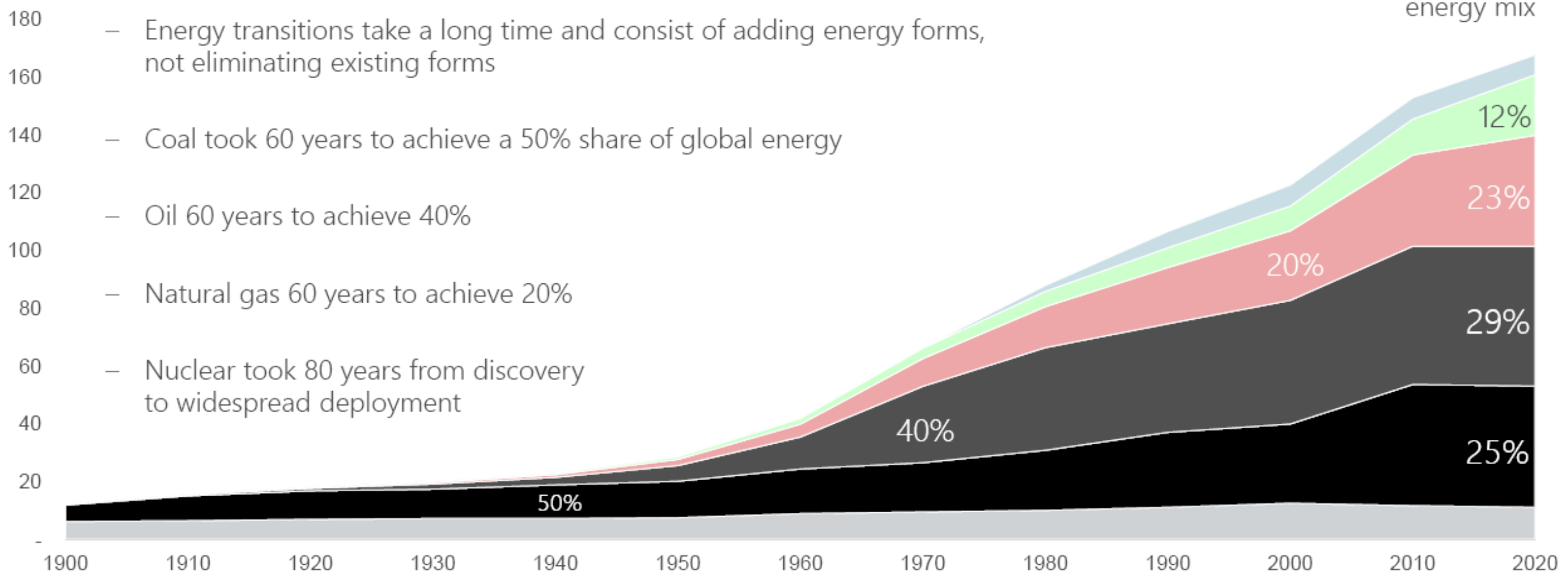


# Energy Transitions Take Time

Our assets and services will be needed for a very long time

GLOBAL ENERGY MIX BY FUEL PWh

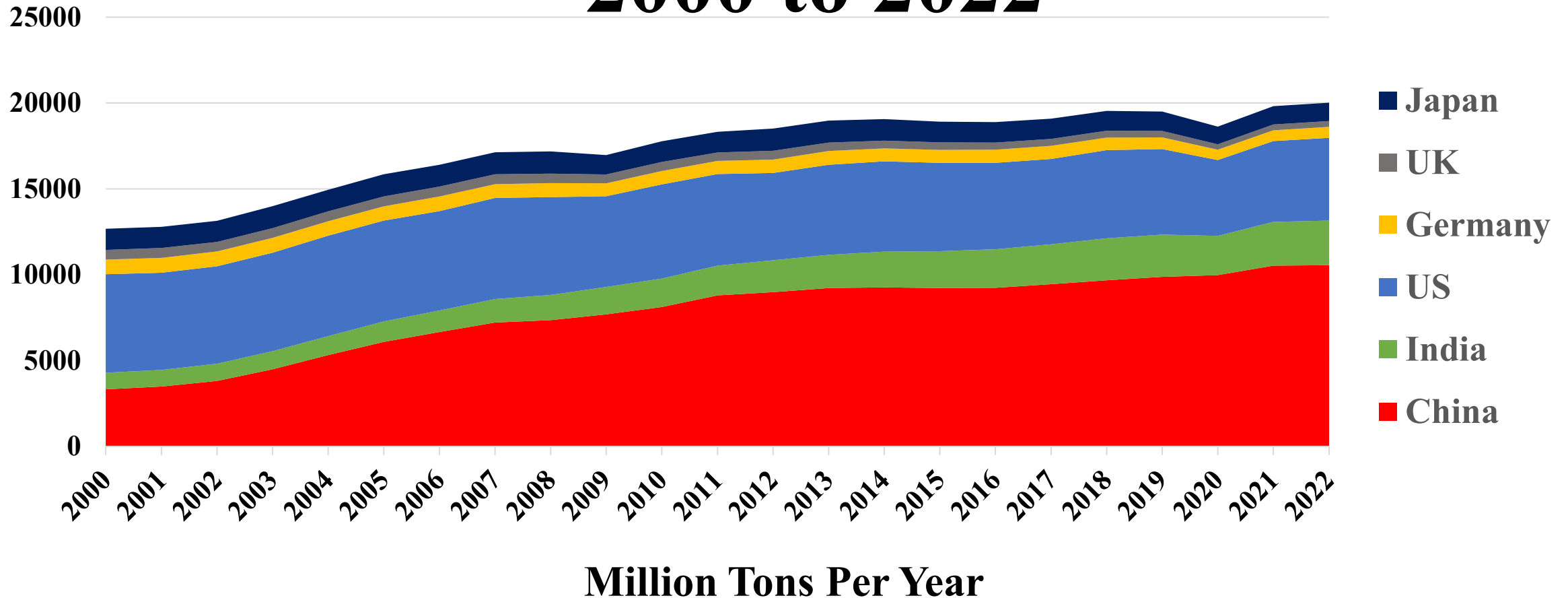
■ Biomass ■ Coal ■ Oil ■ Natural gas ■ Renewables ■ Nuclear



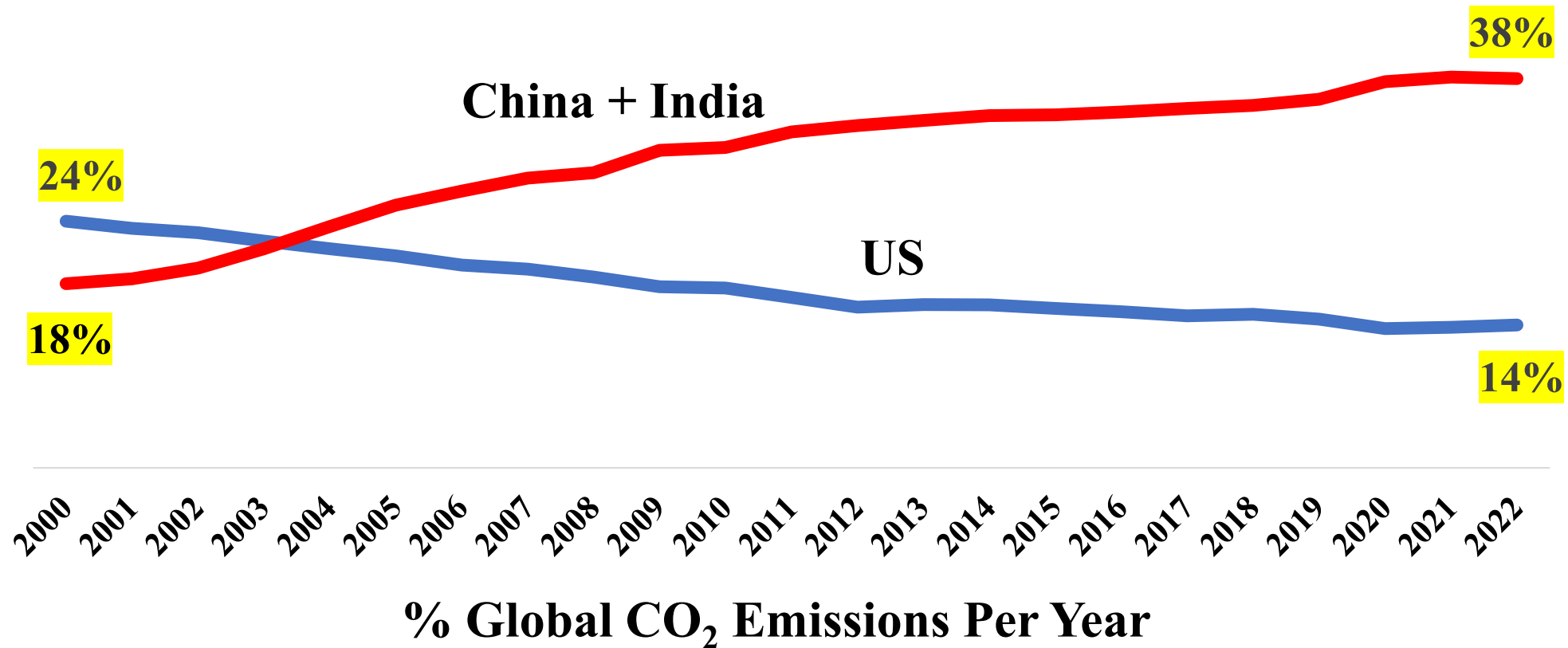
Source: Pre-1965 from *Energy Transitions: Global and National Perspectives*; 1965 and beyond from BP's Statistical Review of World Energy.

# What Energy Transition?

## CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions In Six Largest Economies, 2000 to 2022

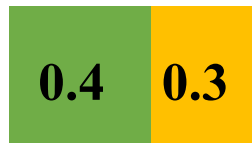


# Share Of Global CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions, US Versus China + India, 2000 to 2022



# In 2021, US Hydrocarbon Use Grew ***5.7x Faster*** Than Wind + Solar Combined

Wind + Solar



**Net W+S:  
+ 0.7 EJ**

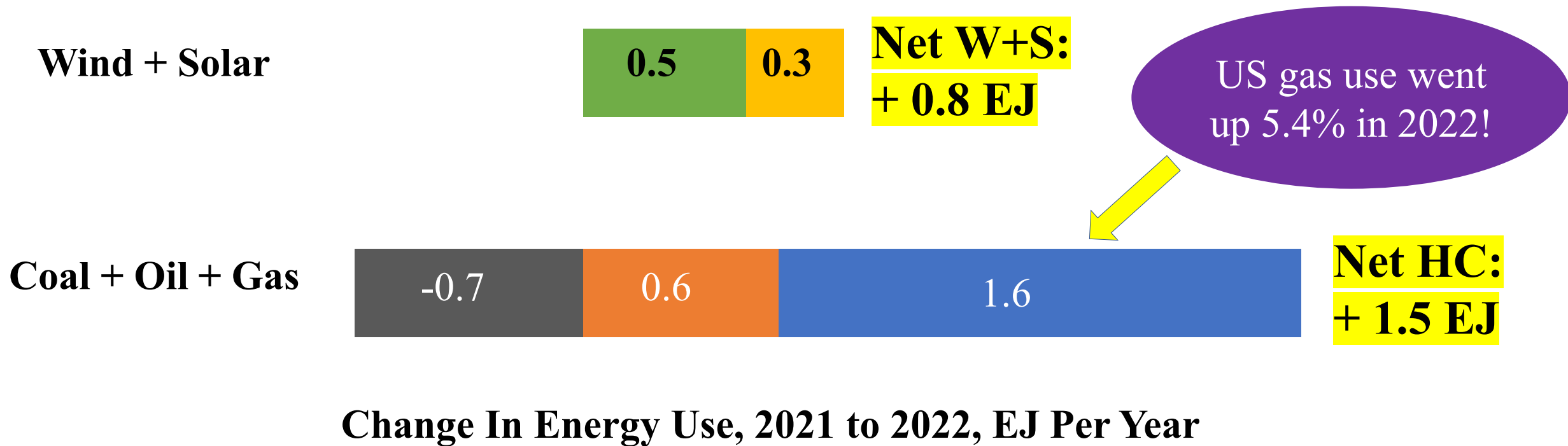
Gas + Oil + Coal



**Net HC:  
+ 4.0 EJ**

Change, EJ per year

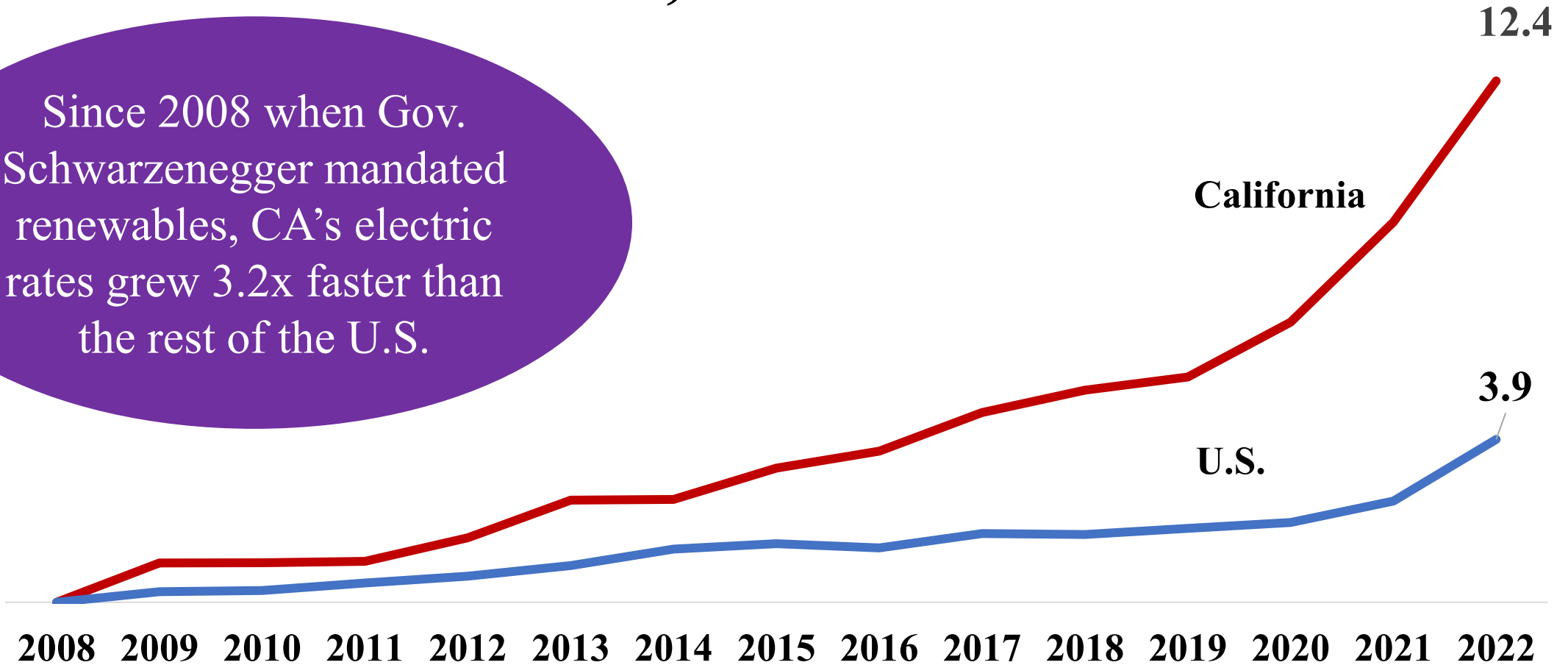
# In 2022, US Natural Gas Use Grew 2x Faster Than W + S Combined





# Change In California Residential Electricity Prices, 2008 to 2022

Since 2008 when Gov. Schwarzenegger mandated renewables, CA's electric rates grew 3.2x faster than the rest of the U.S.



US cents per kilowatt-hour

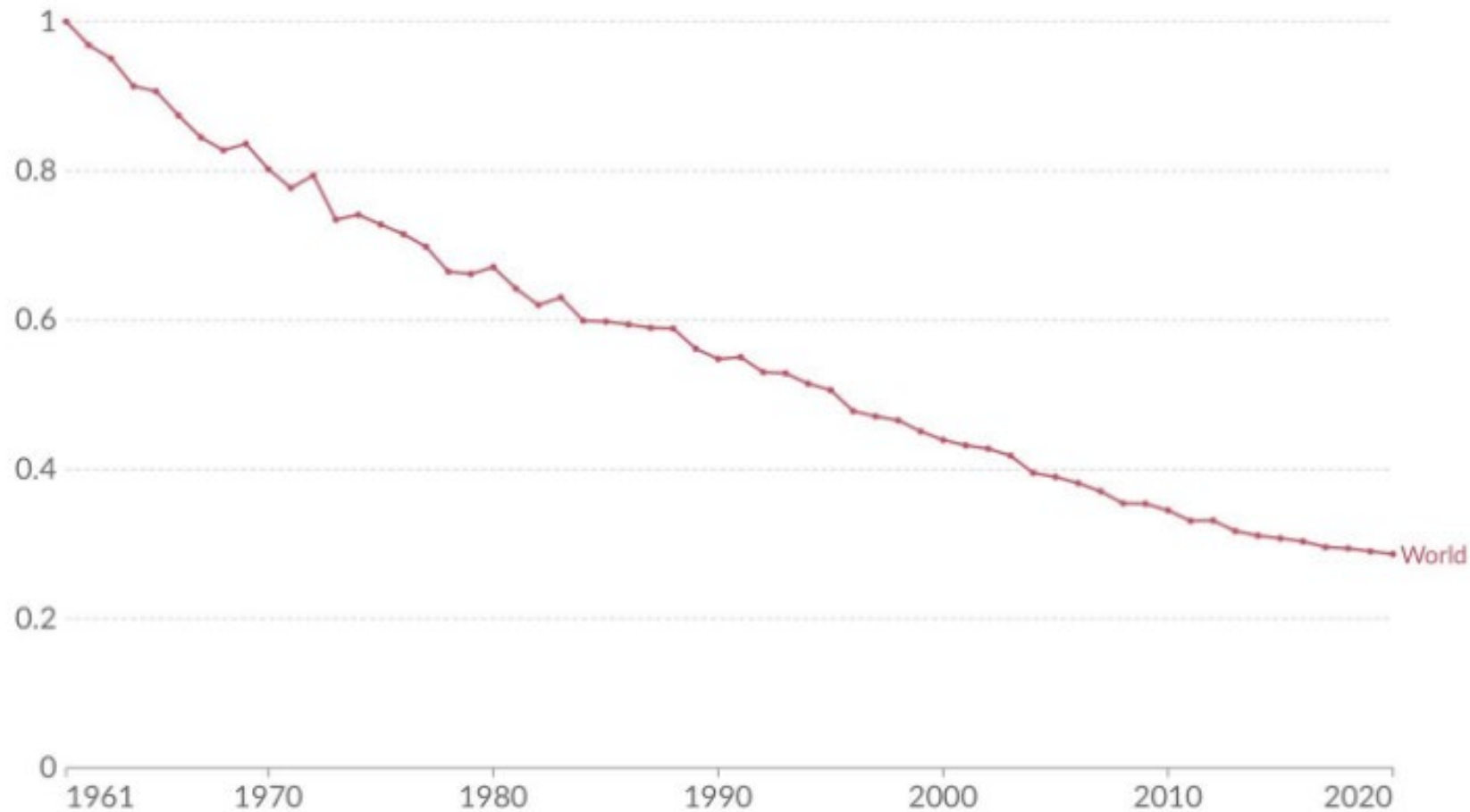
# Again, It's All About Scale

It would require **15,280** storage centers the size of Escondido, the largest in California, to provide just **4 hours** of backup power for the U.S. grid — at an estimated cost of **\$764 billion**



# Arable land needed to produce a fixed quantity of crops, 1961 to 2020

Arable land needed to produce a fixed quantity of crops is calculated as arable land divided by the crop production index (PIN). The crop production index (PIN) here is the sum of crop commodities (minus crops used for animal feed), weighted by commodity prices. This is measured as an index relative to 1961 (where 1961 = 1).



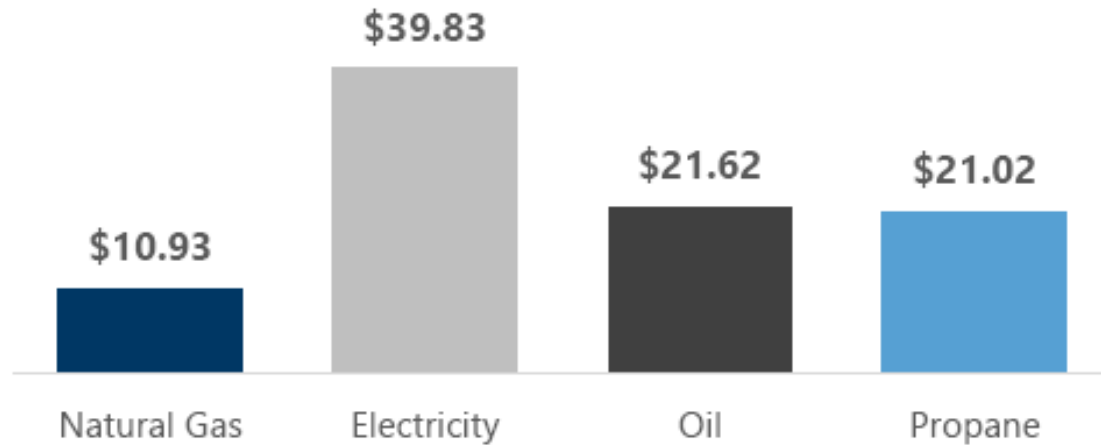
Data source: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

[OurWorldInData.org/land-use](https://OurWorldInData.org/land-use) | CC BY

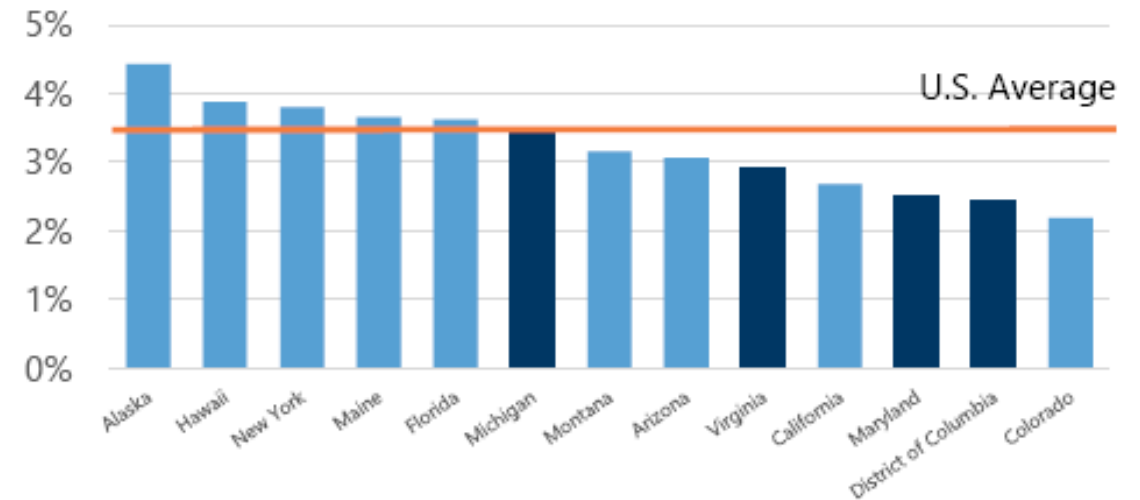
# Affordability is Paramount Through the Energy Evolution

Affordability must be prioritized in regions where demand is high and cost is prohibitive

### Average U.S. Household Fuel Prices<sup>1</sup>



### 2021 Total Household Energy Affordability (Cost as % of Income)<sup>2,3</sup>



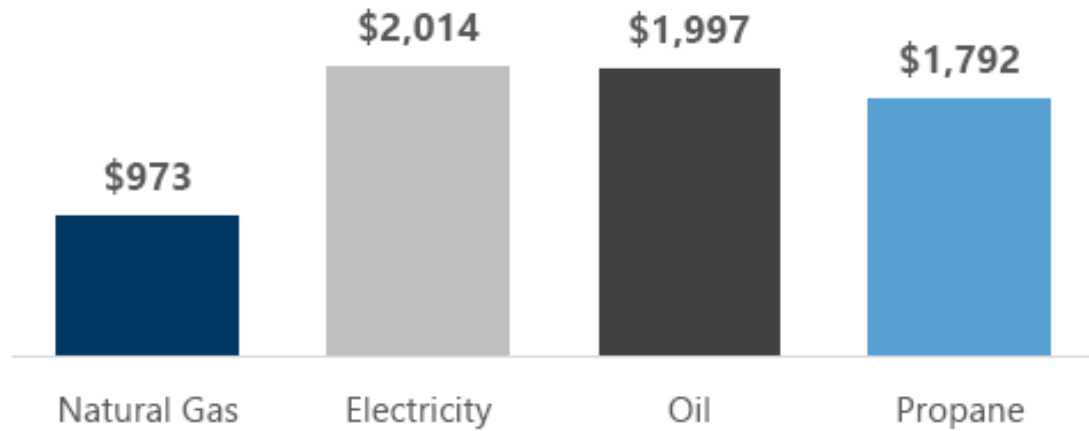
Notes: 1) 2022 AGA Study, based on 2021 data; electricity based on actual generation mix in 2019; "Typical US Home" defined as 2,000 ft<sup>2</sup> home in an average climate, using national energy prices for space heating, water heating, cooking and clothes drying; 2) Income data based on U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and U.S. Census Bureau; using 5-year average growth data to extrapolate 2021; and 3) Household energy data based on U.S. Energy Information Administration, based on 2021 data; "Energy" defined as electricity and natural gas consumption

Source: "Fundamentally Focused," Investor Presentation, AltaGas

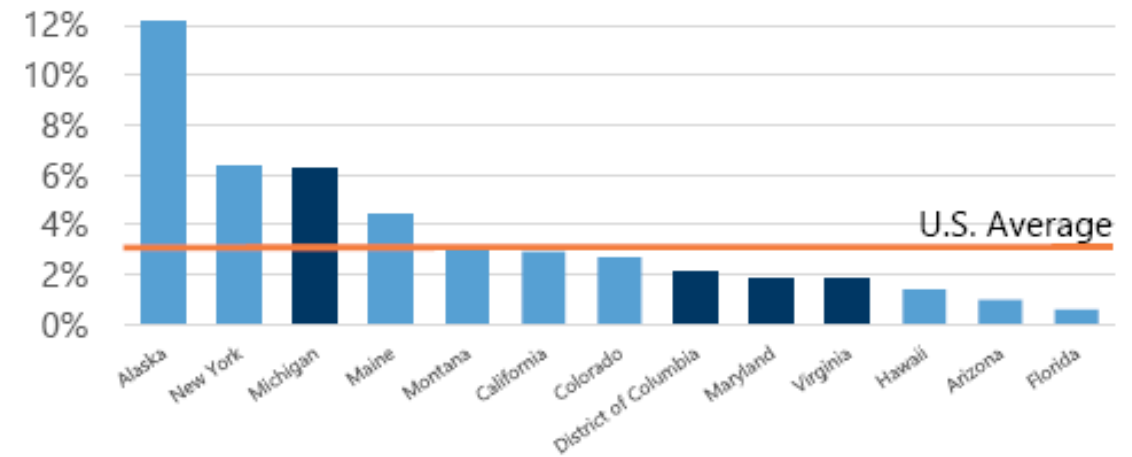
# Affordability is Paramount Through the Energy Evolution

Affordability must be prioritized in regions where demand is high and cost is prohibitive

### Average U.S. Household Energy Bills (Full-Cycle)<sup>1</sup>



### Average Cost Increase from Switching to Electricity (Cost as % of Income)<sup>2,3</sup>



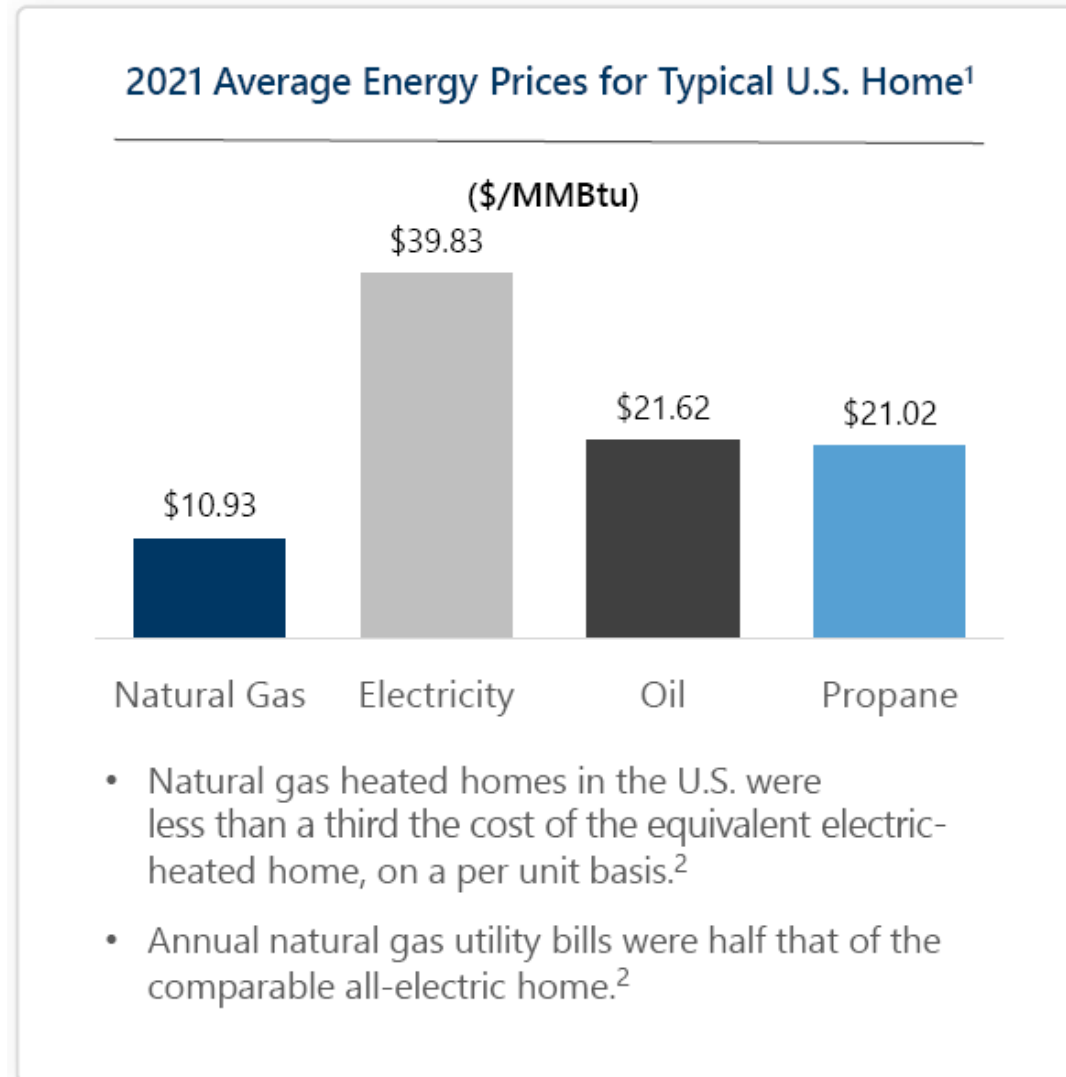
Notes: 1) 2022 AGA Study, based on 2021 data; electricity based on actual generation mix in 2019; "Typical US Home" defined as 2,000 ft<sup>2</sup> home in an average climate, using national energy prices for space heating, water heating, cooking and clothes drying; 2) Income data based on U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and U.S. Census Bureau; using 5-year average growth data to extrapolate 2021; and 3) Household energy data based on U.S. Energy Information Administration, based on 2021 data; "Energy" defined as electricity and natural gas consumption

Source: "Fundamentally Focused," Investor Presentation, AltaGas

- The average per unit fuel cost for natural gas was roughly one-third the cost of electricity for the same on-site energy uses.
- Conversely, transitioning to an all-electric home would imply a two-fold increase to energy bills on average, increasing the financial burden on residential consumers as energy costs would amount to roughly 6.5% of the average household income.

# Natural Gas will Remain a Critical Transition Fuel

Economic and Emission Reductions Are Aligned; Affordability will be a key Variable in Energy Evolution



Notes: 1) Energy Analysis, AGA; 2) All-electric homes based on actual generation mix in 2019; "Typical US Home" defined as 2,000 ft<sup>2</sup> home in an average climate, using national energy prices for space heating, water heating, cooking and clothes drying and meets 2013 code standards;

Source: "Fundamentally Focused," Investor Presentation, AltaGas